

Ritchie's Fabulae Faciles

Latin Text with Facing Vocabulary and Commentary

Geoffrey Steadman

Ritchie's Fabulae Faciles
Latin Text with Facing Vocabulary and Commentary

First Edition

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Introduction to *Ritchie's Fabulae Faciles*

This book should be on the bedstand of every intermediate Latin student. The volume is a graded reader of Latin stories, which the modern author Francis Ritchie composed in order to give students additional practice before reading Caesar's *Gallic War*. The book includes the myths of Perseus, Heracles, Jason and the Argonauts, and Ulysses; and the entire text is divided into 100 sections of Latin which are roughly a paragraph in length. Although Ritchie assumes that readers know all five declensions, pronouns, and active and passive verbs from the first story about Perseus, he does not introduce the subjunctive mood until the middle of the the account of Heracles or indirect discourse and ablative absolutes until Jason and the Argonauts. Ritchie's purpose is to provide readers with an opportunity to master simple Latin grammar and morphology before they encounter more complex constructions in the later stories, and he does so while presenting students with an informative and thoroughly engaging storyline.

This Latin text was first published by Ritchie in 1884 in a volume called *Fabulae Faciles: A First Latin Reader*. In 1903, John Kirtland published a revised edition entitled *Ritchie's Fabulae Faciles: A First Latin Reader*. Kirtland modified Ritchie's Latin text, added grammatical notes, and eliminated a section of drill exercises found in the beginning the original volume. Kirtland's book remained the standard edition until 1991, when another revised volume was prepared by Gilbert Lawall, Stanley Iverson, and Allan Wooley, entitled *Fabulae Graecae: A Revised Edition of Ritchie's Fabulae Faciles*. While the first two books are no longer protected by copyright law and can be downloaded for free, the *Fabulae Graecae* remains available in paperback.

The aim of this current edition is to make Ritchie's myths even more accessible to beginning Latin readers. Facing each page of the Latin text is a page of commentary divided into halves. The top half includes all of the corresponding vocabulary that occur fourteen or fewer times, arranged alphabetically in two columns. The bottom half is devoted to grammatical notes, which are organized according to line numbers and arranged in two columns. The advantage of this format is that it allows me to include as much information as possible on a page and at the same time ensure that the commentary entries are distinct and immediately accessible to readers.

To complement the vocabulary within the commentary, I have added a running core word list at the beginning of this book that includes all words occurring fifteen or more times. An alphabetized form of this same list can be found in the glossary. Together, this book has been designed in such a way that, once readers have mastered the running core list, they will be able to rely solely on the Latin text and facing notes.

The greatest strength of this book, apart from captivating stories, is its ability to expose readers to difficult constructions over and over again. As a rule, I prefer to offer too much assistance in the grammatical notes rather than too little and, since readers may begin anywhere in the book, I identify constructions consistently throughout the commentary—often multiple times on the same page. In the case of *Fabulae Faciles* such support is appropriate. Even if readers rely on overly generous notes the first time they encounter a difficult passage, Ritchie presents the same constructions and same phrases so often that readers quickly become familiar with a range of difficult clauses and therefore rely less and less on the notes as they progress. By the time they encounter Ulysses, the constructions which readers have already encountered are so dense and frequent that it is impossible to include the ample notes found in earlier myths, and in most cases such notes are no longer necessary.

Although this volume may be used as a supplement in the classroom, I hope that teachers will encourage students to keep a copy by their bedsides for casual reading and rereading during the summer months and winter breaks. While there is no substitute for meaningful classical and medieval Latin texts, most authentic Latin prose still remains beyond the reach for intermediate-level students. This current commentary is made in the hopes that the short sections of connected prose will help readers of varying abilities develop reading proficiency and provide them with the knowledge and confidence necessary to read authentic Latin authors.

I wish to thank Justin Slocum Bailey and Erin Pammenter for their assistance on earlier versions and both Curtis Dozier and Robert Littlejohn, in particular, for recommending numerous changes to macrons and formatting in the latest revision. Every reader benefits from their generosity.

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How to Use this Commentary

Research shows that, as we learn how to read in a second language, a combination of reading and direct vocabulary instruction is statistically superior to reading alone. One of the purposes of this book is to encourage active acquisition of vocabulary.

1. Master the core vocabulary list as soon as possible.

Develop a daily regimen for memorizing vocabulary and forms before you begin reading. Start with an intensive review of the running core list on the next page. Although a substantial number of core vocabulary words come within the first few lessons of the commentary, readers have encountered most of these words in first-year Latin and should be able to master the list quickly. Once readers have reviewed these words, I recommend that they consult and memorize slightly less frequent words in *Fabulae Faciles* as they encounter them.

2. Read actively.

Read in Latin word order. Initially, readers have a tendency both (a) to scan through the entire Latin sentence quickly to order to attain a sense of the constructions and (b) to treat the sentence as a puzzle and jump around the passage from subject to verb to object and so on. As you acquire more vocabulary and your comfort with the Latin increases, make reading in Latin word order your primary method. It is a lot of fun and with persistence very satisfying as well.

Develop the habit of making educated guesses as you read. The purpose of the graded reader to provide you with an opportunity to encounter difficult constructions, particularly subjunctive clauses and indirect discourse, so frequently that you cannot help but to develop proficiency identifying and translating them. Make educated guesses as you read. If you guess correctly, the commentary will reaffirm your knowledge of the Latin. If you answer incorrectly, you will become more aware of your weaknesses and therefore more capable of correcting them.

3. Reread a passage immediately after you have completed it.

Repeated readings not only help you commit Latin to memory but also increase your ability to read the Latin as Latin. Always read the words out loud (or at least whisper them to yourself). While you may be inclined to translate the text into English as you reread, develop the habit of reading Latin as Latin.

4. Reread the most recent passage immediately before you begin a new one.

This additional repetition will strengthen your ability to recognize vocabulary, forms, and syntax quickly, bolster your confidence, and most importantly provide you with much-needed context as you begin the next selection in the text.

Running Core Vocabulary (Words 15 or More Times)

The following four pages include all words that occur fifteen or more times in the myths in a running core vocabulary list. These words are not found within the vocabulary lists facing each page of Latin. The number in the left column is the page number where the core vocabulary word first occurs. For a single alphabetized list of these core words, consult the glossary.

Page

- | | |
|----------|---|
| 2 | ā, ab, abs: from, away from; by, 72 |
| 2 | acciō, -ere, accēpī, acceptum: receive, get, accept, 26 |
| 2 | ad: to, toward; near; for, 188 |
| 2 | annus, -ī m.: year, 18 |
| 2 | at: but; mind you, 27 |
| 2 | atque: and; and also, and even, 21 |
| 2 | autem: however, but; moreover, 81 |
| 2 | brevis, -e: short, brief, 15 |
| 2 | capiō, capere, cēpī, captum: take, capture, seize, 14 |
| 2 | coniciō, -ere, -iēcī, -iectum: throw, hurl; throw together, 13 |
| 2 | cōnsilium, -ī n.: plan, advice; council, assembly, 23 |
| 2 | cōstituō, -ere, -ūī, -ūtum: decide, establish, resolve, 36 |
| 2 | cum: with (abl.); when, since, although, 196 |
| 2 | dē: from, down from; about, concerning, 29 |
| 2 | deus, -ī m.: god, divinity, deity, 19 |
| 2 | dīcō, -ere, dīxī, dictum: say, speak, tell, call, name, 17 |
| 2 | dō, dare, dedī, datum: give; grant, allow, 42 |
| 2 | enim: for, indeed, 77 |
| 2 | et: and; also, even, 287 |
| 2 | faciō, -ere, fēcī, factum: make, do, 89 |
| 2 | habitō (1): inhabit, live, 18 |
| 2 | hic, haec, hoc: this, that, these, 222 |
| 2 | ibi: there, 21 |
| 2 | igitur: therefore, then, accordingly, 71 |
| 2 | ille, illa, illud: that, those, 84 |
| 2 | in: in (abl.), into (acc.), 272 |
| 2 | īnsula, -ae f.: island, 20 |
| 2 | ipse, ipsa, ipsum: -self; the very, 50 |
| 2 | is, ea, id: he, she, it; this, that, 230 |
| 2 | lītus, lītoris n.: shore, beach, 19 |
| 2 | māgnōpere: greatly, 15 |
| 2 | magnus, -a, -um: great, large; important, 79 |
| 2 | mare, maris n.: sea, 15 |
| 2 | multus, -a, -um: much, many, 36 |
| 2 | omnis, omne: every, all, 96 |
| 2 | Perseus, -ī m.: Perseus, 26 |
| 2 | post: after, behind (acc.); afterward, next, 32 |

- 2 **postquam**: after, when, 58
- 2 **puer, puerī, m.**: boy, 17
- 2 **quīdam, quaedam, quoddam**: a certain, 50
- 2 **rēx, rēgis m.**: king; *adj.* ruling, royal, 44
- 2 **sē**: himself, herself, itself, themselves, 115
- 2 **sum, esse, fuī, futūrum**: be, 422
- 2 **suus, -a, -um**: his, her, its, their (own), 84
- 2 **tamen**: nevertheless, however, 99
- 2 **tantus, -a, -um**: so great, so much, so large, 55
- 2 **tempestās, -tatis f.**: weather; storm, 17
- 2 **tempus, -poris n.**: time, 31
- 2 **tum**: then, at that time, 73
- 2 **videō, -ēre, vīdī, vīsum**: see, 50
- 2 **volō, velle, voluī**: will, wish, be willing, 22
- 4 **audiō, -īre, audīvī, audītūm**: hear, listen to, 22
- 4 **caput, capitīs, n.**: head; life, 20
- 4 **causa, -ae f.**: reason, cause; case, 31
- 4 **dum**: while, as long as, until, 35
- 4 **ē, ex**: from, out from, out of, 108
- 4 **etiam**: also, even;; besides, 17
- 4 **homō, -inis m./f.**: person, people, human, 21
- 4 **iam**: now, already, 29
- 4 **locus, -ī m. (pl. lōcā)**: place, region, 51
- 4 **manus, -ūs f.**: hand, 16
- 4 **modus, -ī m.**: way, manner; *adv.* **modo**, only 38
- 4 **mōnstrum, -ī n.**: monster, 26
- 4 **per**: through, over, 23
- 4 **perveniō, -īre, -vēnī, -ventūm**: come through, arrive, 19
- 4 **prīmus, -a, -um**: first, 16
- 4 **quaerō, -cre, quaeſīvī, quaeſītūm**: seek, ask, search for, 21
- 4 **quī, quae, quod (quis? quid?)**: who, which, that; **quod**: because, 307
- 4 **referō, -ferre, rettulī, relātūm**: report, bring back, 18
- 4 **rēs, reī, f.**: thing, matter, affair, business, 83
- 4 **saxum, -ī n.**: rock, 15
- 4 **speciēs, -ēī f.**: sight, look, appearance, aspect, 15
- 4 **statim**: immediately, 28
- 4 **tandem**: finally, at last, 28
- 4 **ubi**: where; when, 56
- 4 **ūnus, -a, -um**: one, 14
- 4 **veniō, -īre, vēnī, ventūm**: come, go, 72
- 6 **animus, -ī m.**: mind, spirit; courage, pride, 18
- 6 **diēs, -ēī m./f.**: day, time, 46
- 6 **dolor, -ōris m.**: pain, grief, 17
- 6 **exspectō (1)**: wait for, await, look out for, 15
- 6 **filia, -iae f.**: daughter, 20

- 6 gerō, -ere, gessī, gestum:** wage; carry on, wear, 18
6 gravis, -e: heavy, serious, severe, 16
6 iubeō, -ēre, iussī, iussum: order, 17
6 mittō, -ere, -misi, missum: send, let go, 18
6 parō (1): prepare, 21
6 periculum, -ī n.: danger, risk, 31
6 subitō: suddenly, 19
6 timor, -ōris m.: fear, 15
6 trādō, -dere, -didī, -ditum: give over, hand over or down, 20
8 cōferō, -ferre, -contulī, collātum: bring together, gather, 18
8 corpus, corporis, n.: body, 19
8 mox: soon, 19
8 nāvis, -is, f.: ship, boat, 63
8 neque: and not; **neque...neque:** neither...nor, 27
8 paucī, -ae, -a: few, 22
8 regiō, -ōnis f.: region, district, 18
8 rēgnum, -ī n.: royal power, kingship; kingdom, 19
8 salūs, -ūtis f.: safety, security, health, 15
8 sed: but, 31
8 sentiō, sentīre, sēnsī, sēnsum: feel, perceive, 16
8 sine: without, 19
8 solvō, -ere, solvī, solūtum: loosen, release; set sail, 20
10 cognōscō, -ere, -nōvī, -nitum: learn, *pf.* know, 22
10 dīmittō, -ere, -misi, -missum: send away, dismiss, 8
10 Hērculēs, -is m.: Hercules 121
10 pars, partis, f.: part, share, 23
10 redeō, -ire, rediī: go back, return, 19
10 urbs, urbīs, f.: city, 19
12 habeō, -ēre, habuī, -itum: have, hold; consider, 34
12 interficiō, -ere, -fēcī, -fectum: kill, 15
12 iter, itineris n.: journey; route, way, 19
12 nōn: not, 40
12 paulus, -a, -um: little, small, 16
12 vīs, (vīs), f.: force, power, violence; *pl.* vīrēs, strength, 23
12 vir, virī m.: man, male, 23
14 bōs, bovis m./f. (dat./abl. bōbus): cow, ox, bull, 18
14 proficīscor, -ī, profectus sum: set out, depart, 19
16 Eurystheus, -ī m.: Eurystheus, 23
16 possum, posse, potuī: be able, can, 46
18 cōficiō, -ere: complete/fiinish, accomplish; exhaust, 16
18 labor, -ōris m.: labor, hardship, task, 22
18 nūllus, -a, -um: no, not any, 24
20 auxiliū, -ī n.: help, aid, assistance, 19

- 20 coepī, coepisse, coeptum:** begin, 16
20 ingēns (ingentis): huge, immense, 21
20 ita: so, thus, in this way, 25
- 22 prōgredior, -ī, prōgressus sum:** advance, 17
22 reliquus, -a, um: remaining, left, 15
22 sī: if, 20
22 spēlunca, -ae f.: cave, 30
22 summus, -a, -um: highest, greatest, top of, 29
22 vīnum, -ī n.: wine, 16
- 24 idem, eadem, idem:** the same, 15
24 ēgredior, -ī, ēgressus sum: go out, disembark, 18
- 26 flūmen, -inis n.:** river, 15
26 ut: so that, in order that (subj.); as, just as (ind.), 112
- 28 terra, -ae f.:** land, earth, ground, 22
- 34 socius, -ī m.:** comrade, companion; ally, 33
- 36 intellegō, -ere, -lēxī, -lēctum:** understand, realize, 24
- 40 nē:** so that...not, lest, 22
- 58 Iāsōn, -onis m.:** Jason, 45
- 62 Argonautae, -ārum m.:** Argonauts, 18
- 70 Mēdēa, -ae f.:** Medea, 27
- 88 Ulixēs, -is m.:** Ulysses, 43
- 92 Polyphēmus, -ī m.:** Polyphemus, 19
- 104 Circē, -ēs f.:** Circe, 15

Abbreviations

abs.	absolute	impf.	imperfect	pl.	plural
acc.	accusative	imper.	impersonal	plpf.	pluperfect
act.	active	indic.	indicative	pred.	predicate
adj.	adjective	i.o.	indirect object	prep.	preposition
adv.	adverb	ind.	indirect	pres.	present
app.	appositive	inf.	infinitive	pron.	pronoun
comp.	comparative	inter.	interrogative	quest.	question
dat.	dative	m.	masculine	reflex.	reflexive
dep.	deponent	n.	neuter	rel.	relative
d.o.	direct object	nom.	nominative	seq.	sequence
f.	feminine	obj.	object	sg.	singular
fut.	future	pple.	participle	subj.	subject
gen.	genitive	pass	passive	superl.	superlative
imp.	imperative	pf.	perfect	voc.	vocative

1s, 2s, 3s 1st, 2nd, 3rd person singular 1p, 2p, 3p 1st, 2nd, 3rd person plural

Well, when I did *Star Wars*, I consciously set about to recreate myths and the classic mythological motifs. And I wanted to use those motifs to deal with issues that existed today.

- George Lucas

To make the ancients speak, we must feed them with our own blood.

- von Wilamowitz-Moellendorff

1. THE ARK

Haec nārrantur ā poētīs dē Perseō. Perseus fīlius erat Iōvis, maximī deōrum; avus eius Acrisius appellābātur. Acrisius volēbat Perseum nepōtem suum necāre; nam propter ūrāculum puerum timēbat. Comprehendit igitur Perseum adhūc īfantem, et cum mātre in arcā ligneā inclūsit. Tum arcam ipsam in mare coniēcit. Danaē, Perseī māter, magnopere territa est; tempestās enim magna mare turbābat. Perseus autem in sinū mātris dormiēbat.

2. JUPITER SAVES HIS SON

Iuppiter tamen haec omnia vīdit, et filium suum servāre cōnstituit. Tranquillum igitur fēcit mare, et arcam ad īsulam Serīphum perdūxit. Huius īsulae Polydectēs tum rēx erat. Postquam arca ad lītus appulsa est, Danaē in harēnā quiētem capiēbat. Post breve tempus ā piscātōre quōdam reperta est, et ad domum rēgis Polydectis adducta est. Ille mātrem et puerum benignē excēpit, et eīs sēdem tūtam in fīnibus suīs dedit. Danaē hoc dōnum libenter accēpit, et prō tantō beneficiō rēgī grātiās ēgit.

3. PERSEUS IS SENT ON HIS TRAVELS

Perseus igitur multōs annōs ibi habitābat, et cum mātre suā vītam bēātam agēbat. At Polydectēs Danaēn magnopere amābat, atque eam in mātrīmōnium dūcere volēbat. Hoc tamen cōnsilium Perseō minimē grātum erat. Polydectēs igitur Perseum dīmittere cōnstituit. Tum iuvenem ad sē vocāvit et haec dīxit: "Turpe est hanc ignāvam

- Acrisius, -īī m.**: Acrisius, 4
addūcō, -ere, -dūxī, -ctum: lead to, bring, 8
adhūc: still, 5
agō, agere, ēgī, āctum: drive, lead, spend, 13
amō (1): love, like, 1
appellō (1): call (by name), name, 12
appellō, -ere, -puli, -pulsum: drive (to), 14
arca, -ae f.; chest, box, ark, 4
avus, avī m.: grandfather, 2
beātus, -a, -um: blessed, happy, 3
beneficiūm, -īī n.: benefit, favor; kindness, 8
benignus, -a, -um: kind, 4
comprehendō, -ere, -dī, -sum: grasp, seize, 3
Danaē, -ēs f.: Danae, 5
dēmittō, -ere, -misi, -missum: drop, 3
domus, -ūs f.: house, home, dwelling, 11
dōnum, -ī n.: gift, 6
dormiō, -ire, -ivī: sleep, 8
dūcō, -ere, dūxī, ductum: lead, draw, bring, 5
excipiō, ere, cēpī, ceptum: take out, receive 9
filius, -īī m.: son, 10
finis, -is m./f.: end, limit, border, boundary, 12
grātia, -ae f.: graditude, favor, thanks, 10
grātus, -a, -um: pleasing, grateful
harēna, -ae f.: sand
ignavus, -a, -um: lazy, cowardly, 2
inclūdō, -ere, -ūstī, -ūsum: close in, shut in, 7
īnfāns, -fantis m. f.: infant, 2
Iuppiter, Iovis m.: Jupiter, 8
juvenis, -is m.: youth, young man, 4
libenter: gladly, willingly, 12
- ligneus, -a, -um**: wooden, of wood
māter, mātris f.: mother, 9
mātrimōnium, -īī n.: marriage, 6
maximus, -a, -um: greatest, 9
minimē: least, by no means, not at all
nam: for, 6
nārrō (1): narrate, relate, 7
necō (1): kill, slay, put to death, 9
nepōs, nepōtis m.: grandson, decendent, 2
ōrāculum, -ī n.: oracle, 11
perdūcō, -ere, -dūxī, -ctum: lead through, 4
piscātor, piscātōris m.: fisherman
poēta, -ae m.: poet, 4
Polydectēs, -is m.: Polydectes, 7
prō: before, in front of, for, 9
propter: on account of, because of, 6
quiēs, quiētis f.: rest, repose, sleep, 5
reperiō, -ire, repperī, repertum: find, 9
sēdēs, sēdis f.: seat; abode, home, 5
Seriphus, -ī m.: Seriphos (an island)
servō (1): save, keep, preserve
sinus, -ūs m.: bosom, lap
terreō, -ēre, -ūi, territum: terrify, scare, 5
timeō, -ēre, -ūi: fear, dread, 6
tranquillus, -a, -um: calm, tranquil
turbo (1): confuse, disturb, 3
turpis, turpe: ugly, shameful
tūtus, -a, -um: safe, secure, 3
vīta, -ae, f.: life, 9
vocō (1): call, summon, invoke, 2

- 2 **haec**: *these (things)*; neut. pl.
 dē: *about...*
- 10 **Iovis**: *of Jupiter*; Iuppiter declines in the 3rd decl.: Iuppiter, Iovis, Iovī, Iovem and Iove
- 3 **eium**: gen. sg. of is, ea, id
- 1 **Acrisius**: pred. nom. of appellabātur
- 4 **suum**: *his*; reflexive possessive adj., use the subject ('su' as in subject!) to translate
- 6 **in mare**: acc. place to which, neuter sg.
- 11 **Danaē**: Greek nom., the two dots (diaeresis) indicate that the 'e' is pronounced separately from the 'a'
- 7 **tempestās**: nom. sg., fem. 3rd decl.
- 9 **sinū**: 4th decl. abl. sg.
- 11 **haec omnia**: neuter acc. pl., add 'things'
- 12 **fēcit**: *made (x) (y)*; tranquillum is an adj. in the predicative position: not 'tranquil sea' but 'sea tranquil'
- 10 **huius insulae**: gen. sg. with rex; -ius

- is a common gen. pronoun ending (hic)
- 14 **quiētam capiēbat**: *was taking a rest*
- 15 **quō-dam**: *a certain*; the suffix -dam never declines but the first half of this indefinite adjective does and modifies piscātōre (abl)
- 16 **benignē**: *kindly*; -ē indicates an adv.
- 17 **eīs**: dat. pl. is, ea, id; ind. obj. of dedit
- 18 **prō**: *(in return) for*
- 19 **rēgī**: dat. sg. 3rd decl. noun rex, rēgis
- 20 **grātiās ēgit**: *gave thanks*; common idiom for grātiās āgo, here pf.
- 21 **multōs annōs**: *for...; acc. duration*
- 22 **agebat**: *was living/spending*; common idiom for vītam agō; cf. line 18
- 23 **Danaēn**: Greek accusative ('n' not 'm')
- 25 **haec**: neuter pl., supply 'things'
- 24 **Turpe est**: *it is shameful to*; the adj. turpis, turpe is neut. because an inf. is subject

vītam agere; iam dūdum tū adulēscēns es. Quō ūsque hīc manēbis? 1
Tempus est arma capere et virtūtem praestāre. Hinc abī, et caput
Medūsae mihi refer.”

4. PERSEUS GETS HIS OUTFIT

5

Perseus ubi haec audīvit, ex īnsulā discessit, et postquam ad continentem vēnit, Medūsam quaeſīvit. Diū frūstrā quaerēbat; namque nātūram locī ignorābat. Tandem Apollō et Minerva viam dēmōnstrāvērunt. Prīmum ad Graeās, sorōrēs Medūsae, pervēnit. Ab hīs tālāria et galeam magicam accēpit. Apollō autem et Minerva falcem et speculum eī dedērunt. Tum postquam tālāria pedibus induit, in āera ascendit. Diū per āera volābat; tandem tamen ad eum locum vēnit ubi Medūsa cum cēterīs Gorgonibus habitābat. Gorgonēs autem mōnstra erant speciē horribilī; capita enim eārum anguibus omnīnō contēcta erant. Manūs etiam ex aere factae erant. 10 15

5. THE GORGON'S HEAD

Rēs diffīcillima erat caput Gorgonis abscīdere; eius enim cōspectū hominēs in saxum vertēbantur. Propter hanc causam Minerva speculum Perseō dederat. Ille igitur tergum vertit, et in speculum inspiciēbat; hōc modō ad locum vēnit ubi Medūsa dormiēbat. Tum falce suā caput eius ūnō ictū abscīdit. Cēterae Gorgonēs statim ē somnō excitātae sunt, et ubi rem vīdērunt, īrā commōtae sunt. Arma rapuērunt, et Perseum occīdere volēbant. Ille autem dum fūgit, galeam magicam induit; et ubi hoc fēcit, statim ē cōspectū eārum ēvāsit. 20 25

- abeō, -ire, -ī, -itum:** go away, depart, 6
abscīdō, -ere, -cīdī, -cīsum: cut away or off, 5
adulēscēns, -entis: young (man), youth(ful), 3
āer, āeris m. (acc. āera): air, 6
aes, aeris n.: bronze
agō, agere, ēgī, āctum: drive, lead, spend, 13
anguis, -is m. f.: serpent, snake
Apollō, Apollinis m.: Apollo, 7
arma, -ōrum n.: arms, equipment, tools, 6
ascendō, -ere, -ī, -ēnsum: ascend, mount, 3
cēterī, -ae, -a: the other, remaining, 2
commoveō, -ere, -mōvī, -mōtum: move, trouble, upset, 14
cōspectus, -ūs m.: sight, view, 6
contegō, -ere, -tēxī, -tēctum: cover
contineō, -ere, -nuī, -tentum: hold or keep together, 4
dēmōstrō (1): show, demonstrate, 13
difficilis, -e: hard, difficult, troublesome, 6
discēdō, -ere, -cessī, -sum: go away, depart, 4
diū: a long time, long, 13
dormiō, -ire, -īvī: sleep, 8
dūdum: + iam, for a while, a long time, 2
ego: I, 9
ēvādō, -ere, ēvāsī, ēvāsum: go out, escape, 9
excitō (1): excite, rouse, incite, 8
falx falcis f.: sickle, 2
frūstrā: in vain, for nothing, 13
fugiō, fugere, fūgī, --: flee, hurry away, 9
galea, -ae f.: helmet, 3
Gorgō, -onis f.: Gorgon, 4
Graeae, -ārum f.: Gray sisters, the Graeae
- hīc:** from this place, hence
horribilis, -e: horrible, dreadful, 11
ictus, -ūs m.: strike, blow, 4
ignōrō (1): not know, be ignorant, 5
induō, -ere, induī, induūtum: put on, 8
īspiciō, -ere, -spexī, -spectum: look upon
īra, īrae f.: anger, 12
magicus, -a, -um: magic, 5
maneō, -ēre, mānsī, mansūrum: stay, wait, 9
Medūsa, -ae f.: Medusa, 6
Minerva, -ae f.: Minerva, 4
namque: for, 2
nātūra, -ae. f.: nature, 9
occīdō, -ere, -cīdī, -cīsum: kill, cut down, 14
omnīnō: altogether, wholly, entirely, 11
pēs, pedis m.: foot, 8
praestō, -stāre, -stītī: stand in front, show, 6
propter: on account of, because of, 6
rapiō, -ere, rapūi, raptum: seize, snatch, 5
somnus, -ī m.: sleep, 14
soror, sorōris f.: sister
speculum, -ī n.: mirror, 3
tālāria, -ium: winged shoes, 4
tergum, -ī n.: back, 8
tū: you, 10
ūsque: all the way to, up to, continuously, 2
vertō, -ere, vertī, versum: turn, 4
via, -ae, f.: way, road, 4
virtūs, -ūtis f.: valor, manhood, excellence, 10
vīta, -ae, f.: life, 9
volō (1): fly, 3

- 1 **agere:** live; idiom, see p. 2, line 22
iam dūdum: now for a long time; often as one word
es: 2s pres. sum
quō ūsque: for how long...?; ‘up to what’
hīc: note the long vowel ‘ī’ indicates that this is the adverb ‘here’ not the pronoun
2 **Tempus est:** it is time; infinitives are subj.
hīc: from here; compare hīc above
abī: sg. imperative abeō
3 **mīhi:** dat. sg. ego
refer: sg. imperative, 3rd conj. referō does not retain the final “e.” Consider the mnemonic: ‘dīc, dūc, fac and fer should have an “e” but it isn’t there.’
7 **frustrā:** a common adverb
Graeae: these 3 sisters to the Gorgons had

- one eye, which they shared; Perseus stole the eye until they told him what he wanted
11 **ēī:** to...; dat. sg. ind. obj. of is, ea, id
12 **pedībū:** on...; dat. pl. with compound verb (make prefix “in-“ into a preposition)
14 **specīē horribili:** of horrible appearance; abl. of quality with monstra, horribili is i-stem 3rd decl. abl., specīē is 5th decl. abl.
15 **aere:** bronze; abl. of aes, not āēr
19 **difficillima:** superlative difficilis
eius...cōspectū: gen. sg. the Gorgon’s
22 **hōc modō:** in this way; abl. of manner
24 **ubi:** when; i.e. ‘at this point’ in time/place
īrā: by anger; abl. of cause or means
commōtae sunt: were moved; they are moved emotionally, not physically

6. THE SEA-SERPENT

Post haec Perseus in fīnēs Aethiopum vēnit. Ibi Cēpheus quīdam illō tempore regnābat. Hīc Neptūnum, maris deum, olim offenderat; Neptūnus autem mōnstrum saevissimum mīserat. Hoc cotīdiē ē marī veniēbat et hominēs dēvorābat. Ob hanc causam pavor animōs omnium occupāverat. Cēpheus igitur ḍrāculum deī Hammōnis cōnsuluit, atque ā deō iussus est filiam mōnstrō trādere. Eius autem fīlia, nōmine Andromeda, virgō fōrmōsissima erat. Cēpheus ubi haec audīvit, magnum dolōrem percēpit. Volēbat tamen cīvēs suōs ē tantō perīculō extrahere, atque ob eam causam imperāta Hammōnis facere cōstituit. 10

7. A HUMAN SACRIFICE

Tum rēx diem certam dīxit et omnia parāvit. Ubi ea diēs vēnit, Andromeda ad lītus dēducta est, et in cōspectū omnium ad rūpem alligāta est. Omnēs fātum eius dēplorābant, nec lacrimās tenēbant. At subitō, dum mōnstrum exspectant, Perseus accurrit; et ubi lacrimās vīdit, causam dolōris quaerit. Illī rem tōtam expōnunt et puellam dēmōnstrant. Dum haec geruntur, fremitus terribilis audītur; simul mōnstrum horribilī speciē procul cōspicitur. Eius cōspectus timōrem maximum omnibus iniēcit. Mōnstrum magnā celeritāte ad lītus contendit, iamque ad locum appropinquābat ubi puella stābat.

8. THE RESCUE

At Perseus ubi haec vīdit, gladium suum ēdūxit, et postquam tālāria induit, in āera sublātus est. Tum dēsuper in mōnstrum impetum subitō fēcit, et gladiō suō collum eius graviter vulnerāvit. 25

- accurrō, -ere, -cucurrī, -cursum:** run to, 2
āer, āeris m. (acc. āera): air, 6
Aethiopēs, -um m.: Ethiopians, 2
alligō (1): bind to, tie to, 2
Andromeda, -ae f.: Andromeda, 4
appropinquō (1): come near, approach, 8
celeritās, -tatis f.: speed, quickness, 7
Cēpheus, -ī m.: Cepheus, 5
certus, -a, -um: fixed, sure, 11
cīvis, -is m/f.: citizen, fellow citizen, 5
collum, -ī n.: neck, 6
cōspectus, -ūs m.: sight, view, 6
cōspiciō, -ere, -exī, -ectum: catch sight of, 3
contendō, -ere, -ī, -tum: hasten; fight, 11
cotidiē: daily, 2
dēducō, -ere: lead or bring down, launch, 10
dēmōnstrō (1): show, demonstrate, 13
dēplorō (1): lament, weep
dēsuper: from above, 2
dēvorō (1): swallow down, devour, 4
dēducō, -ere, -dūxī, -ductum: lead out, draw, 3
expōnō, -ere, -suī, -situī: set out, explain 7
extrahō, -ere, -traxī, -tractum: draw out, 2
fātum, -ī n.: fate, ruin, death, 2
finis, -is m/f.: end, limit, border, boundary, 12
formōsus, -a, -um: shapely, beautiful, 2
fremitus, -ūs m.: roaring, roar, 2
gladius, -ī m.: sword, 10
Hammōn, -ōnis m.: Hammon (Jupiter), 2
horribilis, -e: horrible, dreadful, 11
imperō (1): order, command, 12
- impetus, -ūs m.:** attack, onset, assault, 9
induō, -ere, induī, indūtum: put on, 8
iniciō, -ere, -iēcī, -iectum: throw in or upon, 2
lacrīma, -ae f.: tear, 10
maximus, -a, -um: greatest, 9
nec: and not, nor, 10
Neptūnus, -ī m.: Neptune, 4
nōmen, nōminis, n.: name, 12
ob: on account of (acc.), 13
occupō (1): occupy, seize, 8
offendō, -ere, offendī, offēsum: offend
ōlim: once, formerly, 10
ōrāculum, -ī n.: oracle, 11
pavor, pavōris m.: terror, panic
percipiō, -ere, -cēpī, -ceptum: receive,
perceive, get, 5
procūl: from afar, from a distance, 5
puella, -ae f.: girl, 8
que: and, 14
rēgnō (1): rule, reign, 3
rūpēs, rūpis f.: rock, cliff, 6
saevus, -a, -um: savage, fierce, 3
simul: at the same time; at once, together, 10
stō, -āre, stetī, stātum: stand, 8
tālāria, -ium: winged shoes, 4
teneō, tenēre, tenuī, tentum: hold, keep 13
terribilis, -e: terrible, dreadful, 5
tollō, -ere, sustulī, sublātum: raise, lift up 10
tōtus -a, -um: whole, entire, 14
virgō, virginis f.: maiden, 2
vulnerō (1): wound, injure, 7

- 2 **in finēs:** *into the borders*; usual meaning
 3 **illō tempore:** *at...;* abl. of time when
 hīc: *here*; adv.
 3 **saevissimum:** superlative adj. saevus
 Hoc: *this one*; neut. sg. subject; “this
 (monster),” monstrum is neuter
 5 **marī:** abl. sg. 3rd decl. i-stem noun
 6 **omnium:** gen. pl. 3rd decl. i-stem adj.
 deī Hammōnis: *of the god Hammon*; a
 north African god often identified with
 Jupiter/Zeus, sometimes spelled ‘Ammon’
 7 **mōnstrō:** dat. sg. ind. obj. of trādere
 8 **nōmine:** *by name*; abl. of respect
 virgō: nom. sg. predicate
 9 **haec:** *these (things)*; neut. acc. pl.
 volēbat: impf. of volō, velle, ‘to wish,’
 not from volō, volāre, ‘to fly’
 10 **ob eam causam:** *for this reason*
 11 **imperāta:** *commands*; ‘things having

- been commanded’ neuter acc. pl. PPP
 (pf. pass. pple) imperō
 14 **diem certam dīxit:** *appointed a...day*
 omnia: neut pl. acc. 3rd decl. i-stem
 ea: *this; is, ea, id* as an adj. is a
 demonstrative which can be translated
 as “this/these” or “that/those”
 16 **eium:** *her*; gen. fem. sg. is, ea, id
 expōnunt: *explain*; ‘set out (in detail)’
 20 **horribili speciē:** *of...;* see p. 5, line 14
 eium: *of this one*; or ‘of it,’ i.e. monstrum
 21 **omnibum:** *upon all*; dat. of compound
 magnā celeritatē: *with...;* abl. manner
 often ‘cum’ missing when there is an adj.
 26 **sublātus est:** 3s pf. pass. tollō
 in mōnstrum: *against...;* often in an attack
 impētum...fecit: *made an attack*
 27 **eium:** *his*; ‘of that one,’ gen. sg.

Mōnstrum ubi sēnsit vulnus, fremitum horribilem ēdidit, et sine 1
 morā tōtum corpus in aquam mersit. Perseus dum circum lītus
 volat, reditum eius exspectābat. Mare autem intereā undique
 sanguine īficitur. Post breve tempus belua rūrsus caput sustulit;
 mox tamen ā Perseō ictū graviōre vulnerāta est. Tum iterum sē in 5
 undās mersit, neque posteā vīsa est.

9. THE REWARD OF VALOR

Perseus postquam ad lītus dēscendit, prīmum tālāria exuit; tum ad
 rūpem vēnit ubi Andromeda vīncta erat. Ea autem omnem spem
 salūtis dēposuerat, et ubi Perseus adiit, terrōre paene exanimāta
 erat. Ille vincula statim solvit, et puellam patrī reddidit. Cēpheus ob
 hanc rem maximō gaudiō affectus est. Meritam grātiā pī tantō
 beneficiō Perseō rettulit; praetereā Andromedam ipsam eī in
 mātrīmōniū dedit. Ille libenter hoc dōnum accēpit et puellam 15
 dūxit. Paucōs annōs cum uxōre suā in eā regiōne habitābat, et in
 magnō honōre erat apud omnēs Aethiopēs. Magnopere tamen
 mātrem suam rūrsus vidēre cupiēbat. Tandem igitur cum uxōre suā
 ē rēgnō Cēpheī discessit.

20

10. POLYDECTES IS TURNED TO STONE

Postquam Perseus ad īsulam nāvem appulit, sē ad locum contulit
 ubi māter ōlim habitāverat, sed domum invēnit vacuam et omnīnō
 dēsertam. Trēs diēs per tōtam īsulam mātrem quaerēbat; tandem
 quartō diē ad templum Diānae pervēnit. Hūc Danaē refūgerat, quod 25

- adeō, -ire, -i(v)ī:** go to, approach, 4
Aethiopēs, -um m.: Ethiopians, 2
afficiō, -ere, -fēcī, fectum: influence, treat, 13
Andromeda, -ae f.: Andromeda, 4
appellō, -ere, -puli, -pulsum: drive (to), 14
apud: among, in the presence of (+ acc.), 9
aqua, -ae f.: water, 11
belua, -ae f.: beast, brute, monster
beneficiūm, -ī n.: benefit, favor; kindness, 8
Cēpheus, -ī m.: Cepheus, 5
circum: around, about, at, near (*acc.*)
cupiō, -ere, -iū, -itum: desire, long for, 4
Danaē, -ēs f.: Danae, 5
dēpōnō, -ere, -suī, -sītum: put down/aside, 9
dēscendō, -ere, -ndī, -scēnsum: descend, 4
dēserō, -ere, -uī, -sērtum: desert, 2
Dīāna, -ae f.: Diana
discēdō, -ere, -cessī, -sum: go away, depart, 4
domus, -ūs f.: house, home, dwelling, 11
dōnum, -ī n.: gift, 6
dūcō, -ere, dūxī, ductum: lead, draw, bring, 5
ēdō, -ere, ēdīdī, ēditum: give out, put forth, 3
exanimō (1): kill, exhaust, 9
exuō, -ere, -uī, -ūtum: take off, put off
fremitus, -ūs m.: roaring, roar, 2
gaudium, -ī n.: gladness, joy, 9
grātia, -ae f.: gratitude, favor, thanks, 10
honor, -ōris m.: honor, glory; offering, 4
horribilis, -e: horrible, dreadful, 11
hūc: this place, hither, 2
ictus, -ūs m.: strike, blow, 4
inficiō, -ere, -fēcī, -fectum: stain, dye, 4
intereā: meanwhile, 7
inveniō, -ire, -vēnī, -ventum: find, discover 8
iterum: again, a second time, 3
libenter: gladly, willingly, 12
māter, mātris f.: mother, 9
- mātrīmōniūm, -ī n.:** marriage, 6
maximus, -a, -um: greatest, 9
mergō, mergere, mersī, mersum: sink, 3
meritus, -a, -um: deserved, due, just, 4
mora, -ae f.: delay, hesitation, hindrance, 14
ob: on account of (*acc.*), 13
ōlim: once, formerly, 10
omnīnō: altogether, wholely, entirely, 11
paene: almost, nearly, 8
pater, patris, m.: father, 12
posteā: after this, afterwards, 7
praetereā: besides, moreover, 3
prō: before, in front of, for, 9
puella, -ae f.: girl, 8
quartus, -a, -um: one-fourth, 3
reddō, -ere, didī, dditum: give back, render 4
reditus, -ūs m.: return, 5
refugiō, -ere, -fūgī: flee back, 5
rūpēs, rūpis f.: rock, cliff, 6
rūrsus: again, backward, back, 7
sanguis, sanguinis m.: blood, 6
spēs, -ei f.: hope, 15
tālāria, -īum: winged shoes, 4
templum, -ī n.: temple, 3
terror, terrōris m.: terror, fright, 4
tollō, -ere, sustulī, sublatum: raise, lift up 10
tōtūs -a, -um: whole, entire, 14
trēs, tria: three, 9
unda, -ae f.: wave
undique: from everywhere, from all sides, 7
uxor, uxōris f.: wife, spouse, 10
vacuus, -a, -um: empty, fear, vacant
vīncīō, -ire, vīnxī, vīncētum: bind, tie, 4
vinculum, -ī n.: bond, chain, 4
volō (1): fly, 3
vulnerō (1): wound, injure, 7
vulnus, -eris n.: wound, blow, 6

-
- 1 **ēdīdit:** ē/ex + dedit, in compound verbs
vowels ‘a’ and ‘e’ often become ‘ī’
 4 **sustulit:** pf. tollō, belua is subject
 5 **graviōre:** graver; or ‘more serious,’
abl. sg. comparative adj. gravis, -e
 9 **prīmūm:** first (of all); adverbial acc.
 11 **salūtis:** for safety; objective gen., it is
equivalent to the obj. of a verb ‘hope’
adiit: pf. ad-eō
terrōre: abl. of cause
 12 **patri:** dat. ind. obj. of rē + dedit
reddidit: red-dedit, pf. red-dō (give back),
compare to red-it from red-eō (go back)
- 13 **maximō gaudiō:** with...; abl. manner,
without “cum” when modified by adj.
prō: (in return) for...
 14 **rettulit:** pf. referō with a dat. ind. obj.
ēi: dat. sg., is, ea, id
 16 **paucōs annōs:** for...; acc. of duration
 23 **ēā:** this; demonstrative adj. with regiōne
 22 **sē contulit:** carried himself; pf. cōferō, a
common expression for ‘went,’ ‘moved’
 23 **domūm:** fem. sg. modified by 2 adjectives
 24 **trēs diēs:** for...; acc. of duration
 25 **quartō diē:** at...; abl. time when
hūc: (to) here; see also hīc and hinc

Polydectem timēbat. Perseus ubi haec cognōvit, īrā magnā 1
commōtus est; ad rēgiam Polydectis sine morā contendit, et ubi eō
vēnit, statim in ātrium irrūpit. Polydectēs magnō timōre affectus est
et fugere volēbat. Dum tamen ille fugit, Perseus caput Medūsae
mōnstrāvit; ille autem simul atque hoc vīdit, in saxum versus est. 5

11. THE ORACLE FULFILLED

Post haec Perseus cum uxōre suā ad urbem Acrisī rediit. Ille autem
ubi Perseum vīdit, magnō terrōre affectus est; nam propter
ōrāculum istud nepōtem suum adhūc timēbat. In Thessaliam 10
ad urbem Larīsam statim refūgit, frūstrā tamen; neque enim fātum
suum vītāvit. Post paucōs annōs rēx Larīsae lūdōs magnōs fēcit;
nuntiōs in omnēs partēs dīmiserat et diem ēdīixerat. Multī ex
omnibus urbibus Graeciae ad lūdōs convēnērunt. Ipse Perseus inter
aliōs certāmen discōrum iniit. At dum discum conicit, avum suum
cāsū occīdit; Acrisiūs enim inter spectātōrēs eius certāminis forte
stābat.

12. THE HATRED OF JUNO

Herculēs, Alcmēnae fīlius, ōlim in Graeciā habitābat. Hic omnium
hominum validissimus fuisse dīcitur. At Iūnō, rēgīna deōrum, 20
Alcmēnam ōderat et Herculem adhūc īfantem necāre voluit. Mīsit
igitur duās serpentēs saevissimās; hae mediā nocte in cubiculum
Alcmēnae vēnērunt, ubi Herculēs cum frātre suō dormiēbat. Nec
tamen in cūnīs, sed in scūtō magnō cubābant. Serpentēs iam 25
appropinquāverant et scūtum movēbant; itaque puerī ē somnō
excitātī sunt.

Acrisiūs, -īī m.: Acrisius, 4
adhūc: still, 5
afficiō, -ere, -fēcī, fectum: influence, treat, 13
Alemēna, -ae f.: Alcmena, 4
alius, -a, -ud: other, another, else, 9
appropinquō (1): come near, approach, 8
atrium, atrīī n.: atrium, 3
avus, avīī m.: grandfather, 2
cāsus, -ūs m.: misfortune, accident, event, 8
certāmen, -minis n.: struggle, contest, 2
commoveō, -ere, -mōvī, -mōtum: move, trouble, upset, 14
contendō, -ere, -ī, -tum: hasten; fight, 11
cōnveniō, -ire, vēnī, ventum: come together 8
cubiculum, -ī n.: bedroom
cubō (1): lie down, recline
cūnae, -ārum f.: cradle
discus, -ī m.: discus, 2
dormiō, -ire, -ītī: sleep, 8
duo, duae, duo: two, 10
ēdīcō, -ere, -xī, -dictum: declare, proclaim, 4
excitō (1): excite, rouse, incite, 8
fātum, -ī n.: fate, ruin, death, 2
filius, -īī m.: son, 10
fors, fortis f.: luck, chance; *forte* by chance, 2
frāter, -trīs m.: brother, 5
frūstrā: in vain, for nothing, 13
fugiō, fugere, fūgī, --: flee, hurry away, 9
Graecia, -ae f.: Greece, 7
ineō, -ire, -īī, -itum: go into, enter, 4
īnfāns, -fantis m. f.: infant, 2
irrumpō, -ere, -rūpī, -ruptum: burst in, 2
inter: between, among (+ acc.), 10
īra, īrae f.: anger, 12
iste, ista, istud: that or those (of yours), 7
itaque: and so, 8
Iūnō, -ōnis m.: Juno, 3

Lārīsa, -ae f.: Larisa, 2
lūdus, -ī m.: game, sport; school, 2
medius, -a, -um: middle of, 10
Medūsa, -ae f.: Medusa, 6
mōnstrō (1): show, demonstrate, 3
mora, -ae f.: delay, hesitation, hindrance, 14
moveō, -ere, mōvī, mōtum: move, arouse, 3
nam: for, 6
nec: and not, nor, 10
necō (1): kill, slay, put to death, 9
nepōs, nepōtis m.: grandson, decendent, 2
nox, noctis, f.: night, 7
nūntius, -īī m.: messenger, 12
occīdō, -ere, -cīdī, -cīsum: kill, cut down, 14
ōdī, -isse: hate
ōlim: once, formerly, 10
ōrāculum, -ī n.: oracle, 11
Polydectēs, -is m.: Polydectes, 7
propter: on account of, because of, 6
refugiō, -ere, -fūgī: flee back, 5
rēgīa, -ae f.: palace, 4
rēgīna, -ae f.: queen, 2
saevus, -a, -um: savage, fierce, 3
scūtum, -ī n.: shield, 2
serpēns, serpentis f.: serpent, 6
simul: at the same time; at once, together, 10
somnus, -ī m.: sleep, 14
spectātor, -tōris m.: spectator, observer
stō, -āre, stētī, stātum: stand, 8
terror, terrōris m.: terror, fright, 4
Thessalia, -ae f.: Thessaly, 4
timeō, -ere, -uī: fear, dread, 6
uxor, uxōris f.: wife, spouse, 10
validus, -a, -um: strong
vertō, -ere, vertī, versum: turn, 4
vītō (1): avoid, 2

- 1 **haec**: *these (things)*; neut. substantive
īrā...commōtus est: see p. 5, line 24
- 2 **contendit**: *hastened*; common in Caesar
eō: (*to*) *there*; adv.; ibi is “*there*,” inde is “*from there*,” and *eō* is “*to there*”
- 3 **magnō timōre**: abl. of means
- 5 **simul atque**: *as soon as*; ‘at the same time as’
- 8 **redīt**: pf. red-eō
- 9 **magnō terrōre**: abl. of means
- 10 **istud**: neut. sg. with *ōrāculum* (cf. illud)
- 11 **frūstrā**: adverb
- 12 **fēcīt**: *produced*; i.e. organized

- 13 **partēs**: *directions*
ēdixerat: *appointed*
- 14 **ad**: *for...*; ad often expresses purpose
- 15 **iniit**: pf. in-eō
- 16 **cāsū**: *by chance*; 4th decl. abl. of manner
eūm: *of that...*; demon. adjective
forte: *by chance*; abl. as adverb, fors
- 21 **omnium hominūm**: *of...*; partitive gen.
fuisse dīcitur: *is said to have been*; pf.
inf. sum; superlative validissimus as pred.
- 22 **ōderat**: plpf., simple past in sense
- 23 **hae (serpentēs)**: *these*; nom. subject
mediā nocte: *in...*; abl. of time when

13. HERCULES AND THE SERPENTS

1

Iphiclēs, frāter Herculis, magnā vōce exclāmāvit; sed Herculēs ipse, fortissimus puer, haudquāquam territus est. Parvīs manibus serpentēs statim prehendit, et colla eārum magnā vī compressit. Tālī modō serpentēs ā puerō imperfectae sunt. Alcmēna autem, māter puerōrum, clamōrem audīverat, et marītum suum ē somnō excitāverat. Ille lūmen accendit et gladium suum rapuit; tum ad puerōs properābat, sed ubi ad locum vēnit, rem mīram vīdit, Herculēs enim rīdēbat et serpentēs mortuās mōnstrābat.

10

14. THE MUSIC-LESSON

Herculēs ā puerō corpus suum dīligenter exercēbat; magnam partem diēt̄ in palaestrā consūmēbat; didicit etiam arcum intendere et tēla conicere. Hīs exercitatiōnibus vīrēs eius cōfirmātae sunt. In musicā etiam ā Linō centaurō ērudiēbātur (centaurī autem equī erant sed caput hominis habēbant); huic tamen artī minus dīligenter studēbat. Hic Linus Herculem ōlim obiurgābat, quod nōn studiōsus erat; tum puer īrātus citharam subitō rapuit, et omnibus vīribus caput magistrī īfēlīcis percussit. Ille ictū prōstrātus est, et paulō post ē vītā excessit, neque quisquam posteā id officium suscipere voluit.

15

15. HERCULES ESCAPES SACRIFICE

Dē Hercule haec etiam inter alia nārrantur. Ōlim dum iter facit, in fīnēs Aegyptiōrum vēnit. Ibi rēx quīdam, nōmine Būsīris, illō tempore rēgnābat; hic autem vir crūdēlissimus hominēs immolāre cōsuēverat. Herculem igitur corripuit et in vincula coniēcit. Tum

25

accendō, -ere, -ndī, -cēnum: kindle, light, 2	īrātūs, -a, -um: angry, 5
Aegyptī, -ōrum m.: Egyptians	Linus, -ī m.: Linus, 2
Alemēna, -ae f.: Alcmena, 4	lūmen, lūminis n.: light, 3
alius, -a, -ud: other, another, else, 9	magister, magistrī m.: teacher
arcus, -ūs m.: bow, 4	marītūs, -ī m.: husband, 3
ars, artis f.: skill, craft, art, 5	minūm: less
Būsīris, -idis m.: Busiris	mīrus, -a, -um: wonderful, amazing, 7
centaurus, -ī m.: centaur, 12	mōnstrō (1): show, demonstrate, 3
cithara, -ae f.: cithera, lyre	mōrtuus, -a, -um: dead, 7
clāmor, -ōris m.: shout, roar, applause, 4	mūsica, -ae f.: music
collum, -ī n.: neck, 6	nārrō (1): narrate, relate, 7
comprimō, -ere, -pressī: press together, 2	nōmen, nōminis, n.: name, 12
cōfirmō (1): make strong, strengthen, 5	obiurgō (1): child, scold, reproach, 2
cōnsuēscō, -ere, -ēvī, -suētūm: accustom, 3	officiūm, -ī, n.: duty, 2
cōnsūmō, -ere, -mpsi, -mptūm: take, spend 9	ōlim: once, formerly, 10
corripiō, -ere, -uī, -reptūm: snatch (up), 6	palaestra, -ae f.: wrestling-court
crūdēlis, -e: cruel, bitter, bloody, 6	parvus, -a, -um: small, 3
diligenter: carefully, diligently, 3	percutiō, -ere, -cussī, -cussūm: strike, 2
discō, -ere, didicī: learn, come to know	posteā: after this, afterwards, 7
equus, -ī m.: horse, 7	prehendō, -ere, -hendī, -hēnsum: seize, 5
ērudiō, -ire, -īvī, -itūm: instruct	properō (1): hasten
excēdō, -ere, -cessī, -cessūm: go out, depart, 2	prōsternō, -ere, -strāvī, -ātūm: lay out, 3
excitō (1): excite, rouse, incite, 8	quisquam, quidquam: anyone, anything, 4
exclāmō (1): cry out, 3	rapiō, -ere, rapūi, raptūm: seize, snatch, 5
exerceō, -ēre, -uī, -erctūm: train, exercise.	rēgnō (1): rule, reign, 3
exercitatīo, -tōnis f.: training, exercise	rideō, -ere, risī, -risūm: laugh
finis, -is m./f.: end, limit, border, boundary, 12	serpēns, serpentis f.: serpent, 6
fortis, -e: strong, brave, valiant, 5	somnus, -ī m.: sleep, 14
frāter, -trīs m.: brother, 5	studeō, -ēre, -uī: be eager, be enthusiastic
gladius, -ī m.: sword, 10	studiōsus, -a, -um: eager, diligent, studious
haudquāquām: not at all, in no way, 2	suscipiō, -ere, -cēpī, -ceptūm: undertake, 14
ictus, -ūs m.: strike, blow, 4	tālis, -e: such, 6
immolō, -āre, -āvī, -ātūm: sacrifice	tēlūm, -ī n.: weapon, arrow, spear, 3
īnfelīx, -felīcis: unhappy, unfortunate, 2	terreō, -ēre, -uī, territūm: terrify, scare, 5
intendō, -ere, -ndī, -ntūm: stretch out, aim, 4	vinculum, -ī n.: bond, chain, 4
inter: between, among (+ acc.), 10	vīta, -ae, f.: life, 9
īphiclēs, -is m.: Iphicles	vōx, vōcīs, f.: voice, 9

- 1 **magnā vōce:** *in a loud...*; abl. of manner, loses prep. ‘cum’ when there is an adj.
- 3 **magnā vī:** *with great force*; abl. of manner; irreg. abl. sg. vīs
- 4 **tālī modō:** *in such a way*; abl. of manner, abl. sg. 3rd decl. i-stem adj. tālis, -e
- 12 **ā puerō:** *from boyhood*
- 13 **diēr:** partitive gen. sg. 5th decl. diēs
didicit: pf. discō
- 14 **vīrēs:** *strength*; fem. pl. of vīs, which translates as ‘force’ in the sg.
eīum: gen. sg., is, ea, id
- 16 **huic...artī:** dat. sg. ars, artis f.; obj. of

- studeō, ‘be eager or enthusiastic for (dat.)’
- 16 **minūm:** comp. adv. modifies dīligenter
- 18 **viribūm:** cf. line 14, abl. of means, note that this word is 3rd decl. while vir, virī ‘man’ is 2nd decl.
- 19 **paulō:** *(by) a little*; abl. of degree of difference modifies adverbial post, ‘later’
- 20 **ē vītā excessit:** euphemism for dying
id officiūm: *this duty*; demon. adj.
- 24 **Dē:** *about...*
haec: *these (things)*; neuter acc. pl.
- 25 **nōmine:** *by name*; abl. of respect
illō tempore: *at...*; abl. of time when

nūntiōs dīmīsit et diem sacrificiō ēdīxit. Mox ea diēs appetēbat, et 1
 omnia rīte parāta sunt. Manūs Herculis catēnīs ferreīs vīnctae sunt,
 et mola salsa in caput eius īnspersa est. Mōs enim erat apud
 antīquōs salem et far capitibus victimārum impōnere. Iam victima
 ad āram stābat; iam sacerdōs cultrum sūmpserat. Subitō tamen 5
 Herculēs magnō cōnātū vincula perrūpit; tum ictū sacerdōtem
 prōstrāvit; alterō rēgem ipsum occīdit.

16. A CRUEL DEED

Herculēs iam adulēscēns Thēbīs habitābat. Rēx Thēbārum, vir 10
 ignāvus, Creōn appellābātur. Minyae, gēns bellicōsissima,
 Thēbānīs fīnitimī erant. Lēgātī autem ā Minyīs ad Thēbānōs
 quotannīs mittēbantur; hī Thēbās veniēbant et centum bovēs
 postulābant. Thēbānī enim ōlim ā Minyīs superātī erant; tribūta
 igitur rēgī Minyārum quotannīs pendēbant. At Herculēs cīvēs suōs 15
 hōc stipendiō līberāre cōnstituit; lēgātōs igitur comprehendit, atque
 aurēs eōrum abscīdit. Lēgātī autem apud omnēs gentēs sāncī
 habentur.

17. THE DEFEAT OF THE MINYAE

20

Ergīnus, rēx Minyārum, ob haec vehementer īrātus statim cum
 omnibus cōpiīs in fīnēs Thēbānōrum contendit. Creōn adventum
 eius per explōrātōrēs cognōvit. Ipse tamen pugnāre nōluit, nam
 magnō timōre affectus erat; Thēbānī igitur Herculem imperātōrem
 creāvērunt. Ille nūntiōs in omnēs partēs dīmisit, et cōpiās coēgit; 25
 tum proximō diē cum magnō exercitū profectus est. Locum
 idōneum dēlēgit et aciem īstrūxit. Tum Thēbānī ē superiōre locō

- abscīdō, -ere, -cīdī, -cīsum:** cut away or off, 5
aciēs, -ēt f.: sharp edge, battle line, army, 3
adulēscēns, -entis: young (man), youth(ful), 3
adventus, -ūs m.: arrival, approach, 3
afficiō, -ere, -fēcī, fectum: influence, treat, 13
alter, -era, -erum: other (of two), second, 7
antiquus, -a, -um: ancient, 3
appellō (1): call (by name), name, 12
appetō, -ere, -ivī, -petītum: draw near, 3
apud: among, in the presence of (+ acc.), 9
āra, -ae f.: altar, 2
auris, -is f.: ear
bellicōsus, -a, -um: warlike, 2
catēna, -ae f.: chain, 2
centum: hundred, 3
cīvis, -is m/f.: citizen, fellow citizen, 5
cōgō, cōgere, -ēgī, -actum: collect, compel, 5
comprehendō, -ere, -dī, -sum: grasp, seize, 3
cōnātus, -ūs m.: attempt, effort, 7
contendō, -ere, -tī, -tum: hasten; fight, 11
cōpīa, -ae f.: abundance, supply; troops, 10
creō (1): create, 2
Creōn, -ntis m.: Creon, 5
culte, cultrī m.: knife
dēlīgō, -ere, -lēgī, -lectum: choose, select, 6
dēmittō, -ere, -mīsī, -missum: drop, 3
ēmittō, -ere, -mīsī, -missum: send out, 2
Ergīnus, -ī m.: Erginus
exercitus, -ūs m.: army, 2
explorātor, -ōris m.: scout, spy
far, farris n.: spelt (wheat), sacrificial meal
ferreus, -a, -um: of iron, iron
finis, -is m/f.: end, limit, border, boundary, 12
fīnitimus, -a, -um: neighboring, bordering, 2
gēns, gentis f.: clan, race, nation, herd, 4
ictus, -ūs m.: strike, blow, 4
idōneus, -a, -um: suitable, appropriate, 12
ignāvus, -a, -um: lazy, cowardly, 2
imperātor, -ōris m.: commander
impōnō, -ere, -posū, -positum: place on, 7
- īnspergō, -ere, -ersī, -ersum:** sprinkle upon
īstruō, -ere, -ūxī, -uctum: equip, draw up, 6
īrātus, -a, -um: angry, 5
lēgātus, -ī m.: ambassador, legate, 3
liberō (1): set free, release, 6
Minyaē, -ārum f.: Minyaē, 5
mola, -ae f.: meal
mōs, mōris m.: custom, manner, law, 6
nam: for, 6
nōlō, nōlle, nōluī: not... wish, be unwilling 12
nūntius, -ī m.: messenger, 12
ob: on account of (acc.), 13
occīdō, -ere, -cīdī, -cīsum: kill, cut down, 14
ōlim: once, formerly, 10
pendō, -ere, pependī, pēnsum: pay, hang
perrumpō, -ere, -rūpī, -ruptum: break
 through, 2
postulō (1): demand, claim, request, ask, 11
prōsternō, -ere, -strāvī, -ātum: lay out, 3
proximus, -a, -um: nearest, next, 5
pugnō (1): fight, 4
quotannīs: every year, yearly, 2
rīte: duly, fitly
sacerdōs, -dōtis m. f.: priest(ess), 2
sacrificium, -ī n.: sacrifice, 5
sal, salis m.: salt
salsus, -a, -um: salted, salty
sānctus, -a, -um: sacred, holy
stīpendium, -ī n.: tax, tribute
stō, -āre, stētī, stātum: stand, 8
sūmō, -ere, sūmpsī, sūmptum: take, 3
superior, -ium: higher, upper, 3
superō (1): overcome, defeat, 3
Thēbac, -ārum f.: Thebes, 4
Thēbānī, -ōrum m.: Theban, 7
tribūtum, -ī n.: tribute, tax, contribution
vehementer: strongly, violently, ardently, 11
victima, -ae f.: victim, 2
vīncīō, -īre, vīnxī, vīncutum: bind, tie, 4
vinculum, -ī n.: bond, chain, 4

-
- 1 **sacrificiō:** for sacrifice; dat. of purpose
ēdīxit: appointed, proclaimed
ea diēs: this day; a demonstrative adj.
 3 **Mōs erat:** it was the custom to; impersonal
 4 **capitibum:** on...; dat. of compound verb
magnō cōnātū: with...; abl. of manner
 7 **alterō (ictū):** with another blow; abl. means
 10 **Thēbīs:** in Thebes; locative (place where)
 11 **Creōn:** nom. predicate
bellicōsissima: superlative adj.
- 12 **Thēbānīs:** Thebans; dat. with a special
 adj. fīnitimī
 13 **hī:** these; i.e. the lēgātī, envoys
Thēbās: Thebes; place to which, towns
 and cities do no require ‘ad’
 15 **pendēbant:** used to pay; iterative impf
 16 **hōc stipendiō:** from...; abl. separation
 18 **habentur:** are held (to be); + nom. pred.
 22 **cōpīas:** troops; as often in Caesar
 26 **profectus est:** set out; pf. dep. proficiscor

impetum in hostēs fēcērunt. Illī autem impetum sustinēre nōn 1
potuērunt; itaque aciēs hostium pulsa est atque in fugam conversa.

18. MADNESS AND MURDER

Post hoc proelium Herculēs cōpiās suās ad urbem redūxit. Omnes 5
Thēbānī propter victoriā maximē gaudēbant; Creōn autem
magnīs honōribus Herculem decorāvit, atque fīliam suam eī in
mātrīmōnium dedit. Herculēs cum uxōre suā beātam vītam agēbat;
sed post paucōs annōs subitō in furōrem incidit, atque līberōs suōs 10
ipse suā manū occīdit. Post breve tempus ad sānitātem reductus est,
et propter hoc facinus magnō dolōre affectus est; mox ex urbe
effūgit et in silvās sē recēpit. Nolēbant enim cīvēs sermōnem cum
eō habēre.

19. HERCULES CONSULTS THE ORACLE

15

Herculēs tantum scelus expiāre magnopere cupiēbat. Cōnstituit
igitur ad ḍrāculum Delphicum īre; hoc enim ḍrāculum erat omnium
celeberrimum. Ibi templum erat Apollinis plūrimīs dōnīs ornātum.
Hōc in templō sedēbat fēmina quaedam, nōmine Pythia, et
cōnsilium dabat eīs quī ad ḍrāculum veniēbant. Haec autem fēmina 20
ab ipsō Apolline docēbātur, et voluntātem deī hominibus
ēnūtiābat. Herculēs igitur, quī Apollinem praecipue colēbat, hūc
vēnit. Tum rem tōtam exposuit, neque scelus cēlāvit.

20. THE ORACLE'S REPLY

25

Ubi Hercules fīnem fēcit, Pythia pīmō tacēbat; tandem tamen
iussit eum ad urbem Tīrynthā īre, et Eurystheī rēgis omnia
imperāta facere. Herculēs ubi haec audīvit, ad urbem illam
contendit, et Eurystheō rēgī sē in servitūtem trādidit. Duodecim

- aciēs, -ēt f.:** sharp edge, battle line, army, 3
afficiō, -ere, -fēcī, fectum: influence, treat, 13
agō, agere, ēgī, āctum: drive, lead, spend, 13
Apollō, Apollinis m.: Apollo, 7
beātus, -a, -um: blessed, happy, 3
celeber, -bris, -bre: frequented, celebrated, 2
cēlō (1): hide, conceal, 5
cīvis, -is m/f.: citizen, fellow citizen, 5
colō, -ere, coluī, cultum: cultivate, cherish, 3
contendō, -ere, -ī, -tum: hasten; fight, 11
convertō, -ere, -ī, -rsum: turn (around), 6
cōpia, -ae f.: abundance, supply; troops, 10
Creōn, -ntis m.: Creon, 5
cupiō, -ere, -ivī, -itum: desire, long for, 4
decorō (1): adorn, distinguish, 2
Delphicus, -a, -um: Delphic
doceō, -ere, -uī, -ctum: teach, tell, 9
dōnum, -ī n.: gift, 6
duodecim: twelve, 6
effugiō, -ere, -fūgī: flee away, escape
ēnūtiō (1): speak out
eō, ire, iī (ivī), itūrum: go, 3
expiō (1): atone for, expiate, 2
expōnō, -ere, -suī, -situm: set out, explain 7
facinus, facinoris n.: bad deed, crime, 1
fēmina, -ae f.: woman, 3
finis, -is m/f.: end, limit, border, boundary, 12
fuga, -ae f.: flight, haste, exile, speed, 6
furor, -ōris m.: rage, fury, madness, 4
gaudeō, -ere, gāvīsus sum: enjoy, rejoice, 4
honor, -ōris m.: honor, glory; offering, 4
hostis, -is m/f.: stranger, enemy, foe, 5
hūc: this place, hither, 2
imperō (1): order, command, 12
impetus, -ūs m.: attack, onset, assault, 9
incidō, -ere, -cidī: fall into, fall upon, 3
itaque: and so, 8
liberī, -ōrum m.: children
mātrīmōnium, -ī n.: marriage, 6
maximē: especially, very greatly, 5
nōlō, nōlle, nōluī: not...wish, be unwilling 12
nōmen, nōminis, n.: name, 12
occidō, -ere, -cidī, -cīsum: kill, cut down, 14
ōrāculum, -ī n.: oracle, 11
ōrnō (1): equip, adorn
plūrimus, -a, -um: most, very many, 3
praecipuē: especially, 2
proelium, -ī n.: battle, 4
propter: on account of, because of, 6
Pŷthia, -ae f.: Pythia, 4
recipiō, -ere, -cēpī, -ceptum: accept, take back, 8
reducō, -ere, -dūxī, -tum: lead/bring back, 11
sānitās, -tātis f.: soundness, sanity
scelus, sceleris n.: wickedness, crime, 4
sedeō, -ēre, sēdī, sessum: sit, 6
sermō, sermōnis m.: conversation, talk, 2
servitūs, servitūtis, f.: servitude, 2
silva, -ae f.: wood, forest, woodland, 7
sustineō, -ere, -uī, -tentum: hold up, endure 7
taceō, -ēre, -uī, -itum: be silent, 2
templum, -ī n.: temple, 3
Thēbānī, -ōrum m.: Theban, 7
Tiryns, Tiryonthis f. (acc. Tiryntha): Tiryns
uxor, uxōris f.: wife, spouse, 10
victōria, -ae f.: victory
vīta, -ae, f.: life, 9
voluntās, -tātis f.: will, wish, permission, 1

- 1 **in hostēs:** against...; as often in battle
 2 **in fugam:** flight
 5 **cōpiās:** troops
 7 **et:** him; dat. sg. ind. obj. is, ea, id
 8 **agēbat:** lived; idiom with vītam
 10 **ipse:** he himself; supply a subject
 11 **affectus est:** was afflicted
 12 **sē recēpit:** retreated; sē recipere is a common idiom for “retreat”
 16 **tantum scelum:** neuter acc. sg.
 17 **ire:** go; inf. eō
 omnium: partitive gen. with superlative
 18 **celeberrimum:** predicate, superlative adj.
 erat...ornātum: ornātum erat, plpf. pass.

- 20 **eīs:** dat. pl. ind. obj. with dabat
 21 **hominibum:** dat. pl. ind. obj.
 22 **colebat:** used to worship; iterative
 hūc: here; place to which of hīc
 scelum: neuter acc. sg.
 26 **prīmo:** at first; adverb
 ire: go; inf. eō
 27 **Tiryontha:** Grk. acc. sg.
 Eurysthēī rēgis: gen. sg.
 28 **imperāta:** commands; ‘things having been commanded’ neuter acc. pl. PPP (pf. pass. pple) of imperō
 29 **Eurysthēō rēgī:** dat. ind. obj.

annōs crūdēlissimō Eurystheō serviēbat, et duodecim labōrēs, quōs 1
ille imperāverat, cōnfēcit; hōc enim ūnō modō tantum scelus
expiārī potuit. Dē hīs labōribus plūrima ā poētīs scrip̄ta sunt. Multa
tamen quae poētae nārrant vix crēdibilia sunt.

5

21. 1st LABOR: THE NEMEAN LION

Prīmum ab Eurystheō iussus est Herculēs leōnem occīdere quī illō tempore vallem Nemeaeam reddēbat īfēstam. In silvās igitur in quibus leō habitābat statim sē contulit. Mox feram vīdit, et arcum, quem sēcum attulerat, intendit; eius tamen pellem, quae dēnsissima erat, trāicere nōn potuit. Tum clāvā magnā quam semper gerēbat leōnem percussit, frūstrā tamen; neque enim hōc modō eum occīdere potuit. Tum dēmum collum mōnstrī bracchiīs suīs complexus est et fauēs eius omnibus vīribus compressit. Hōc modō leō brevī tempore exanimātus est; nūlla enim respīrandī facultās eī dabātur. Tum Herculēs cadāver ad oppidum in umerīs rettulit; et pellem, quam dētrāxerat, posteā prō veste gerēbat. Omnēs autem quī eam regiōnem incolēbant, ubi fāmam dē morte leōnis accēpērunt, vehementer gaudēbant et Herculem magnō honōre habēbant.

10

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22. 2nd LABOR: THE LERNEAN HYDRA

Paulō post iussus est ab Eurystheō Hydram necāre. Hoc autem mōnstrum erat cui novem erant capita. Herculēs igitur cum amīcō Iolaō profectus est ad palūdem Lernaeam, in quā Hydra habitābat. Mox mōnstrum invēnit, et quamquam rēs erat magnī perīculī,

25

afferō, -ferre, attulī, allātum: carry to bring	5	leō, leonis m.: lion, 5
amicus, -ī m.: friend, 6		Lernaeus, -a, -um: of Lerna
arcus, -ūs m.: bow, 4		mors, mortis, f.: death, 9
bracchium, -ī n.: arm, 2		nārrō (1): narrate, relate, 7
cadāver, -eris n.: corpse, dead body, 3		neō (1): kill, slay, put to death, 9
clāva, -ae f.: club		Nemeaeus, -a, -um: of Nemea
collum, -ī n.: neck, 6		novem: nine, 3
complector, -plectī, -plexus sum: embrace, 3		occidō, -ere, -cīdī, -cīsum: kill, cut down, 14
comprimō, -ere, -pressī: press together, 2		oppidum, -ī n.: town, 4
crēdibilis, -e: credible, 2		palūs, palūdis f.: swamp, marsh, 3
crūdēlis, -e: cruel, bitter, bloody, 6		pellis, -is f.: hide, skin, pelt, 2
dēmum: at length, finally, 3		percutīō, -ere, -cussī, -cussum: strike, 2
dēnsus, -a, -um: thick, 2		plūrimus, -a, -um: most, very many, 3
dētrahō, -ere, -axī, -actum: draw away/off, 2		poēta, -ae m.: poet, 4
duodecim: twelve, 6		posteā: after this, afterwards, 7
exanimō (1): kill, exhaust, 9		prō: before, in front of, for, 9
expiō (1): expiate, 2		quamquam: although, 4
facultās, -tatis f.: ability, opportunity, 5		reddō, -ere, didī, dditum: give back, render 4
fāma, -ae f.: fame, reputation, report, rumor	7	respīrō (1): breathe back, breathe out, 2
faucēs, -ium f.: throat, 2		scelus, sceleris n.: wickedness, crime, 4
fera, -ae f.: wild animal, beast		scribō, -ere, scripsī, scriptum: write, 2
frūstrā: in vain, for nothing, 13		semper: always, ever, forever, 2
gaudeō, -ēre, gāvīsus sum: enjoy, rejoice, 4		serviō, -īre, -īvī, -ītum: be slave to, serve
honor, -ōris m.: honor, glory; offering, 4		silva, -ae f.: wood, forest, woodland, 7
Hydra, -ae f.: Hydra (many-headed snake), 5		trāiciō, -ere, -iēctī, -iectum: pierce, throw
imperō (1): order, command, 12		across
incolō, -ere, -ui: inhabit, 4		umerus, -ī m.: shoulder, 3
īnfestus, -a, -um: unsafe, dangerous; hostile		vallis, -is f.: valley, vale, 2
intendō, -ere, -ndī, -ntum: stretch out, aim, 4		vehementer: strongly, violently, ardently, 11
inveniō, -ire, -vēnī, -vētum: find, discover	8	vestis, -is f.: clothing, 12
Iolāus, -ī m.: Iolaus		vix: with difficulty, with effort, scarcely, 5

- 1 annōs: *for...*; acc. of duration
 serviēbat: *served*; governs a dative object
- 2 hōc...ūnō modō: *in this one way*; manner
 scelum: nom. subj., neuter sg.
- 3 expiārī: passive inf. expiō, expiāre
 plūrima: *very many (things)*; neuter pl.
 subject, superlative of multus
 multa: *many things*; subject
- 7 prīmū: *first (of all)*; adverbial acc.
 illō tempore: *at...*; abl. time when
- 9 sē contulit: *carried himself*; i.e. he went,
 pf. cōfērō
- 10 sēcum: cum sē
 attulerat: plpf. afferō
- 11 gerēbat: *he was carrying*
- 12 frūstrā: *in vain*; adverb
- hōc modō: *in this way*; abl. of manner
- 14 vīribum: *with strength*; abl. of means,
 pl. of vīs, ‘force,’ 3rd declension endings

- distinguish it from vir, virī
 complexus est: a deponent verb; translate
 as a perfect active verb
- 15 brevī tempore: *at...*; abl. time when,
 3rd decl. i-stem abl. sg.
 respīrandī: gen. sg. of the gerund (-ing)
 modifying nom. sg. facultās
- 16 eī: dat. sg. indirect object of is, ea, id
- 17 rettulit: pf. referō
- 19 magnō honōre: *in great honor*
- 23 paulō: *a little*; abl. of degree of difference
- 24 cui...erant: *(the one) to whom there were*;
 i.e. ‘who had’ or ‘whose...were’ dat. of
 possession is common with a form of sum
- 25 profectus est: pf. dep. proficīscor,
 translate as pf. active
- 26 magnī periculī: *of great danger*; genitive
 of description in the predicative position

collum eius sinistrā prehendit. Tum dextrā capita novem abscīdere 1
coepit; quotiēns tamen hoc fēcerat, nova capita exoriēbantur. Diū
frūstrā labōrābat; tandem hōc cōnātū dēstitit. Deinde arborēs
succīdere et ignem accendere cōnstituit. Hoc celeriter fēcit, et
postquam ligna ignem comprehendērunt, face ārdente colla adūssit, 5
unde capita exoriēbantur. Nec tamen sine magnō labōre haec fēcit;
vēnit enim auxiliō Hydrae cancer ingēns, quī, dum Herculēs capita
abscīdit, crūra eius mordēbat. Postquam mōnstrum tālī modō
interfēcit, sagittās suās sanguine eius imbuit, itaque mortiferās
reddidit. 10

23. 3rd LABOR: THE CERYNEAN STAG

Postquam Eurystheō caedēs Hydrae nūntiāta est, magnus timor
animum eius occupāvit. Iussit igitur Herculem cervum quendam ad
sē referre; nōluit enim virum tantae audāciae in urbe retinēre. Hic 15
autem cervus, cuius cornua aurea fuisse trāduntur, incrēdibilī fuit
celeritāte. Herculēs igitur prīmō vestīgiīs eum in silvā
persequēbātur; deinde ubi cervum ipsum vīdit, omnibus vīribus
currere coepit. Ūsque ad vesperum currēbat, neque nocturnum
tempus sibi ad quiētem relinquēbat, frūstrā tamen; nūllō enim 20
modō cervum cōsequī poterat. Tandem postquam tōtum annum
cucurrerat (ita trāditur), cervum cursū exanimātum cēpit, et vīvum
ad Eurystheum rettulit.

24. 4th LABOR: THE ERYMANTHIAN BOAR

Tum vērō iussus est Herculēs aprum quendam capere quī illō 25
tempore agrōs Erymanthiōs vāstābat et incolās huius regiōnis
magnopere terrēbat. Herculēs rem suscēpit et in Arcadiam

- abscīdō, -ere, -cīdī, -cīsum:** cut away or off, 5
accēndō, -ere, -ndī, -cēnsum: kindle, light, 2
adūrō, -ūrere, -ūssī, ūstum: set fire to, burn
ager, -grī m.: land, field, territory, 11
aper, aprī m.: wild boar, 3
arbor, arboris f.: tree, 5
Arcadia, -ae f.: Arcadia, 2
ārdeō, -ere, ārsī, ārsum: be on fire, burn, 3
audācia, -ae f.: boldness, audacity, 2
aureus, -a, -um: golden, 13
caedēs, -is f.: slaughter, killing
cancer, -cancrī m.: crab
celeritās, -tātis f.: speed, quickness, 7
celeriter: swiftly, quickly
cervus, -ī m.: stag, 5
collum, -ī n.: neck, 6
comprehēndō, -ere, -dī, -sum: grasp, seize, 3
cōnātus, -ūs m.: attempt, effort, 7
cōnsequor, -i, secūtum: follow; pursue, 3
cornū, -ūs n.: horn, 2
crūs, crūris n.: leg
currō, -ere, cucurri, cursum: run, rush, fly, 4
cursus, -ūs m.: course, running, haste, 10
deinde: then, thereupon, 8
dēsistō, -ere, -stītī, -stitum: desist, stop, 5
dexter, -tra, -trum: right (hand); favorable
diū: a long time, long, 13
Erymanthius, -a, -um: of Erymanthus
exanimō (1): kill, exhaust, 9
exoriō, -orīrī, -ortus sum: arise from, rise, 2
fax, facis f.: torch, firebrand, 2
frūstrā: in vain, for nothing, 13
Hydra, -ae f.: Hydra (many-headed snake), 5
ignis, ignis, m.: fire, 9
imbuō, -uere, -buī, -būtum: wet, soak, 2
incola, -ae m.: inhabitant, 7
- incrēdibilis, -e:** incredible, 2
itaque: and so, 8
labōrō (1): work, toil, labor, strive, 2
lignum, -ī n.: wood, 3
mordeō, -ere, momordī, morsum: bite
mortifer, -fera, -ferum: death-bearing, 2
nec: and not, nor, 10
nocturnus, -a, -um: nocturnal, 2
nōlō, nōlle, nōluī: not...wish, be unwilling 12
novem: nine, 3
novus, -a, -um: new, 4
nūntiō (1): announce, 3
occupō (1): occupy, seize, 8
persequor, -sequī, -secūtus sum: follow up
prehendō, -ere, -hendī, -hēnsum: seize, 5
quiēs, quiētis f.: rest, repose, sleep, 5
quotiēns: as often as, 2
reddō, -ere, didī, dditum: give back, render 4
relinquō, -ere, -liquī, -lictum: leave behind, 9
retineō, -ere, -ui, -tentum: hold/keep back, 3
sagitta, -ae f.: arrow, 10
sanguis, sanguinis m.: blood, 6
silva, -ae f.: wood, forest, woodland, 7
sinistra, -ae f.: left hand
succīdō, -ere, -cīdī, -cīsum: cut down or off
suscipiō, -ere, -cēpī, -ceptum: undertake, 14
tālis, -e: such, 6
terreō, -ere, -ui, territum: terrify, scare, 5
unde: whence, from which source, 6
ūsque: all the way to, up to, continuously, 2
vāstō (1): lay waste, 2
vērō: in truth, in fact, certainly, 5
vesper, vesperī m.: evening, 4
vestīgium, -ī n.: track, foot-print, 4
vīvus, -a, -um: living, alive, 4

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- 1 **sinistrā (manū):** with is left (hand); abl. of means
dextrā (manū): abl. means
exoribantur: impf. deponent
3 **frūstrā:** in vain; adverb
hōc cōnātū: from...; abl. of separation
5 **ligna:** nom. subject, neuter plural
face ārdente: abl. abs.; pres. pple ārdeō
7 **auxiliō Hydræ:** as help for the Hydra;
 ‘for help,’ double dative (dat. purpose and
 dat. of interest)
8 **eium:** gen. sg. is, ea, id; i.e. Heracles’
talī modō: in such a way; abl. of manner,
 3rd decl. i-stem abl.
- 9 **mortiferās reddidit:** rendered (the arrows)
 deadly; mortiferās is acc. pred.
15 **referre:** irreg. inf. of re-ferō
tantae audacie: of...; gen. of description
16 **fuisse:** pf. inf. sum
trāduntur: are reported
incrēdibili celeritāte: of...; abl. of quality
17 **prīmō:** adverb
18 **persequēbātur:** impf. dep., translate act.
20 **sibi:** for him; dat. of interest
21 **cōnsequī:** catch up with; dep. inf.
22 **ita trāditur:** thus it is reported
23 **rettulit:** pf. referō
25 **illō tempore:** in...; abl. of time when

profectus est. Postquam in silvam paulum prōgressus est, aprō 1 occurrit. Ille autem simul atque Herculem vīdit, statim refūgit; et timōre perterritus in altam fossam sē proiect. Herculēs igitur laqueum quem attulerat iniēcit, et summā cum difficultāte aprum ē fossā extrāxit. Ille etsī fortiter repugnābat, nūllō modō sē līberāre 5 potuit; et ab Hercule ad Eurystheum vīvus relātus est.

25. HERCULES AT THE CENTAUR'S CAVE

Dē quartō lābōre, quem suprā nārrāvimus, haec etiam trāduntur. Herculēs dum iter in Arcadiam facit, ad eam regiōnem vēnit quam centaurī incolēbant. Cum nox iam appeteret, ad spēluncam dēvertit in quā centaurus quīdam, nōmine Pholus, habitābat. 10

Ille Herculem benignē excēpit et cēnam parāvit. At Herculēs postquam cēnāvit, vīnum ā Pholō postulāvit. Erat autem in spēluncā magna amphora vīnō optimō replēta, quam centaurī ibi dēposuerant. Pholus igitur hoc vīnum dare nolēbat, quod reliquōs centaurōs timēbat; nūllum tamen vīnum praeter hoc in spēluncā habēbat. "Hoc vīnum," inquit, "mihi commissum est. Sī igitur hoc dabō, centaurī mē interficient." Herculēs tamen eum irrīsit, et ipse pōculum vīnī dē amphorā hausit. 15 20

26. THE FIGHT WITH THE CENTAURS

Simul atque amphora aperta est, odor iūcundissimus undique diffūsus est; vīnum enim suāvissimum erat. Centaurī nōtum odōrem sēnsērunt et omnēs ad locum convēnērunt. Ubi ad spēluncam pervēnērunt, magnopere īrātī erant quod Herculem 25

afferō, -ferre, attulī, allātum: carry to bring 5	iūcundus, -a, -um: pleasant, sweet
altus, -a, -um: high, lofty, tall, 2	laqueus, -ī m.: noose
amphora, -ae f.: amphora, jar, 3	liberō (1): set free, release, 6
aper, aprī m.: wild boar, 3	nārrō (1): narrate, relate, 7
aperiō, -tre, -uī, -ertum: open, disclose, 3	nōlō, nōlle, nōluī: not...wish, be unwilling 12
appetō, -ere, -ivī, -petitum: draw near, 3	nōmen, nōminis, n.: name, 12
Arcadia, -ae f.: Arcadia, 2	nōtus, -a, -um: known, familiar, 3
benignus, -a, -um: kind, 4	nox, noctis, f.: night, 7
cēna, -ae f.: dinner, 5	occurrō, -ere: run into, meet, attack, 2
centaurus, -ī m.: centaur, 12	odor, odōris m.: smell, odor, 2
cēnō (1): dine, eat dinner, 2	optimus, -a, -um: best, noblest, finest
committō, -mittere, -mīsī: commit, entrust, 6	perterreō, -ēre: frighten, terrify, 5
cōnveniō, -tre, vēnī, ventum: come together 8	Pholus, -ī m.: Pholus, 6
dēpōnō, -ere, -suī, -situm: put down/aside, 9	pōculum, -ī n.: cup, 7
dēvertō, -ere, -vertī: turn away, turn aside	postulō (1): demand, claim, request, ask, 11
difficultās, -tātis f.: difficulty, 7	praeter: except, besides, 2
diffundō, -ere, -fūdī, -fūsum: pour out	prōiciō, -icere, -iēci, -iectum: throw forth, 4
etsī: even if, although, though, 13	quartus, -a, -um: one-fourth, 3
excipiō, ere, cēpi, ceptum: take out, receive 9	refugiō, -ere, -fūgti: flee back, 5
extrahō, -ere, -trāxī, -tractum: draw out, 2	repleō, -ēre, -plēvī, -plētum: fill again, fill, 4
fortiter: bravely, 2	repugnō (1): fight against, oppose, resist, 2
fossa, -ae f.: ditch, trench, 3	silva, -ae f.: wood, forest, woodland, 7
hauriō, haurīre, hausī, -stum: drink, draw	simul: at the same time; at once, together, 10
incolō, -ere, -uī: inhabit, 4	suāvis, -e: sweet, pleasant
inicioō, -ere, -iēci, -iectum: throw in or upon, 2	suprā: above, before, 6
inquam, inquis, inquit: say, 6	timeō, -ēre, -uī: fear, dread, 6
inrīdeō, -ēre, -rīsī, -risum: laugh at, mock	undique: from everywhere, from all sides, 7
īrātus, -a, -um: angry, 5	vīvus, -a, -um: living, alive, 4

-
- 1 **profectus est:** pf. dep. proficiscor, translate in the pf. active
paulum: adverbial acc.
progressus est: pf. dep. progredior
aprō: dat. obj. of a compound verb
- 2 **simul atque:** *as soon as*; ‘the same time as’
- 3 **altam:** deep
- 4 **attulerat:** pf. afferō
- 5 **etsī:** although
nūllō modō: *in no way*; abl. of manner
- 6 **relātus est:** pf. pass. re-ferō
- 9 **dē:** about
- 9 **suprā:** above; i.e. earlier in the story
haec: neut. pl. nom. subject
trāduntur: are reported
- 10 **eam:** *that*; demonstrative adj.
- 12 **nōmine:** *by name*; abl. of respect
- 13 **benignē:** -ē ending forms an adverb
- 14 **Erat:** *there was*
- 15 **replēta:** PPP (pf. pass. pple) repleō
- 18 **mīhi:** dat. ind. object
commissum est: *was entrusted*
Sī...dabō, interficiēnt: *If I give...will kill*; fut. more vivid condition (sī, fut. ind., fut. ind.), the protasis (dabō) in English translation is pres. in form but fut. in sense
- 23 **Simul atque:** *as soon as*; ‘at the same time as’
īrātī: *angered*; predicate nominative

bibentem vīdērunt. Tum arma rapuērunt et Pholū interficere 1
 volēbant. Herculēs tamen in aditū spēluncae cōstituit et impetum
 eōrum fortissimē sustinēbat. Facēs ārdentēs in eōs coniēcit; multōs
 etiam sagittīs suīs vulnerāvit. Hae autem sagittae eaedem erant
 quae sanguine Hydræ oīlim imbūtae erant. Omnēs igitur quōs ille 5
 sagittīs vulnerāverat venēnō statim absūmptī sunt; reliquī autem
 ubi hoc vīdērunt, terga vertērunt et fugā salūtem petiērunt.

27. THE FATE OF PHOLUS

Postquam reliquī fūgērunt, Pholus ex spēluncā ēgressus est, et 10
 corpora spectābat eōrum quī sagittīs interfectī erant. Magnopere
 autem mirātus est quod tam levī vulnere exanimātī erant, et causam
 eius reī quaerēbat. Adiit igitur locum ubi cadāver cuiusdam
 centaurī iacēbat, et sagittam ē vulnere trāxit. Haec tamen sīve cāsū
 sīve cōnsiliō deōrum ē manibus eius lāpsa est, et pedem leviter 15
 vulnerāvit. Ille extemplō dolōrem gravem per omnia membra
 sēnsit, et post breve tempus vī venēnī exanimātus est. Mox
 Herculēs, quī reliquōs centaurōs secūtus erat, ad spēluncam rediit,
 et magnō cum dolōre Pholū mortuum vīdit. Multīs cum lacrimīs 20
 corpus amicī ad sepultūram dedit; tum, postquam alterum pōculum
 vīnī exhausit, somnō sē dedit.

28. 5th LABOR: THE AUGEAN STABLES

Deinde Eurystheus Herculī hunc labōrem graviōrem imposuit. 25
 Augēās quīdam, quī illō tempore rēgnū in Ēlide obtinēbat, tria
 mīlia boūm habēbat. Hī in stabulō ingentis magnitūdinis

absūmō, -ere, -mpsī, -mptum: take away, 2
adeō, -ire, -i(v)ī: go to, approach, 4
aditus, -ūs m.: approach, access, entrance, 2
alter, -era, -erum: other (of two), second, 7
amicus, -ī m.: friend, 6
ārdeō, -ere, ārsī, ārsum: be on fire, burn, 3
arma, -ōrum n.: arms, equipment, tools, 6
Augēas, -ae m.: Augeas
bibō, -ere, bibī: drink, 4
cadāver, -eris n.: corpse, dead body, 3
cāsus, -ūs m.: misfortune, accident, event, 8
centaurus, -ī m.: centaur, 12
cōnstō, -stāre, -stītī, -stītum: stand firm, stand together; cost; it is agreed, 6
deinde: then, thereupon, 8
Ēlis, -idis f.: Elis
exanimō (1): kill, exhaust, 9
exhauriō, -ire, -ausī, -austum: drink up
extemplō: immediately, straightaway
fax, facis f.: torch, firebrand, 2
fortis, -e: strong, brave, valiant, 5
fuga, -ae f.: flight, haste, exile, speed, 6
fugiō, fugere, fūgī, --: flee, hurry away, 9
Hydra, -ae f.: Hydra (many-headed snake), 5
iaceō, -ere, -uī: lie, lie low, 3
imbuō, -uere, -buī, -būtum: wet, soak, 2
impetus, -ūs m.: attack, onset, assault, 9
impōnō, -ere, -posuī, -positum: place on, 7
lābor, lābī, lāpsus sum: slip, glide
lacrima, -ae f.: tear, 10
levis, leve: light, slight, 2

magnitūdō, -tūdīnis f.: size, greatness, 13
membrum, -ī n.: limb, member, 10
mīlle (pl. mīlia): thousand, 7
mīror, -ārī, -ātus sum: be amazed at, 7
mortuus, -a, -um: dead, 7
obtineō, -ere, -uī, -tentum: hold, maintain, 9
ōlim: once, formerly, 10
pēs, pedis m.: foot, 8
petō, petere, petīvī, petītum: seek, aim at, 10
Pholus, -ī m.: Pholus, 6
pōculum, -ī n.: cup, 7
rapiō, -ere, rapuī, raptum: seize, snatch, 5
sagitta, -ae f.: arrow, 10
sanguis, sanguinis m.: blood, 6
sepultūra, -ae f.: burial, 2
sequor, -ī, secūtus sum: follow; attend, 4
sīve: or if, whether if, 6
somnus, -ī m.: sleep, 14
spectō (1): watch, look at
stabulum, -ī n.: stable, inclosure, 5
sustineō, -ere, -uī, -tentum: hold up, endure 7
tam: so, so much, so very, such, 8
tergum, -ī n.: back, 8
trahō, -ere, trāxī, tractum: draw, drag, 6
trēs, tria: three, 9
venēnum, -ī n.: poison, 7
vertō, -ere, vertī, versum: turn, 4
volō (1): fly, 3
vulnerō (1): wound, injure, 7
vulnus, -eris n.: wound, blow, 6

- 1 **bibentem:** pres. pple bibō
- 3 **fortissimē:** very...; superlative adverb
- sustinēbat:** was holding off
- Facēs:** acc. pl. fax
- ārdentēs:** pres. pple ārdeō
in: 'at' or 'against' in context of fighting
- 4 **eaedem:** the same; the suffix -dem does not decline, but eae- modifies sagittae
- 6 **reliqui:** the remaining (centaurs)
- 7 **fugā:** in flight; abl. of mean
- peti(v)ērunt:** syncopated pf. petō
- 10 **reliqui:** the remaining (centaurs)
- ēgressus est:** pf. dep. ēgredior
- 11 **eōrum:** of those; demonstrative in sense
- 12 **levī vulnere:** abl. of means; i-stem 3rd decl. adj.
- 13 **eius reī:** of this matter; gen. sg.
Adiit: pf. ad-eō
cuiusdam: gen. sg. quīdam

- 14 **iacēbat:** from iaceō, iacēre, 'to lie down' not iaciō, iacere, 'to throw'
- sīve...sīve:** whether...or
- cāsū:** by chance; abl. of cause, elsewhere cāsus means 'misfortune'
- 15 **cōnsiliō:** by the plan; abl. of cause
- lāpsa est:** pf. deponent
- eīum:** gen. sg., i.e. Pholus
- 17 **vī:** abl. of means, vīs
- venēnī:** gen. sg.
- 18 **secūtus est:** pf. dep., translate act.
- rediīt:** pf. red-eō
- 19 **magnō cum dolōre, multīs cum lacrimīs:** abl. of manner, adj. is emphasized
- 20 **ad:** for...; expressing purpose
- 21 **sommō:** sleep; dat. ind. obj.
- 24 **graviorem:** comparative adjective
- 26 **bo(v)ūm:** of cattle; gen. pl. bōs
- ingentis magnitūdinis:** gen. of description

inclūdēbantur. Stabulum autem inluviē ac squālōre erat obsitum, 1
neque enim ad hoc tempus umquam purgātum erat. Hoc Herculēs
intrā spatium ūnīus diēī purgārē iussus est. Ille, etsī rēs erat multae
operae, negōtium suscēpit. Prīnum magnō labōre fossam
duodēvīgintī pedum dūxit, per quam flūminis aquam dē montibus 5
ad murum stabulī perdūxit. Tum postquam mūrum perrūpit, aquam
in stabulum immīsit et tālī modō contrā opīniōnem omnium opus
cōnfēcit.

29. 6th LABOR: THE STYMPHALIAN BIRDS

10

Post paucōs diēs Herculēs ad oppidum Stymphālum iter fēcit;
imperāverat enim eī Eurystheus ut avēs Stymphalidēs necāret. Hae
avēs rostra aēnea habēbant et carne hominum vēscēbantur. Ille
postquam ad locum pervēnit, lacum vīdit; in hōc autem lacū, quī
nōn procul erat ab oppidō, avēs habitābant. Nūlla tamen dabātur 15
appropinquandī facultās; lacus enim nōn ex aquā sed ē līmō
cōnstituit. Herculēs igitur neque pedibus neque lintre prōgredī
potuit.

Ille cum magnam partem diēī frūstrā cōsumpsisset, hōc cōnātū
dēstitit et ad Volcānum sē contulit, ut auxilium ab eō peteret. 20
Volcānus (quī ab fabrīs maximē colēbātur) crepundia quae ipse ex
aere fabricātus erat Herculī dedit. Hīs Herculēs tam acrem crepitum
fēcit ut avēs perterritae āvolārent. Ille autem, dum āvolant,
magnum numerum eārum sagittīs trānsfīxit.

ac: and, and also, 14
acer, acris, acre: sharp; fierce, keen
aēneus, -a, -um: of bronze, 3
aes, aeris n.: bronze, 2
appropinquō (1): come near, approach, 8
aqua, -ae f.: water, 11
avis, avis f.: bird, 4
āvolō (1): fly away, 2
carō, carnis f.: flesh, meat, 4
colō, -ere, coluī, cultum: cultivate, cherish, 3
cōnātūs, -ūs m.: attempt, effort, 7
cōnstō, -stāre, -stītī, -stītūm: stand firm, stand together; cost; it is agreed, 6
cōnsūmō, -ere, -mp̄sī, -mp̄tūm: take, spend 9
contrā: against (+ acc.), 7
crepitus, -ūs m.: rattle, clatter
crepundia, -ōrum n.: rattle
dēsistō, -ere, -stītī, -stītūm: desist, stop, 5
dūcō, -ere, dūxī, ductum: lead, draw, bring, 5
duo-dē-vigintī: eighteen
etsī: even if, although, though, 13
faber, fabrī m.: smith, engineer, 2
fabricor, -ārī, -ātūs sum: make, fashion
facultās, -tātīs f.: ability, opportunity, 5
fossa, -ae f.: ditch, trench, 3
frūstrā: in vain, for nothing, 13
immittō, -ere, -mīsī, -missum: send in, 2
imperō (1): order, command, 12
includō, -ere, -ūsī, -ūsum: close in, shut in, 7
inlūvies, -eī f.: dirt, filth
intrā: within, among (+ acc.), 4
lacus, -ūs m.: lake, 3
limus, -ī m.: mud

linter, lintris f.: boat, skiff, 3
maximē: especially, very greatly, 5
mōns, montis m.: mountain, mount, 5
mūrus, -ī m.: (city) wall, rampart, 4
necō (1): kill, slay, put to death, 9
negōtium, ī n.: task, business, occupation, 13
numerus, -ī m.: number, multitude, 7
obsitus, -a, -um: overgrown or covered with
opera, -ae f.: effort, work
opīnōd, -iōnis f.: opinion, reputation, 6
oppidum, -ī n.: town, 4
opus, -eris n.: work, deed, toil, 9
perducō, -ere, -dūxī, -ctūm: lead through, 4
perrumpō, -ere, -rūpī, -ruptum: break through, 2
perterreō, -ere: frighten, terrify, 5
pēs, pedis m.: foot, 8
petō, petere, petīvī, petītūm: seek, aim at, 10
procul: from afar, from a distance, 5
purgō (1): cleanse, make clean, 2
rostrum, -ī n.: beak
sagitta, -ae f.: arrow, 10
spatium, -ī n.: space, span, extent, 6
squālor, -ōris m.: dirt, filth
stabulum, -ī n.: stable, inclosure, 5
Stymphalis, -idis: of Stymphalus
suscipiō, -ere, -cēpī, -ceptūm: undertake, 14
tālis, -e: such, 6
tam: so, so much, so very, such, 8
trānsfigō, -figere, -fixī, -fixum: pierce, 4
umquam: ever, 5
vēscor, vēscī: feed on, eat (+ abl.) 3
Volcānus, -ī m.: Vulcan, 13

- 2 **ad hoc tempum:** up to..., until...
 3 **ūnūs diēī:** of one day; gen. sg., ūnus has -ūs in the gen. sg. and -ī in dat. sg.
multae operaē: of...; gen. description as predicate; gen. of 1st decl. opera, -ae f.
 4 **prīmūm:** adverb
 5 **pedum:** gen. pl. of measure after fossam
dūxit: drew up a ditch; i.e. ‘dig’ or ‘build’
 7 **tālī modō:** in such a way; abl. of manner
opīnōnēm: expectation; with contrā
opūm: neuter acc. sg. direct object
 12 **imperāverat:** had ordered (dat) that
eī: dat. ind. obj. is, ea, id
ut...necāret: that...; ind. command, impf. subj. in secondary seq. (main verb is in the past); you may translate this construction ‘that he kill’ or often as an inf. ‘to kill...’

- 13 **vēscēbantur:** governs an abl. obj.
 16 **appropinquandī:** of approaching; a gen. sg. gerund modifying facultās
 17 **neque...neque:** neither...nor
prōgredī: dep. inf. prōgredior, translate as an active inf.
 19 **cum...cōsumpsisset:** when...had spent; cum + plpf. subjunctive, translate in plpf. tense
hōc cōnātū: from...; abl. of separation
sē contulit: carried himself; pf. cōferō
 20 **ut...peteret:** so that...he might seek; purpose clause, impf. subjunctive
 22 **hīs:** with...; means, i.e. the crepundia
 23 **ut...āvolārent:** that..flew away; result clause, impf. subj. in secondary seq.

30. 7th LABOR: THE CRETAN BULL

1

Tum Eurystheus Herculī imperāvit ut taurum quendam ferōcissimum ex īsulā Crētā vīvum referret. Ille igitur nāvem cōnscendit, et cum ventus idōneus esset, statim solvit. Cum tamen īsulae iam appropinquāret, tanta tempestās subitō coōrta est ut nāvis cursum tenēre nōn posset. Tantus autem timor animōs nautārum occupāvit ut paene omnem spem salūtis dēpōnerent. Herculēs tamen, etsī nāvigandī imperītus erat, haudquāquam territus est.

5

10

Post breve tempus summa tranquillitās cōnsecūta est, et nautae, quī sē ex timōre iam recēperant, nāvem incolumem ad terram appulērunt. Herculēs ē nāvī ēgressus est, et cum ad rēgem Crētae vēnisset, causam veniendī docuit. Deinde, postquam omnia parāta sunt, ad eam regiōnem contendit quam taurus vāstābat. Mox 15 taurum vīdit, et quamquam rēs erat magnī perīculī, cornua eius prehendit. Tum, cum ingentī labōre mōnstrum ad nāvem trāxisset, cum praedā in Graeciam rediit.

15

31. 8th LABOR: MAN-EATING HORSES OF DIOMEDE

20

Postquam ex īsulā Crētā rediit, Herculēs ab Eurystheō in Thrāciā missus est, ut equōs Diomēdis redūceret. Hī equī carne hominum vēscēbantur; Diomēdēs autem, vir crūdēlissimus, illīs obiciēbat peregrīnōs omnēs quī in eam regiōnem vēnerant. Herculēs igitur magnā celeritāte in Thrāciā contendit et ab 25 Diomēde postulāvit ut equī sibi trāderentur. Cum tamen ille hoc facere nōllet, Herculēs īrā commōtus rēgem interfēcit et cadāver eius equīs obicī iussit.

appellō, -ere, -pulī, -pulsum: drive (to), 14
appropinquō (1): come near, approach, 8
cadāver, -eris n.: corpse, dead body, 3
carō, carnis f.: flesh, meat, 4
celeritās, -tatis f.: speed, quickness, 7
cōnscendō, -ere, -ndī, -nsum: climb aboard, 6
cōnsequor, -i, secūtum: follow; pursue, 3
contendō, -ere, -i, -tum: hasten; fight, 11
coōrior, coōrīrī, coōrtus sum: arise, 4
cornū, -ūs n.: horn, 2
Crēta, -ae f.: Crete, 3
crūdēlis, -e: cruel, bitter, bloody, 6
cursus, -ūs m.: course, running, haste, 10
deinde: then, thereupon, 8
dēpōnō, -ere, -suī, -situm: put down/aside, 9
Diōmēdēs, -is m.: Diomedes, 3
doceō, -ere, -ui, -ctum: teach, tell, 9
equus, -i m.: horse, 7
etsī: even if, although, though, 13
ferōx, -ōcis: fierce, savage
Graecia, -ae f.: Greece, 7
haudquāquam: not at all, in no way, 2
idōneus, -a, -um: suitable, appropriate, 12
imperītus, -a, -um: inexperienced
imperō (1): order, command, 12

incolumis, -e: inscathed, uninjured, safe, 7
īra, īrae f.: anger, 12
nauta, -ae f.: sailor, 3
nāvigō (1): sail, 5
nōlō, nōlle, nōluī: not...wish, be unwilling 12
obiciō, -ere, -iēcī, -iectum: throw or cast at, 3
occupō (1): occupy, seize, 8
paene: almost, nearly, 8
peregrīnus, -i m.: stranger, foreigner
postulō (1): demand, claim, request, ask, 11
praeda, -ae f.: plunder, spoils, 2
prehendō, -ere, -hendī, -hēnsuī: seize, 5
quamquam: although, 4
recipiō, -ere, -cēpī, -ceptum: take back, 8
redūcō, -ere, -dūxī, -tum: lead/bring back, 11
taurus, -i m.: bull, 7
teneō, tenēre, tenuī, tentum: hold, keep 13
terreō, -ere, -ui, territum: terrify, scare, 5
Thrācia, -ae f.: Thrace, 3
trahō, -ere, trāxi, tractum: draw, drag, 6
tranquillitās, -tatis f.: calm, tranquility, 2
vāstō (1): lay waste, 2
ventus, -i m.: wind, 10
vēscor, vēscī: feed on, eat (+ abl.) 3
vīvus, -a, -um: living, alive, 4

- 2 **Herculī:** Hercules; dat. obj. of imperāvit
ut...referret: that...; ind. command with
 impf. subj. referō (secondary seq.) may be
 translated as ‘that...carry back’ or often as
 inf. ‘to carry back...’
- 4 **cum...esset:** when...; impf. subj. of sum,
 translate just as impf. indicative
- 5 **appropinquāret:** impf. subj., see line 4
ut...posset: that..was able; result clause,
 impf. subj. possum (secondary seq.)
- 7 **ut...dēpōneret:** that...carried off; result
 clause, impf. subj. (secondary seq.)
- 8 **nāvigandī:** of sailing; gen. sg. Gerund
 modifies imperītus
- 12 **se...rēcepérant:** had retreated; idiom
- 13 **cum...vēnisset:** when...; plpf. subj.
 of venīō, translate as plpf. indicative
veniendī: for coming; gen. sg. gerund here
 a objective genitive
- 16 **magnī periculī:** of great danger; gen.

- of description as predicate
- 17 **ingentī labōre:** with...; abl. of means
 or manner; i-stem 3rd decl. adj.
trāxisset: plpf. subj. trahō, see line 13
- 18 **rediit:** pf. red-eō
- 22 **ut...redūceret:** in order that...might;
 purpose clause, impf. subj. can be
 translated “in order that” or “so that” or as
 infinitives expressing purpose
- 23 **vēscēbantur:** dep. governs abl. object
illīs: at them; dat. of compound verb
- 25 **magnā celeritāte:** with...; abl. of manner
- 26 **ut...trāderentur:** that..be handed over...;
 ind. command, impf. subj.
- 27 **cum...nōllet:** when...; impf. subj. nōlō
 (inf. nōlle)
- 27 **cadāver:** neuter acc. direct object
- 28 **equīs:** to...; dat. of compound verb
obici: pres. pass. inf. ob-iciō

With the exception of purpose clauses (may, might) and if-then clauses, almost all the subjunctives that readers will encounter do not require a special translation. Simply identify the tense of the verb and translate as one would an indicative.

Ita mīra rērum commūtātiō facta est; is enim quī anteā multōs cum cruciātū necāverat ipse eōdem suppliciō necātus est. Cum haec nuntiāta essent, omnēs quī eam regiōnem incolēbant maximā laetitiā affectū sunt et Herculī meritam grātiam referēbant. Nōn modo maximīs honōribus et praemiīs eum decorāvērunt sed 5 orābant etiam ut rēgnūm ipse susciperet. Ille tamen hoc facere nōlēbat, et cum ad mare rediisset, nāvem occupāvit. Ubi omnia ad nāvigandum parāta sunt, equōs in nāvī collocāvit; deinde, cum idōneam tempestātem nactus esset, sine morā ē portū solvit, et paulō post equōs in lītus Argolicum exposuit. 10

32. 9th LABOR: THE GIRDLE OF HIPPOLYTE

Gēns Amāzonum dicitur omnīnō ex mulieribus cōnstitisse. Hae summam scientiam reī mīlitāris habēbant, et tantam virtūtem adhibēbant ut cum virīs proelium committere audērent. Hippolytē, Amāzonum rēgīna, balteum habuit celeberrimum quem Mars eī dederat. Admēta autem, Eurystheī filia, fāmam dē hōc balteō accēperat et eum possidēre vehementer cupiēbat. Eurystheus igitur Herculī mandāvit ut cōpiās cōgeret et bellum Amāzonibus īferret. Ille nūntiōs in omnēs partēs dīmīsit, et cum magna multitūdō 15 convēniisset, eōs dēlēgit quī maximum ūsum in rē mīlitārī habēbant.

33. THE GIRDLE IS REFUSED

Hīs virīs Herculēs persuāsit, postquam causam itineris exposuit, ut 25 sēcum iter facerent. Tum cum eīs quibus persuāserat nāvem

- adhibeō, -ēre, -uī, -itum:** apply, hold to, 4
Admēta, -ae f.: Admeta
Amāzonēs, -um f.: Amazon, 7
anteā: before, earlier, formerly, previously, 7
Argolicus, -a, -um: of Argolis
audeō, -ēre, ausus sum: dare
balteus, -eī m.: belt, girdle, 5
bellum, -ī, n.: war, 6
celeber, -bris, -bre: frequented, celebrated, 2
cōgō, cōgere, -ēgi, -āctum: collect, compel, 5
committō, -mittere, -misi: commit, entrust, 6
commūtatio, -tiōnis f.: change, 2
conlocō (1): place together
cōnstō, -stāre, -stifī, -stitum: stand firm, stand together; cost; it is agreed, 6
cōnveniō, -ire, vēni, ventum: come together 8
cōpia, -ae f.: abundance, supply; troops, 10
cruciātus, -ūs m.: torture, 2
cupiō, -ere, -ivī, -itum: desire, long for, 4
decorō (1): adorn, distinguish, 2
deinde: then, thereupon, 8
dēligō, -ere, -lēgi, -lectum: choose, select, 6
equus, -ī m.: horse, 7
expōnō, -ere, -suī, -situm: set out, explain 7
fāma, -ae f.: fame, reputation, report, rumor 7
gēns, gentis f.: clan, race, nation, herd, 4
grātia, -ae f.: gratitude, favor, thanks, 10
Hippolytē, -ēs f.: Hippolyte, 4
honor, -ōris m.: honor, glory; offering, 4
idōneus, -a, -um: suitable, appropriate, 12
incolō, -ere, -uī: inhabit, 4
- īnferō, -ferre, -tuli, -lātum:** carry on, wage, 3
laetitia, -ae f.: joy, happiness, 3
mandō (1): command; entrust, commit, 2
Mars, Martis m.: Mars
maximus, -a, -um: greatest, 9
meritus, -a, -um: deserved, due, just, 4
militāris, -e: military, warlike, 3
mīrus, -a, -um: wonderful, amazing, 7
mora, -ae f.: delay, hesitation, hindrance, 14
mulier, mulieris f.: woman, 3
multitudō, -tūdinis f.: multitude, 2
nanciscor, -ī, nactus sum: attain, meet, 7
nāvigō (1): sail, 5
necō (1): kill, slay, put to death, 9
nōlō, nōlle, nōluī: not... wish, be unwilling 12
nūntiō (1): announce, 3
nūntius, -īi m.: messenger, 12
occupō (1): occupy, seize, 8
omnīnō: altogether, wholly, entirely, 11
ōrō (1): pray (for), entreat, beseech, 5
persuādeō, -ere, -suāsi, -suāsum: persuade, 9
portus, -ūs m.: harbort, port, 3
possideō, -ere, possēdi, possessum: possess
praemium, -īi n.: reward, 5
rēgīna, -ae f.: queen, 2
scientia, -ae f.: knowledge, wisdom, 6
supplicium, -īi n.: punishment, supplication, 5
suscipiō, -ere, -cēpi, -ceptum: undertake, 14
ūsus, ūsūs m.: use, employment, 3
vehementer: strongly, violently, ardently, 11
virtūs, -ūtis f.: valor, manhood, excellence, 10

- 1 **is...qui:** for he who...
cum cruciātū: abl. of manner
- 3 **nūntiāta essent:** when...; plpf. pass. subj. in a cum-clause, translate as as you would a plpf. pass. indicative
eam: this; demonstrative adj.
- 4 **Herculī:** Hercules; dat. ind. object
Nōn modo...sed...etiam: not only... but also; modo is an adverb
- 5 **honōribus, praemīs:** abl. of means
- 6 **ut...susciperet:** that...undertake; impf. subj. in ind. command can alternatively be translated as an inf. ‘to undertake’
- 7 **cum...rediisset:** plpf. subj. red-eō, translate as plpf. indicative
ad...: for...; ad + acc. gerund (-ing) expresses purpose
- 8 **in nāvī:** 3rd decl. i-stem abl.
- 9 **nactus eset:** plpf. deponent subj., translate

- as a plpf. active indicative
solvit: set sail
- 10 **paulō:** little; abl. of degree of difference
- 13 **cōnstitisse:** have consisted; pf. inf.
- 14 **rei militāris:** of military affairs; gen. sg.
- 15 **ut...audēret:** that...; impf. subj. of audeō in a result clause
proelium committere: begin battle; idiom
- 16 **celeberrimum:** superlative with balteum
eī: dat. ind. obj. is, ea, id
- 19 **Herculī:** dat. ind. obj.
ut...cōgeret...īnferret: that...force; impf. subj. ind. command
Amāzonibū: on...; dat. of compound verb
- 20 **partēs:** directions
- 21 **re militāri:** military affairs
- 25 **persuāsīt:** governs dat + ind. command
- 26 **quibus...:** whom he had persuaded...

cōscendit, et cum ventus idōneus esset, post paucōs diēs ad 1
 ūstium flūminis Thermōdontis appulit. Postquam in fīnēs
 Amāzonum vēnit, nūntium ad Hippolytam mīsit, quī causam
 veniendī docēret et balteum posceret. Ipsa Hippolytē balteum
 trādere volēbat, quod dē Herculis virtūte fāmam accēperat; reliquae 5
 tamen Amāzonēs eī persuāsērunt ut negāret. At Herculēs, cum haec
 nūntiāta essent, bellī fortūnam temptāre cōstituit.

Proximō igitur diē cum cōpiās ēdūxisset, locum idōneum dēlēgit
 et hostēs ad pugnam ēvocāvit. Amāzonēs quoque cōpiās suās ex
 castrīs ēdūxērunt et nōn magnō intervallō ab Hercule aciem 10
 īstrūxērunt.

34. THE BATTLE

Palūs erat nōn magna inter duōs exercitūs; neutrī tamen initium
 trānseundī facere volēbant. Tandem Herculēs signum dedit, et ubi 15
 palūdem trānsiit, proelium commīsīt.

Amāzonēs impetum virōrum fortissimē sustinuērunt, et contrā
 opīniōnem omnium tantam virtūtem praestitērunt ut multōs eōrum
 occīderint, multōs etiam in fugam coniēcerint. Virī enim novō
 genere pugnae perturbābantur nec magnam virtūtem praestābant. 20
 Herculēs autem cum haec vidēret, de suīs fortūnīs dēspērāre coepit.
 Mīlitēs igitur vehementer cohortātus est ut pristīnae virtūtis
 memoriam retinērent neu tantum dēdecus admitterent, hostiumque
 impetum fortiter sustinērent; quibus verbīs animōs omnium ita
 ērēxit ut multī etiam quī vulneribus confectī essent proelium sine 25
 morā redintegrārent.

aciēs, -ēt f.: sharp edge, battle line, army, 3	memoria, -ae f.: memory, 4
admittō, -ere, -mīst̄, -missum: admit, allow, 1	mīlēs, mīlitis m.: soldier, 2
Amāzonēs, -um f.: Amazon, 7	mora, -ae f.: delay, hesitation, hindrance, 14
appellō, -ere, -pūlī, -pulsum: drive (to), 14	nec: and not, nor, 10
balteus, -ēt m.: belt, girdle, 5	negō (1): deny, say that...not, 3
bellum, -īt, n.: war, 6	neu: nor, and not
castra, -ōrum n.: camp	neuter, neutra, neutrum: neither
cohortor, -hortāt̄, -hortātūm: encourage, 2	novus, -a, -um: new, 4
committō, -mittere, -mīst̄: commit, entrust, 6	nūntiō (1): announce, 3
cōnscendō, -ere, -ndī, -nsum: climb aboard, 6	nūntius, -īt m.: messenger, 12
contrā: against (+ acc.), 7	occīdō, -ere, -cīdī, -cīsum: kill, cut down, 14
cōpia, -ae f.: abundance, supply; troops, 10	opīnīō, -iōnis f.: opinion, reputation, 6
dēdecus, dēdecoris n.: dishonor, disgrace	ōstium, -īt n.: mouth, entrance, 3
dēligō, -ere, -lēgī, -lectum: choose, select, 6	palūs, palūdis f.: swamp, marsh, 3
dēspérō (1): despair, give up, 4	persuādeō, -ere, -suāsī, -suāsum: persuade, 9
doceō, -ere, -uī, -ctum: teach, tell, 9	perturbō (1): trouble, greatly disturb, 2
duo, duae, duo: two, 10	poscō, -ere, poposci: ask, demand
ēdūcō, -ere, -dūxī, -ductum: lead out, draw, 3	praestō, -stāre, -stīfī: stand in front, show, 6
ērigō, -ere, -rēxī, -rectum: raise up, lift	pristinus, -a, -um: former
ēvocō (1): call out, challenge	proelium, -īt n.: battle, 4
exercitus, -ūs m.: army, 2	proximus, -a, -um: nearest, next, 5
fāma, -ae f.: fame, reputation, report, rumor 7	pugna, -ae f.: fight, 2
finis, -is m./f.: end, limit, border, boundary, 12	que: and, 14
fortis, -e: strong, brave, valiant, 5	quoque: also
fortiter: bravely, 2	redintegrot̄ (1): make whole again, renew
fortūna, -ae f.: fortune, chance, luck, 3	retineō, -ere, -uī, -tentum: hold/keep back, 3
fuga, -ae f.: flight, haste, exile, speed, 6	signum, -īt n.: sign, signal, 2
genus, -eris n.: birth, race; kind, family, 2	sustineō, -ere, -uī, -tentum: hold up, endure 7
Hippolytē, -ēs f.: Hippolyte, 4	temptō (1): attempt; attack; test, probe
hostis, -is m./f.: stranger, enemy, foe, 5	Thermōdōn, -dōntis m.: Thermodon
idōneus, -a, -um: suitable, appropriate, 12	trānsēdō, -īre, -īt (ivī), -itum: pass (by), 10
impetus, -ūs m.: attack, onset, assault, 9	vehementer: strongly, violently, ardently, 11
initium, -īt n.: beginning, entrance	verbū, -īt n.: word, speech, 4
instruō, -ere, -ūxi, -ūctum: equip, draw up, 6	virtūs, -ūtis f.: valor, manhood, excellence, 10
inter: between, among (+ acc.), 10	volō (1): fly, 3
intervallum, -īt n.: interval, distance, 2	vulnus, -eris n.: wound, blow, 6

1 esset: impf. subj. sum, translate impf.

3 quī...doceret...posceret: who would... and would; relative clause of purpose; impf. subj.

4 veniendī: gen. sg. gerund (-ing)
Hippolytē: fem. nom. sg.

6 persuāsērunt: persuaded (*dat*) that...; governs ind. command (*ut*); impf. subj.

7 nūntiāta essent: plpf. subj. translate just as plpf. pass. indicative

8 Proximō diē: on...; abl. of time when
ēdūxisset: plpf. subj. ēdūcō

10 nōn magnō intervällō: not a great interval

14 neutrī: neither; nom. pl. subj. neuter

15 trānsēundī: gen. sg. gerund (-ing) trāns-eō

16 trānsiit: pf. trāns-eō

17 fortissimē: superlative adv.
sustinērunt: held off

18 ut...occīderint: that...; pf. subj. in a result clause, translate as pf. indicative
novō genere: by the new type

24 ut...sustinērent: ind. command
quibus verbīs: with these words; 'which'

25 ut...redintegrārent: that...; result clause, impf. subj.

confectī essent: plpf. pass. subj. in a rel. clause of characteristic

35. THE DEFEAT OF THE AMAZONS

Diū et ācriter pugnātum est; tandem tamen ad sōlis occāsum tanta commūtatiō rērum facta est ut mulierēs terga verterent et fugā salūtem peterent. Multae autem vulneribus dēfessae dum fugiunt captae sunt, in quō numerō ipsa erat Hippolytē. Herculēs summam clēmentiam praestitit, et postquam balteum accēpit, lībertātem omnibus captīvīs dedit. Tum vērō sociōs ad mare redūxit, et quod nōn multum aestātis supererat, in Graeciam proficīscī mātūrāvit. Nāvem igitur cōnscedit, et tempestātem idōneam nactus statim solvit; antequam tamen in Graeciam pervēnit, ad urbem Trōiam nāvem appellere cōstituit, frūmentum enim quod sēcum habēbat iam dēficere cooperat.

36. LAOMEDON AND THE SEA-MONSTER

Lāomedōn quīdam illō tempore rēgnum Trōiae obtinēbat. Ad hunc Neptūnus et Apollō annō superiōre vēnerant, et cum Trōia nōndum moenia habēret, ad hoc opus auxilium obtulerant. Postquam tamen hōrum auxiliō moenia cōnfecta sunt, nōlēbat Lāomedōn praemium quod prōposuerat persolvere.

Neptūnus igitur et Apollō ob hanc causam īrātī mōnstrum quoddam mīsērunt speciē horribilī, quod cotīdie ē marī veniēbat et hominēs pecudēsque vorābat. Trōiānī autem timōre perterritī in urbe continēbantur, et pecora omnia ex agrīs intrā mūrōs compulerant. Lāomedōn hīs rēbus commōtus ḥrāculum cōnsuluit, ac deus eī praecēpit ut filiam Hēsionēn mōnstrō obiceret.

- ac:** and, and also, 14
āriter: sharply, fiercely, 2
aestās, aestātis f.: summer
ager, -grī m.: land, field, territory, 11
antequam: before, 9
Apollō, Apollinis m.: Apollo, 7
appetō, -ere, -ivī, -petītum: draw near, 3
balteus, -eī m.: belt, girdle, 5
captīvus, -a, -um: prisoner, 2
clementia, -ae f.: mercy, kindness
commūtatiō, -tiōnis f.: change, 2
compellō, -ere, -pulī: drive together, 3
cōnsendō, -ere, -ndī, -nsum: climb aboard, 6
cōnsulō, -ere, -lūī, -lūtum: consult, 3
contineō, -ere, -nuī: hold or keep together, 4
cotidiē: daily, 2
dēfessus, -a, -um: wearied, exhausted
dēficiō, -ere, -fēcī, -fectum: fail, 3
diū: a long time, long, 13
frūmentum, -ī n.: grain, 4
fuga, -ae f.: flight, haste, exile, speed, 6
fugiō, fugere, fūgī, --: flee, hurry away, 9
Graecia, -ae f.: Greece, 7
Hēsionē, -ēs f. (Grk acc. Hēsionēn): Hesione
Hippolytē, -ēs f.: Hippolyte, 4
horribilis, -e: horrible, dreadful, 11
idōneus, -a, -um: suitable, appropriate, 12
intrā: within, among (+ acc.), 4
īrātus, -a, -um: angry, 5
Lāomedōn, -ontis m.: Laomedon, 5
libertās, -tātis f.: freedom, liberty
mātūrō (1): hasten, ripen, 7
moenia, -ōrum n.: walls, 2
mulier, mulieris f.: woman, 3
mūrus, -ī m.: (city) wall, rampart, 4
- nancīscor, -ī, nactus sum:** attain, meet, 7
Neptūnus, -ī m.: Neptune, 4
nōlō, nōlle, nōluī: not...wish, be unwilling 12
nōndum: not yet, 4
numerus, -ī m.: number, multitude, 7
ob: on account of (*acc.*), 13
obiciō, -ere, -iēcī, -iectum: throw or cast at, 3
obtineō, -ere, -ui, -tentum: hold, maintain, 9
occāsus, -ūs m.: fall, destruction, 4
offerō, -ferre, obtulī, -lātum: offer, present 5
opus, -eris n.: work, deed, toil, 9
ōräculum, -ī n.: oracle, 11
pecus, pecoris n.: herd, flock, 4
pecus, pecudis f.: herd of cattle
persolvō, -ere, -solvī, -solūtum: pay up
perterreō, -ere: frighten, terrify, 5
petō, petere, petīvī, petītum: seek, aim at, 10
praecipiō, -ere, -cēpī, -ceptum: order, take, 6
praeium, -ī n.: reward, 5
praestō, -stāre, -stītī: stand in front, show, 6
prōpōnō, -ere, -sūi, -situm: put or set forth, 4
pugnō (1): fight, 4
que: and, 14
redūcō, -ere, -dūxī, -tum: lead/bring back, 11
sōl, sōlis m.: sun, 10
superior, -iūm: higher, upper, 3
superō (1): overcome, defeat, 3
tergum, -ī n.: back, 8
Trōia, -ae f.: Troy, 9
Trōiānī, -ōrum m.: Trojans
vērō: in truth, in fact, certainly, 5
vertō, -ere, vertī, versum: turn, 4
vorō (1): devour
vulnus, -eris n.: wound, blow, 6

- 2 **pugnātūm est:** *they fought; ‘it was fought’*; an impersonal passive is often translated in the active in English, supply a subject
ad: *near...*
- 3 **ut...peterent:** *that...; result, impf. subj.*
fugā: *in flight; abl. means*
- 4 **Multae:** *many (Amazons)*
vulneribūm: *abl. means*
- 5 **Hippolytē:** Greek 1st decl. nominative sg.
 7 **vērō:** *in fact; adverb*
- 8 **multūm aestātis:** *much of the summer; partitive gen.*
supererat: *remained; impf. supersum*

- proficisci:** dep. inf. proficiscor
 9 **nactum:** *having obtained; dep. nancīscor*
 10 **solvit:** *set sail*
 15 **illō tempore:** *at...; abl. time when*
 16 **anno superiōre:** *in the previous year*
cum...habēret: *since...; causal in sense*
 17 **ad...:** *for...; expressing purpose*
 21 **speciē horribili:** *of...; abl. of quality, 3rd decl. i-stem abl. adjective*
 24 **commōtūm:** *upset; ‘troubled,’ PPP, as often, to move emotionally, not physically*
 25 **eī praecepīt:** *instructed him; ‘ordered’ ut...obiceret:* *ind. command, impf.*

37. THE RESCUE OF HESIONE

Lāomedōn, cum hoc respōnsum renūntiātum esset, magnum dolōrem percēpit; sed tamen, ut cīvēs suōs tantō perīculō līberāret, ūrāculō pārēre cōnstituit et diem sacrificiō dīxit. Sed sīve cāsū sīve cōnsiliō deōrum Herculēs tempore opportūnissimō Trōiam attigit; ipsō enim temporis pūnctō quō puella catēnīs vīncta ad lītus dēdūcēbātur ille nāvem appulit. Herculēs ē nāvī ēgressus dē rēbus quae gerēbantur certior factus est; tum īrā commōtus ad rēgem sē contulit et auxilium suum obtulit. Cum rēx libenter eī concessisset ut, sī posset, puellam līberāret, Herculēs mōnstrum interfēcit; et puellam, quae iam omnem spem salūtis dēposuerat, incolumem ad patrem redūxit. Lāomedōn magnō cum gaudiō filiam suam accēpit, et Herculī prō tantō beneficiō meritam grātiam rettulit.

38. 10th LABOR: THE OXEN OF GERYON

Tum vērō missus est Herculēs ad īsulam Erythēam, ut bovēs Gēryonis arcesseret. Rēs erat summae difficultatis, quod bovēs ā quōdam Eurytiōne et ā cane bicipite custōdiēbantur. Ipse autem Gēryōn speciem horribilem praebēbat; tria enim corpora inter sē coniūcta habēbat. Herculēs tamen etsī intellegēbat quantum perīculum esset, negōtium suscēpit; ac postquam per multās terrās iter fēcit, ad eam partem Libyae pervēnit quae Eurōpae proxima est. Ibi in utrōque lītore fretī quod Eurōpam ā Libyā dīvidit columnās cōnstituit, quae posteā Herculis Columnae appellābantur.

- ac:** and, and also, 14
appellō (1): call (by name), name, 12
appellō, -ere, -puli, -pulsum: drive (to), 14
arcessō, -ere, -ivī, -itum: summon, invite, 2
attingō, -ere, -tigī, -tāctum: touch at, reach, 3
beneficiūm, -ī n.: benefit, favor; kindness, 8
biceps, bicipitis: two-headed
canis, -is m. f.: dog, 3
cāsus, -ūs m.: misfortune, accident, event, 8
catēna, -ae f.: chain, 2
certus, -a, -um: fixed, sure, 11
cīvis, -is m/f.: citizen, fellow citizen, 5
columna, -ae f.: column, pillar, 2
concedō, -ere: go away, withdraw, yield
coniungō, -ere, -nxi, -nctum: join together, 2
custodiō, -ire, -ivī, -itum: guard, 4
dēdūcō, -ere: lead or bring down, launch, 10
dēpōnō, -ere, -suī, -sītum: put down/aside, 9
difficultas, -tātis f.: difficulty, 7
dividō, -ere, -vīsī, -vīsum: divide, separate, 3
Erythīa, -ae f.: Erythia
etsī: even if, although, though, 13
Eurōpa, -ae f.: Europe, 2
Eurytiōn, -ōnis m.: Eurytion, 2
fretum, ī n.: strait
gaudium, -ī n.: gladness, joy, 9
Gēryōn, -onis m.: Geryon, 4
grātia, -ae f.: graditude, favor, thanks, 10
horribilis, -e: horrible, dreadful, 11
incolumis, -e: inscathed, uninjured, safe, 7
inter: between, among (+ acc.), 10
- īra, īrae f.:** anger, 12
Lāomedōn, -ontis m.: Laomedon, 5
libenter: gladly, willingly, 12
liberō (1): set free, release, 6
Libya, -ae f.: Libya, 3
meritus, -a, -um: deserved, due, just, 4
negōtium, ī n.: task, business, occupation, 13
offerō, -ferre, obtulī, -lātum: offer, present 5
opportūnus, -a, -um: suitable, convenient, 2
ōrāculum, -ī n.: oracle, 11
pārēō, -ēre, pāruī: obey, 3
pater, patris, m.: father, 12
percipiō, -ere, -cēpī, -ceptum: feel, perceive 5
postea: after this, afterwards, 7
praebeō, -ēre, -ui, -itum: present, give, 7
prō: before, in front of, for, 9
proximus, -a, -um: nearest, next, 5
puella, -ae f.: girl, 8
pūnctum, -ī n.: point, instant, moment
quantus, -a, -um: how much, how great, 4
redūcō, -ere, -dūxī, -tum: lead/bring back, 11
renūtiō (1): report, announce, 2
respondeō, -ēre, -di, -ōnsum: answer, 13
sacrificiūm, -ī n.: sacrifice, 5
sīve: or if, whether if, 6
suscipiō, -ere, -cēpī, -ceptum: undertake, 14
trēs, tria: three, 9
Trōia, -ae f.: Troy, 9
uterque, utraque, utrumque: each (of two)
vero: in truth, in fact, certainly, 5
vīnciō, -ire, vīnxī, vīnctum: bind, tie, 4

- 2 **cum...renūtitātum esset:** plpf. pass. subj., translates as a plpf. indicative
 3 **ut...liberāret:** so that...; purpose
 tantō periculō: from...; abl. of separation with impf. subj. of liberō
 4 **pārēre:** obey; governs a dat. object
 diem...dixit: appointed the day
 sacrificiō: for...; dat. of purpose
 sīve...sīve: whether...or
 cāsū: by chance; abl. of cause; elsewhere cāsū means ‘misfortune’
 5 **cōnsiliō:** by the plan; abl. of cause
 opportūnissimō: most opportune; i.e. most timely, abl. time when
 6 **ipsō pūnctō:** at that very point; ‘at the point itself,’ abl. of time when
 quō: at which (time); abl. time when
 vīncta: PPP (pf. pass. pple) vīnciō
 7 **ēgressum:** having stepped out; i.e. ‘having

- disembarked’ dep. pf.
 8 **quaē gerēbantur:** which were being carried out; the antecedent is rēbus
 certior factus est: were made more certain; i.e. ‘were informed;’ common idiom in Caesar; certior is a pred. adj. in the comparative degree
 sē contulit: carried himself; pf. conferō
 9 **concessisset:** had yielded to him
 10 **ut...liberāret:** so that he might free...; purpose
 sī posset: if he should be able; impf. subj. possum; fut. less vivid condition in secondary sequence
 13 **prō:** (in return) for...
 rettulit: pf. re-ferō
 17 **arcesseret:** so that...might; purpose
 21 **esset:** was; ind. question, impf. subj. sum
 22 **Eurōpae:** to...; dat. with special adj.

39. THE GOLDEN SHIP

Dum hīc morātur, Herculēs magnum incommodum ex calōre sōlis accipiēbat; tandem igitur īrā commōtus arcum suum intendit et sōlem sagittīs petiit. Sōl tamen audāciam virī tantum admīrātus est ut lintrem auream eī dederit. Herculēs hoc dōnum libentissimē 5 accēpit, nūllam enim nāvem in hīs regiōnibus invenīre potuerat. Tum lintrem dēdūxit, et ventum nactus idōneum post breve tempus ad īnsulam pervēnit. Ubi ex incolīs cognōvit quō in locō bovēs essent, in eam partem statim profectus est et ā rēge Gēryone postulāvit ut bovēs sibi trāderentur. Cum tamen ille hoc facere 10 nōllet, Herculēs et rēgem ipsum et Eurytiōnem, quī erat ingentī magnitūdine corporis, interfēcit.

40. A MIRACULOUS HAIL-STORM

Tum Herculēs bovēs per Hispāniam et Liguriam compellere 15 cōstituit; postquam igitur omnia parāta sunt, bovēs ex īnsulā ad continentem trānsportāvit. Ligurēs autem, gēns bellicōsissima, dum ille per fīnēs eōrum iter facit, magnās cōpiās coēgērunt atque eum longius prōgredī prohibēbant. Herculēs magnam difficultātem habēbat, barbarī enim in locīs superiōribus cōstiterant et saxa 20 tēlaque in eum coniciēbant. Ille quidem paene omnem spem salūtis dēposuerat, sed tempore opportūnissimō Iuppiter imbrem lapidum ingentium ē caelō dēmīsit. Hī tantā vī cecidērunt ut magnum numerum Ligurum occīderint; ipse tamen Herculēs (ut in tālibus rēbus accidere cōnsuēvit) nihil incommodī cēpit. 25

- accidō, -ere, accidī:** happen, fall (on)to, 8
admīror, -ārī, -ātus sum: admire, wonder at
arcus, -ūs m.: bow, 4
audācia, -ae f.: boldness, audacity, 2
aureus, -a, -um: golden, 13
barbarus, -a, -um: foreign, savage
bellicōsus, -a, -um: warlike, 2
cadō, -ere, cecidī, cāsum: fall
caelum, -ī n.: sky, 4
calor, -ōris m.: heat
cōgō, cōgere, -ēgī, -āctum: collect, compel, 5
compellō, -ere, -pulī: drive together, 3
cōnstō, -stāre, -stītī, -stītum: stand firm, stand together; cost; it is agreed, 6
cōnsuēcō, -ere, -ēvī, -suētum: accustom, 3
continēns, -entis f.: continent
cōpia, -ae f.: abundance, supply; troops, 10
dēdūcō, -ere: lead or bring down, launch, 10
dēmittō, -ere, -misi, -missum: drop, 3
dēpōnō, -ere, -sui, -sītum: put down/aside, 9
difficultās, -tātis f.: difficulty, 7
dōnum, -ī n.: gift, 6
Eurytiōn, -ōnis m.: Eurytion, 2
finis, -is m./f.: end, limit, border, boundary, 12
gēns, gentis f.: clan, race, nation, herd, 4
Gēryōn, -onis m.: Geryon, 4
Hispānia, -ae f.: Spain
idōneus, -a, -um: suitable, appropriate, 12
imber, imbris m.: rain
incola, -ae m.: inhabitant, 7
incommodum, -ī n.: inconvenience, 2
intendō, -ere, -ndī, -ntum: stretch out, aim, 4
inveniō, -ire, -vēnī, -ventum: find, discover 8
īra, īrae f.: anger, 12
Iuppiter, Iovis m.: Jupiter, 8
lapis, -idis m.: stone
libenter: gladly, willingly, 12
Ligurēs, -um m.: Ligurians, 3
Liguria, -ae f.: Liguria
linter, lintris f.: boat, skiff, 3
longē: far, far and wide, 6
magnitūdō, -tūdinis f.: size, greatness, 13
moror, -ārī, -ātus sum: delay, linger, 3
nanciscor, -ī, nactus sum: attain, meet, 7
nihil: nothing, 14
nōlō, nōlle, nōluī: not... wish, be unwilling 12
numerus, -ī m.: number, multitude, 7
occidō, -ere, -cīdī, -cīsum: kill, cut down, 14
opportūnus, -a, -um: suitable, convenient, 2
paene: almost, nearly, 8
petō, petere, petīvī, petītum: seek, aim at, 10
postulō (1): demand, claim, request, ask, 11
prohibeō, -ere, -hibui: hold back, hinder, 2
que: and, 14
quidem: indeed, in fact, assuredly, certainly, 8
sagitta, -ae f.: arrow, 10
sōl, sōlis m.: sun, 10
superior, -iūm: higher, upper, 3
tālis, -e: such, 6
tēlum, -ī n.: weapon, arrow, spear, 3
trāsportō (1): carry over or across, 2
ventus, -ī m.: wind, 10

-
- 2 **morātur:** is *lingering*; pres. deponent
 4 **petīt:** *attacked*; i.e. ‘chased’ syncopated pf.
 peti(v)it
Sōl: the god Sun; here personified
 5 **ut...dederit:** pf. subj. in a result clause, translate as a pf. indicative; dō, dare
 5 **eī:** dat. sg. ind. obj. is, ea, id
libentissimē: superlative adverb
 7 **nactum:** *having attained*; pple nanciscor
 8 **quō in locō:** *in which place*; in quō locō
 9 **profectus est:** pf. dep. proficiscor
 10 **trāderentur:** *that...be handed over*; impf. pass. in an ind. command
 11 **nōllet:** impf. subj. of nōlō (inf. nōlle)
 in a cum-clause
ingentī magnitūdine: *of...*; abl. of quality as the predicate of erat
 17 **continentem:** *the continent*
- 18 **finēs:** borders; or ‘territory’
cōpiās: troops
cōēgērunt: pf. cōgō (co-agō) means ‘drive, compel’ or, as here, ‘gather’
 19 **longium:** *farther*, comparative adv.
progređī: dep. inf. progredior
 22 **dēposuerat:** *had put aside*; i.e. lost
tempore: *at...;* abl. of time when
lapidūm ingentīum: gen. pl. 3rd decl.
 23 **Hī:** *these (rocks)*; supply lapidēs
vī: irregular abl. sg. vīs
cecidērunt: pf. cadō
 24 **ut...occiderint:** *that...;* pf. subj. in a result clause, translate as a pf. indicative
ut: *as...;* ut + ind., translate as ‘as’ or ‘when’
 25 **nihil incommodī:** *no harm*; ‘nothing of inconvenience,’ partitive gen.

41. THE PASSAGE OF THE ALPS

Postquam Ligurēs hōc modō superātī sunt, Herculēs quam celerrimē prōgressus est et post paucōs diēs ad Alpēs pervēnit. Necesse erat hās trānsīre, ut in Ītaliā bovēs ageret; rēs tamen summae erat difficultātis. Hī enim montēs, quī ulteriōrem ā citeriōre Galliam dīvidunt, nive perennī sunt tēctū; quam ob causam neque frūmentum neque pābulum in hīs regiōnibus invenīrī potest. Herculēs igitur antequam ascendere coepit, magnam cōpiam frūmentī et pābulī comparāvit et hōc commeātū bovēs onerāvit. Postquam in hīs rēbus trēs diēs cōnsūmpserat, quartō diē profectus est, et contrā omnium opīniōnem bovēs incolumēs in Ītaliā trādūxit. 5 10

42. CACUS STEALS THE OXEN

Brevī tempore ad flūmen Tiberim vēnit. Tum tamen nūlla erat urbs in eō locō, Rōma enim nōndum condita erat. Herculēs itinere fessus cōnstituit ibi paucōs diēs morārī, ut sē ex labōribus recreāret. Haud procul ā valle ubi bovēs pāscēbantur spēlunca erat, in quā Cācus, horribile mōnstrum, tum habitābat. Hic speciem terribilem praebēbat, nōn modo quod ingentī magnitūdine corporis erat, sed quod ignem ex ōre exspīrābat. Cācus autem dē adventū Herculis fāmam accēperat; noctū igitur vēnit, et dum Herculēs dormit, quattuor pulcherrimōrum boūm abripuit. Hōs caudīs in spēluncam trāxit, nē Herculēs ē vestīgiīs cognōscere posset quō in locō cēlātī essent. 15 20 25

abripiō, -ere, -ripūī, -reptum: snatch away	2	magnitūdō, -tūdīnis f.: size, greatness, 13
adventus, -ūs m.: arrival, approach, 3		mōns, montis m.: mountain, mount, 5
agō, agere, ēgī, āctum: drive, lead, spend, 13		moror, -ārī, -ātus sum: delay, linger, 3
Alpēs, -ium f.: Alps		necessē: necessary, 2
antequam: before, 9		nix, nivis f.: snow
ascendō, -ere, -ī, -ēnsum: ascend, mount, 3		noctū: at night, by night, 2
Cācus, -ī m.: Cacus, 4		nōndum: not yet, 4
cauda, -ae f.: tail, 2		ob: on account of (<i>acc.</i>), 13
celer, -eris, -ere: swift, quick, 12		onerō (1): load, burden, 2
cēlō (1): hide, conceal, 5		opīniō, -iōnis f.: opinion, reputation, 6
citerior, -ium: on this side, on the near side		ōs, ūris n.: face, mouth 3
commeātus, -ūs m.: supplies, provisions		pābulum, -ī n.: food, fodder, pasture, 2
comparō (1): prepare, collect, 4		pāscor, -ī, pāstus sum: feed
condō, -ere, -dīdī, -ditum: found; hide, 2		perennīs, -e: perennial, perpetual
cōnsūmō, -ere, -mpsī, -mptum: take, spend	9	praebeō, -ēre, -ūī, -itum: present, give, 7
contrā: against (+ acc.), 7		procūl: from afar, from a distance, 5
cōpia, -ae f.: abundance, supply; troops, 10		pulcher, -chra, -chrūm: beautiful, pretty, 2
difficultās, -tātis f.: difficulty, 7		quartus, -a, -um: one-fourth, 3
dividō, -ere, -vīsī, -vīsum: divide, separate, 3		quattuor: four
dormiō, -īre, -īvī: sleep, 8		recreō (1): make anew, renew
exspīrō (1): breathe out		Rōma, -ae f.: Rome
fāma, -ae f.: fame, reputation, report, rumor	7	superō (1): overcome, defeat, 3
fessus, -a, -um: wearied, exhausted, 2		tego, -ere, tēxī, tēctum: cover, 1
frūmentum, -ī n.: grain, 4		terribilis, -e: terrible, dreadful, 5
Gallia, -ae f.: Gaul		Tiberis, is m.: Tiber
haud: by no means, not at all, 4		trādūco, -ere, -xi, -ctum: lead or bring over, 1
horribilis, -e: horrible, dreadful, 11		trahō, -ere, trāxī, tractum: draw, drag, 6
ignis, ignis, m.: fire, 9		trānsēō, -īre, -īī (īvī), -itum: pass (by), 10
incolumis, -e: unscathed, uninjured, safe, 7		trēs, tria: three, 9
inveniō, -īre, -vēnī, -vētum: find, discover	8	ulterior, -ius: farther, 3
Ītalia, -ae f.: Italy, 2		vallis, -is f.: valley, vale, 2
Ligurēs, -um m.: Ligurians, 3		vestīgium, -īī n.: track, foot-print, 4

- 2 **hōc modō:** *in...*; abl. manner
quam celerrimē: quam + superlative: ‘as X as possible,’ here with a superlative adverb
- 4 **Necesse erat:** *it was necessary*
hās: i.e. the Alps, Alpēs is fem. pl.
ageret: purpose clause, impf. subj. agō
- 5 **summae difficultātis:** *of...*; gen. of description as predicate of erat
ulteriōrem...Galliam: *farther-side Gaul from nearer-side (Gaul);* the Alps divided nearer-side Gaul (northern Italy) from farther-side Gaul (France)
- 6 **nive perennī:** abl. sg. of nix, nivis
sunt tēctī: tēctī sunt, pf. pass. tegō
quam ob causam: *for which reason*
- 7 **neque...neque:** *neither...nor*
invenīrī: pass. inf. inveniō
- 10 **quārtō diē:** *on...*; abl. time when
- 11 **omnīum:** gen. pl. i-stem adj.
opīniōnēm: *expectation;* obj. of contrā
- 15 **Brevī tempore:** abl. time when; 3rd decl. i-stem adj.
- 16 **condīta erat:** *had been established*
itinere: abl. of means, iter
- 17 **paucōs diēs:** *for...*; acc. duration of time
morārī: *linger;* dep. inf.
ut...recreāret: *so that...might;* purpose
- 20 **nōn modo...sed:** *not only...but*
ingentī magnitūdīne: *of...;* abl. of quality
- 23 **bōūm:** *of the cattle;* partitive gen.
nē...posset: neg. purpose clause, impf. subj. possum
- 25 **quō in locō...cēlātī essent:** *in quō locō;* plpf. subj. in ind. question

43. HERCULES DISCOVERS THE THEFT

Posterō diē simul atque ē somnō excitātus est, Herculēs furtum animadvertisit et bovēs āmissōs omnibus locīs quaerēbat. Hōs tamen nūsquām reperīre poterat, nōn modo quod locī nātūram ignorābat, sed quod vestīgiīs falsīs dēceptus est. Tandem cum magnam partem diēī frūstrā cōnsūmpsisset, cum reliquīs bōbus prōgredī cōnstituit. At dum proficīscī parat, ūnus ē bōbus quōs sēcum habuit mūgīre coepit. Subitō eī quī in spēluncā inclusī erant mugītum reddidērunt, et hōc modō Herculem certiōrem fēcerunt quō in locō cēlātī essent. Ille vehementer īrātus ad spēluncam quam celerrimē sē contulit, ut praedam recipere. At Cācus saxum ingēns ita dēiēcerat ut aditus spēluncae omnīnō obstruerētur.

44. HERCULES AND CACUS

Herculēs cum nūllum alium introitum reperīre posset, hoc saxum āmōvēre cōnātus est, sed propter eius magnitūdinem rēs erat difficillima. Diū frūstrā labōrābat neque quicquam efficere poterat; tandem tamen magnō cōnātū saxum āmōvit et spēluncam patefēcit. Ibi āmissōs bovēs magnō cum gaudiō cōnspexit; sed Cācum ipsum vix cernere potuit, quod spēlunca replēta erat fūmō quem ille mōre suō ēvomēbat. Herculēs inūsitatā speciē turbātus breve tempus haesitābat; mox tamen in spēluncam irrūpit et collum mōnstrī bracchiīs complexus est. Ille etsī multum repugnāvit, nūllō modō sē līberāre potuit, et cum nūlla facultās respīrandī darētur, mox exanimātus est.

- aditus, -ūs m.**: approach, access, entrance, 2
alius, -a, -ud: other, another, else, 9
āmittō, -ere, -misi, -missum: lose, let go, 8
āmoveō, -ere, -mōvi, -mōtum: move away, 5
animadvertō, -ere: turn mind to, notice, 6
bracchium, -ī n.: arm, 2
Cācus, -ī m.: Cacus, 4
celer, -eris, -ere: swift, quick, 12
cēlō (1): hide, conceal, 5
cernō, -ere, crēvī, crētum: discern, decide
certus, -a, -um: fixed, sure, 11
collum, -ī n.: neck, 6
complector, -plectī, -plexus sum: embrace, 3
cōnātus, -ūs m.: attempt, effort, 7
cōspiciō, -ere, -exī, -ectum: catch sight of, 3
cōnsūmō, -ere, -mpsī, -mptum: take, spend 9
dēcipiō, -ere, -cēpī, -ceptum: catch, deceive
dēiciō, -ere, -fēcī, -fectum: throw/cast down 2
difficilis, -e: hard, difficult, troublesome, 6
diū: a long time, long, 13
efficiō, -ere, -fēcī, -fectum: make, form, 3
etsī: even if, although, though, 13
ēvomō, -ere, -ūī, -vomitum: vomit forth
exanimō (1): kill, exhaust, 9
excitō (1): excite, rouse, incite, 8
facultas, -tatis f.: ability, opportunity, 5
fallō, -ere, fefellī, falsum: deceive, 3
frūstrā: in vain, for nothing, 13
fūmus, -ī m.: smoke, 2
furtum, -ī n.: theft
gaudium, -īī n.: gladness, joy, 9
haesitō (1): hesitate; stick, cling
ignārus, -a, -um: ignorant, not knowing, 2
- inclūdō, -ere, -ūsī, -ūsum**: close in, shut in, 7
irrumpō, -ere, -rūpī, -ruptum: burst in, 2
introitus, -ūs m.: entrance, 6
inūsūtātus, -a, -um: unusual
īrātus, -a, -um: angry, 5
labōrō (1): work, toil, labor, strive, 2
liberō (1): set free, release, 6
magnitūdō, -tūdinis f.: size, greatness, 13
mōs, mōris m.: custom, manner, law, 6
mūgiō, -īre, -īvī: moo, bellow, 2
nātūra, -ae. f.: nature, 9
nūsquām: nowhere
obstruō, -ere, -ūxi, -ūctum: block, close off 4
omnīnō: altogether, wholly, entirely, 11
patefaciō, -ere, -fēcī, -factum: lay open, 2
posterus, -a, -um: following, next, 2
praeda, -ae f.: plunder, spoils, 2
propter: on account of, because of, 6
quisquam, quidquam: anyone, anything, 4
recipiō, -ere, -cēpī, -ceptum: accept, take back, 8
reddō, -ere, didī, dditum: give back, render 4
reperiō, -īre, repperī, repertum: find, 9
repleō, -ēre, -plēvī, -plētum: fill again, fill, 4
repugnō (1): fight against, oppose, resist, 2
respirō (1): breathe back, breathe out, 2
simul: at the same time; at once, together, 10
somnus, -ī m.: sleep, 14
turbō (1): confuse, disturb, 2
vehementer: strongly, violently, ardently, 11
vestīgium, -īī n.: track, foot-print, 4
vix: with difficulty, with effort, scarcely, 5

- 2 **postero diē**: on...; abl. time when
simul atque: as soon as; “as the same time as”
3 **āmissōs**: lost; PPP (pf. pass. pple) āmittō
locīs: in...; abl. place where
4 **nōn modo...sed**: not only...but
quod: because
6 **diēr**: of the day; partitive gen., 5th decl.
bōbum: irreg. abl. pl. bōs, bovis
prōgredī: dep. inf. prōgredior
7 **proficiſcī**: dep. inf. proficiſcor
bōbum: irreg. abl. pl. bōs, bovis
8 **eī quī**: those who...; nom. pl. demonstrative
9 **hōc modō**: in...; abl. of manner
certiōrem fecerunt: made...more certain;
i.e. ‘informed,’ a double acc., comparative
adj. is an acc. predicate

- quō in locō cēlātī essent**: in quō locō;
plpf. pass. subj., ind. question
10 **quam celerrimē**: quam + superlative: ‘as X as possible,’ here a superlative adverb
11 **sē contulit**: carried himself; pf conferō
ut...reciperet: so that...might; purpose
12 **ut...obstrueretur**: purpose
posset: impf. subj. possum (inf. posse)
16 **cōnātus est**: pf. deponent, translate in act.
17 **difficillima**: superlative, stems ending
in r and l duplicate instead of -issimus
quicquam: quidquam, acc. direct obj.
18 **magnō cōnātū**: with...; abl. manner
19 **āmissōs**: see line 3
20 **mōrē suō**: by his custom
23 **multum**: much; adverbial acc.
24 **respīrandī**: gen. gerund (-ing)

45. 11th LABOR: GOLDEN APPLES OF THE HESPERIDES 1

Eurystheus postquam bovēs Gēryonis accēpit, labōrem ūndecimum Herculī imposuit, graviōrem quam quōs suprā nārrāvimus. Mandāvit enim eī ut aurea pōma ex hortō Hesperidum auferret. Hesperidēs autem nymphae erant quaedam fōrmā praestantissimā, quae in terrā longinquā habitābant, et quibus aurea quaedam pōma ā Iūnōne commissa erant. Multī hominēs, aurī cupiditāte inductī, haec pōma auferre iam anteā cōnātī erant. Rēs tamen difficillima erat, namque hortus in quō pōma erant mūrō ingentī undique circumdatus erat; praetereā dracō quīdam cui centum erant capita portam hortī dīligenter custōdiēbat. Opus igitur quod Eurystheus Herculī imperāverat erat summae difficultatis, nōn modo ob causās quās memorāvimus, sed etiam quod Herculēs omnīnō ignorābat quō in locō hortus ille situs esset.

10

15

46. HERCULES ASKS AID OF ATLAS

Herculēs, quamquam quiētem vehementer cupiēbat, tamen Eurystheō pārēre cōnstituit, et simul ac iussa eius accēpit, proficīscī mātūrāvit. Ā multīs mercātōribus quaesīverat quō in locō Hesperidēs habitārent, nihil tamen certum reperīre potuerat. Frūstrā per multās terrās iter fēcit et multa perīcula subiit; tandem, cum in hīs itineribus tōtum annum cōnsūmpsisset, ad extrēmam partem orbis terrārum, quae proxima est Ōceanō, pervēnit. Hīc stābat vir quīdam, nōmine Ātlās, ingentī magnitūdine corporis, quī caelum (ita trāditum est) umerīs suīs sustinēbat, nē in terram dēcideret.

20

25

- ac:** and, and also, 14
anteā: before, earlier, formerly, previously, 7
Ātlās, -antis m.: Atlas, 8
auferō, -ferre, abstulī, -lātum: carry away 11
aureus, -a, -um: golden, 13
aurum, -i n.: gold, 3
caelum, -i n.: sky, 4
centum: hundred, 3
certus, -a, -um: fixed, sure, 11
circumdō, -are, -dedi, -datum: surround
committō, -mittere, -misi: commit, entrust, 6
cōnor, cōnārī, cōnātus sum: try, attempt, 7
cōnsūmō, -ere, -mpsī, -mptum: take, spend 9
cupiditās, -tatis f.: desire, passion, 5
cupiō, -ere, -ivī, -itum: desire, long for, 4
custōdiō, -ire, -ivī, -itum: guard, 4
dēcidō, -ere, -cidī: fall down
difficilis, -e: hard, difficult, troublesome, 6
difficultās, -tatis f.: difficulty, 7
diligenter: carefully, diligently, 3
dracō, -onis m.: dragon, serpent, 7
extrēmus, -a, -um: outermost, farthest, last, 2
fōrma, -ae, f.: beauty, shape, form, 3
frūstrā: in vain, for nothing, 13
Gēryōn, -onis m.: Geryon, 4
Hesperidēs, -um f.: Hesperides, 5
hortus, -i m.: garden, 7
ignōrō (1): not know, be ignorant, 5
imperō (1): order, command, 12
impōnō, -ere, -posui, -positum: place on, 7
indūcō, -ere, -xi, -ductum: induce, lead in, 2
Iūnō, -onis m.: Juno, 3
longinquis, -a, -um: distant, remote, far off
magnitūdō, -tūdinis f.: size, greatness, 13
- mandō (1):** command; entrust, commit, 2
mātūrō (1): hasten, ripen, 7
memorō (1): recall, mention
mercātor, -ōris m.: trader, merchant, 3
mūrus, -i m.: wall, rampart, 4
namque: for, 2
nārrō (1): narrate, relate, 7
nihil: nothing, 14
nōmen, nōminis, n.: name, 12
nymphā, -ae f.: nymph, 2
ob: on account of (*acc.*), 13
Ōceanus, -i m.: Oceanus
omnīnō: altogether, wholly, entirely, 11
opus, -eris n.: work, deed, toil, 9
orbis, -is m.: sphere; + terrārum, world
pārēō, -ere, pāruī: obey, 3
pōmum, -i n.: fruit, apple, 9
porta, -ae f.: gate, 7
praestō, -stāre, -stītī: stand in front, show, 6
praetereā: besides, moreover, 3
proximus, -a, -um: nearest, next, 5
quamquam: although, 4
quiēs, quiētis f.: rest, repose, sleep, 5
reperiō, -ire, repperī, repertum: find, 9
simul: at the same time; at once, together, 10
situs, -a, -um: situated, place, 2
stō, -āre, stetī, stātum: stand, 8
subeō, -ire, -ii: undergo, go up (to), 5
suprā: above, before, 6
sustineō, -ere, -ui, -tentum: hold up, endure 7
umerus, -i m.: shoulder, 3
ūndecimus, -a, -um: eleventh, 2
undique: from everywhere, from all sides, 7
vehementer: strongly, violently, ardently, 11

- 3 **graviōrem:** comparative adj.
quam (labōrēs) quōs: than (*the labors*) which...; supply labōrēs
- 4 **suprā:** above; i.e. in previous discussion
mandāvit: ordered; else “entrusted”
etī: dat. ind. object
ut...auferret: that...; impf. subj. au-ferō (irreg. inf. ferre), ind. command
- 5 **fōrmā praestantissimā:** of...; abl. of quality as the predicate of erant
praestantissimā: most outstanding
- 6 **quibū:** whom; dat. ind. object
- 7 **aurī:** for gold; object genitive
inductī: drawn; PPP indūcō
- 8 **auferre:** inf. auferō
- 9 **ingentī:** i-stem 3rd decl. abl. with murō

- 10 **cui...erant:** whom there were; i.e. ‘who had,’ or ‘whose...were,’ dat. of possession
- 12 **summae difficultatis:** of...; gen. of description as a predicate of erant
nōn modo...sed etiam: not only...but also
- 14 **quō in locō:** in quō locō
esset: impf. subj., ind. question
- 18 **pārēre to obey:** governs a dat. obj.
simul ac: as soon as
- 23 **orbis terrārum:** of the world; ‘sphere of lands’ a very common phrase for ‘earth’
- 24 **nōmine:** by name; abl. of respect
ingentī magnitūdine: of...; abl. of quality
- 25 **ita trāditum est:** so it has been reported
nē...dēcideret: neg. purpose clause

Herculēs tantās vīrēs magnopere mirātus statim in colloquium cum 1
 Ālante vēnit, et cum causam itineris docuisset, auxilium ab eō
 petiit.

47. HERCULES BEARS UP THE HEAVENS

5

Ātlās autem Herculī maximē prōdēsse potuit; ille enim cum ipse
 esset pater Hesperidum, certō scīvit quō in locō esset hortus.
 Postquam igitur audīvit quam ob causam Herculēs vēnisset, "Ipse,"
 inquit, "ad hortum ībō et fliābus meīs persuādēbō ut pōma suā
 sponte trādant." Herculēs cum haec audīret, magnopere gāvīsus est;
 vim enim adhibēre nōluit, sī rēs aliter fierī posset. Cōnstituit igitur
 oblātum auxilium accipere. Ātlās tamen postulāvit ut, dum ipse
 abesset, Herculēs caelum umerīs sustinēret. Hoc autem negōtium
 Herculēs libenter suscēpit, et quamquam rēs erat summī lābōris,
 totum pondus caelī continuōs complūrēs diēs sōlus sustinēbat. 15

48. THE RETURN OF ATLAS

Ātlās intereā abierat et ad hortum Hesperidum, quī pauca mīlia
 passuum aberat, sē quam celerrimē contulerat. Eō cum vēnisset,
 causam veniendī exposuit et filiās suās vehementer hortātus est ut
 pōma trāderent. Illae diū haerēbant; nōlēbant enim hoc facere,
 quod ab ipsā Iūnōne (ita ut ante dictum est) hoc mūnus accēpissent.
 Ātlās tamen aliquandō eīs persuāsit ut sibi pārērent, et pōma ad
 Herculem rettulit. Herculēs intereā cum plūrēs diēs exspectāvisset
 neque ūllam fāmam dē reditū Ālantis accēpisset, hāc morā graviter 25

abeō, -ire, -itum: go away, depart, 6
absum, -esse, āfūt: be away, be absent, 7
adhibeō, -ere, -uī, -itum: apply, hold to, 4
aliquandō: sometimes, at some time
aliter: otherwise, in another way, 3
ante: before, in front of (acc.); adv. before, 5
Ātlās, -antis m.: Atlas, 8
caelum, -ī n.: sky, 4
celer, -eris, -ere: swift, quick, 12
certus, -a, -um: fixed, sure, 11
complūrēs, -plūra: several, many
colloquium, -ī n.: conversation
continuus, -a, -um: continuous, successive, 2
diū: a long time, long, 13
doceō, -ere, -uī, -ctum: teach, tell, 9
eō, ire, ī (īvī), itūrum: go, 3
expōnō, -ere, -suī, -situm: set out, explain 7
fāma, -ae f.: fame, reputation, report, rumor 7
fiō, fieri, factus sum: become, be made, 9
gaudeō, -ere, gāvīsus sum: enjoy, rejoice, 4
haereō, -ere, haesi, haesūrum: stick, cling, 2
Hesperidēs, -um f.: Hesperides, 5
hortus, -ī m.: garden, 7
hortor, -ārī, -atus sum: encourage, urge, 4
inquam, inquis, inquit: say, 6
interea: meanwhile, 7
Iūnō, -ōnis m.: Juno, 3
libenter: gladly, willingly, 12
maximē: especially, very greatly, 5

meus, -a, -um: my, mine, 2
mīlle (pl. mīlia): thousand, 7
mīror, -ārī, -ātus sum: be amazed at, 7
mora, -ae f.: delay, hesitation, hindrance, 14
mūnus, mūneris n.: service, gift, duty
negōtium, ī n.: task, business, occupation, 13
nōlō, nōlle, nōluī: not...wish, be unwilling 12
ob: on account of (acc.), 13
offerō, -ferre, obtulī, -lātum: offer, present 5
pārēō, -ere, pāruī: obey, 3
passus, -ūs: pace, 7
pater, patris, m.: father, 12
persuādeō, -ere, -suāsī, -suāsum: persuade, 9
petō, petere, petīvī, petītum: seek, aim at, 10
plūs, plūris: more, many
pōmum, -ī n.: fruit, apple, 9
pondus, ponderis n.: weight, 2
postulō (1): demand, claim, request, ask, 11
prōsum, prōdesse, prōfui: profit, benefit, 6
quamquam: although, 4
reditus, -ūs m.: return, 5
sciō, -ire, -īvī (ī), -itum: know, understand, 9
sōlus, -a, -um: alone, only, lone, sole, 6
sponte: of one's own will, voluntarily, 2
suscipiō, -ere, -cēpī, -ceptum: undertake, 14
sustineō, -ere, -uī, -tentum: hold up, endure 7
ullus, -a, -um: any, 3
umerus, -ī m.: shoulder, 3
vehementer: strongly, violently, ardently, 11

- 1 **vīrēs:** acc. pl. vīs
mirātum: *having marveled at;* dep. PPP
- 2 **docuisset:** plpf. subj. cum-clause
- 6 **prōdesse:** inf. prōsum, governs a dat. obj.
cum...eset: *since...;* causal in sense, impf. subj.
- 7 **certō:** *for sure, in fact;* adverb
quō in locō: in quō locō
eset: impf. subj. sum, ind. question
- 8 **quam ob causam:** *for what reason*
vénisset: plpf. subj., ind. question
- 9 **ibō:** 1s fut. eō, īre
filiābum: irreg. dat. pl. obj. ind. obj.
ut...trādant: ind. command governed by
 persuadēbō; pres. subj trādō
suā sponte: *by their own will*
- 10 **gāvīsus est:** *rejoiced;* pf. dep.; gaudeō is
 semi-deponent (deponent in pf. tenses)
- 11 **vim:** acc. sg. vīs
fieri: *be done;* inf. fiō which can be
 employed as the passive of faciō

- 12 **oblātum:** *offered;* PPP of-ferō
ut...sustinēret: ind. command
- 13 **abesset:** impf. subj. ab-sum
- 14 **summī labōris:** *of...;* gen. of description
- 15 **continuōs...diēs:** *for...;* acc. of duration
- 18 **abierat:** impf. ab-eō
mīlia passum: miles, ‘thousands of
 paces;’ acc. of extent of space
- 19 **sē contulerat:** *had carried himself;* i.e.
 ‘had gone’
quam celerrimē: quam + superlative
 often is translated “as X as possible,”
- Eō: *there;* ibi is ‘there;’ inde (ibi +
 de) is ‘from there;’ and eō ‘to there’
- 20 **veniendī:** gen. sg. gerund (-ing)
ut: that...; ind. command after dep. hortor
- 22 **quod...accēpissent:** *because...had
 received;* plpf. subj. of alleged cause
ita ut: *thus as...;* ut + indicative is ‘as’
- 24 **rettulit:** pf. re-ferō
plūrēs diēs: *for...;* acc. duration of time

commōtus est. Tandem quīntō diē Ātlantem vīdit redeuntem, et 1
mox magnō cum gaudiō pōma accēpit; tum, postquam grātiās prō
tantō beneficiō ēgit, ad Graeciam proficīscī mātūrāvit.

49. 12th LABOR: CERBERUS THE THREE-HEADED DOG 5

Postquam aurea pōma ad Eurystheum relāta sunt, ūnus modo
relinquēbātur ē duodecim labōribus quōs Pythia Herculī
praecēperat. Eurystheus autem cum Herculem magnopere timēret,
eum in aliquem locum mittere volēbat unde numquam redīre
posset. Negōtium igitur eī dedit ut canem Cerberum ex Orcō in 10
lūcem traheret. Hoc opus omnium difficultimum erat, nēmō enim
umquam ex Orcō redierat. Praetereā Cerberus iste mōnstrum erat
horribilī speciē, cui tria erant capita serpentibus saevīs cīncta.
Antequam tamen dē hōc labōre nārrāmus, nōn aliēnum vidētur,
quoniam dē Orcō mentiōnem fēcimus, pauca dē eā regiōne 15
prōpōnere.

50. CHARON'S FERRY

Dē Orcō, quī īdem Hādēs appellābātur, haec trāduntur. Ut quisque
dē vītā dēcesserat, mānēs eius ad Orcum, sēdem mortuōrum, ā deō 20
Mercuriō dēdūcēbantur. Huius regiōnis, quae sub terrā fuisse
dīcitur, rēx erat Plūtō, cui uxor erat Prōserpina, Iovis et Cereris
fīlia. Mānēs igitur ā Mercuriō dēductī prīmum ad rīpam veniēbant
Stygis flūminis, quō rēgnum Plūtōnis continētur. Hoc trānsīre
necessē erat antequam in Orcum venīre possent. Cum tamen in hōc 25
flūmine nūllus pōns factus esset, mānēs trānsvehēbantur ā

- agō, agere, ēgī, āctum:** drive, lead, spend, 13
aliēnus, -a, -um: of another, foreign
aliquī, -qua, -quod: some, any, definite, 3
antequam: before, 9
appellō (1): call (by name), name, 12
Ātlās, -antis m.: Atlas, 8
aureus, -a, -um: golden, 13
beneficiūm, -ī n.: benefit, favor; kindness, 8
canis, -is m. f.: dog, 3
Cerberus, -ī m.: Cerberus, 6
Cerēs, Cereris f.: Ceres
cingō, -ere, cīnxī, cīncutum: surround, gird
contineō, -ēre, -nuī: hold or keep together, 4
dēcēdō, -ere, -cessī, -cessum: depart; die, 2
dēdūcō, -ere: lead or bring down, launch, 10
difficilis, -e: hard, difficult, troublesome, 6
duodecim: twelve, 6
gaudium, -ī n.: gladness, joy, 9
Graecia, -ae f.: Greece, 7
grātia, -ae f.: gratitude, favor, thanks, 10
Hādēs, -ae m.: Hades
horribilis, -e: horrible, dreadful, 11
iste, ista, istud: that or those (of yours), 7
Iuppiter, Iovis m.: Jupiter, 8
lūx, lūcis f.: light, 6
mānēs, -ium m.: spirit, shade, 4
mātūrō (1): hasten, ripen, 7
mentiō, -tiōnis f.: mention, 2
Mercurius, -ī m.: Mercury, 8
moriō, morī, mortuus sum: die, 4
nārrō (1): narrate, relate, 7
necesse: necessary, 2
negōtium, ī n.: task, business, occupation, 13
nēmō, nūlliūs, nēminī, nēminem,
nūllō/nūllā: no one, 6
numquam: never, at no time, 4
opus, -eris n.: work, deed, toil, 9
Orcus, -ī m.: Orcus, underworld, 11
Plūtō, Plūtōnis m.: Pluto, 6
pōmum, -ī n.: fruit, apple, 9
pōns, pontis m.: bridge, 2
praecipiō, -ere, -cēpī, -ceptum: order, take, 6
praetereā: besides, moreover, 3
prō: before, in front of, for, 9
prōpōnō, -ere, -suī, -situm: put or set forth, 4
Proserpina, -ae f.: Proserpina, 2
Pýthia, -ae f.: Pythia, 4
quīntus, -a, -um: fifth
quisque, quidque: each one, each person, 3
quoniam: since now, seeing that
relinquō, -ere, -liquī, -lictum: leave behind, 9
rīpa, -ae f.: bank, shore, 7
saevus, -a, -um: savage, fierce, 3
sēdēs, sēdis f.: seat; abode, home, 5
serpēns, serpentis f.: serpent, 6
Styx, Stygis f.: Styx, 6
sub: under, 4
timeō, -ēre, -uī: fear, dread, 6
traho, -ere, trāxi, tractum: draw, drag, 6
trānsēdō, -ire, -ī (ivī), -itum: pass (by), 10
trānsvehō, -ere, -vexī: carry across, 2
trēs, tria: three, 9
umquam: ever, 5
unde: whence, from which source, 6
uxor, uxōris f.: wife, spouse, 10
vīta, -ae, f.: life, 9

- 1 **quīntō diē:** on...; abl. time when
redeuntem: acc. pred. pple. red-eō
- 2 **grātiās...ēgit:** gave thanks; common
 idiom, grātiās agō in the pf.
prō: (in return) for
- 3 **proficiſci:** pres. dep. inf.
- 6 **modo:** just; or 'only'; an adverb which is
 often confused with the noun modus, -ī
- 7 **Herculi:** dat. ind. obj.
cum: since...; causal in sense + impf. subj.
- 10 **unde...posset:** from where...; impf. subj.
 in a rel. clause of characteristic
negōtium...ut: task, (namely) that...;
 an indirect command in apposition
- 11 **omnium:** partitive gen. i-stem adj. with
 the following superlative difficilimum
redierat: plpf. red-eō

- 12 **iste:** that; commonly 'that...of yours,' is
 an alternative for ille that often expresses
 contempt
- 13 **horribili speciē:** of...; abl. quality
cui...erant: whom there were...; 'who
 had,' dat. of possession
- 14 **videtur:** it seems; 'is seen,' the subject is
 the inf. prōpōnere below; aliēnum is a
 predicate nominative
- 19 **trāduntur:** are reported; pres. pass.
Ut: when...; as often with indicative
- 20 **Huius regiōnis:** gen. sg. with rex
- 22 **cui:** whose; dat. of possession
- 24 **quō:** by which; abl. of means
- 25 **necesse erat:** it was necessary; impersonal
possent: were able; subj. of ideal limit

Charonte quōdam, quī cum parvā scaphā ad rīpam exspectābat. 1
Charōn prō hōc officiō mercēdem postulābat, neque quemquam,
nisi hoc praemium prius dedisset, trānsvehere volēbat. Quam ob
causam mōs erat apud antīquōs nummum in ūre mortuī pōnere eō
cōnsiliō, ut, cum ad Stygem vēnisset, pretium trāiectūs solvere 5
posset. Eī autem quī post mortem in terrā nōn sepultī erant Stygem
trānsīre nōn potuērunt, sed in rīpā per centum annōs errāre coāctī
sunt; tum dēmum Orcum intrāre licēbat.

51. THE REALM OF PLUTO

10

Ut autem mānēs Stygem hōc modō trānsierant, ad alterum
veniēbant flūmen, quod Lēthē appellābātur. Ex hōc flūmine aquam
bibere cōgēbantur; quod cum fēcissent, rēs omnēs in vītā gestās ē
memoriā dēpōnēbant. Dēnique ad sēdem ipsius Plūtōnis veniēbant,
cuius introitus ā cane Cerberō custōdiēbātur. Ibi Plūtō nigrō vestītū
indūtus cum uxōre Prōserpinā in soliō sēdēbat. Stābant etiam nōn
procul ab eō locō tria alia solia, in quibus sēdēbant Mīnōs,
Rhadamanthus, Aeacusque, iūdicēs apud īferōs. Hī mortuī iūs
dīcēbant et praemia poenāsque cōstituebant. Bonī enim in
Campōs Elysiōs, sēdem beātōrum, veniēbant; improbī autem in 20
Tartarum mittēbantur ac multīs et variīs suppliciīs ibi
excruciābantur.

- ac:** and, and also, 14
Aeacus, -ī m.: Aeacus
alius, -a, -ud: other, another, else, 9
alter, -era, -erum: other (of two), second, 7
antiquus, -a, -um: ancient, 3
appellō (1): call (by name), name, 12
apud: among, in the presence of (+ acc.), 9
aqua, -ae f.: water, 11
beātus, -a, -um: blessed, happy, 3
bibō, -ere, bibi: drink, 4
bonus, -a, -um: good, kind(ly), useful
campus, -ī m.: plain, field
canis, -is m. f.: dog, 3
centum: hundred, 3
Cerberus, -ī m.: Cerberus, 6
Charōn, -ontis m.: Charon, 5
cōgō, cōgere, -ēgi, -āctum: collect, compel, 5
custōdiō, -ire, -ivī, -itum: guard, 4
dēnum: at length, finally, 3
dēnique: lastly, finally
dēpōnō, -ere, -suī, -situm: put down/aside, 9
Ēlysius, -a, -um: Elysian
errō (1): wander, 3
excruciō (1): torture
improbus, -a, -um: wicked
induō, -ere, induī, indutum: put on, 8
inferī, -ōrum m.: the dead, the shades
intrō (1): go into, enter, 7
introitus, -ūs m.: entrance, 6
iūdex, iūdicis m.: judge
iūs, iūris n.: justice, law, right, 4
Lēthē, -ēs f.: Lethe (river)
licet, -ere, -uit: is allowed, permitted, 5
mānēs, -ium m.: spirit, shade, 4
memoria, -ae f.: memory, 4
mercēs, mercēdis f.: pay, wages
Mīnōs, Mīnōis m.: Minos
mors, mortis, f.: death, 9
mortuus, -a, -um: dead, 7
mōs, mōris m.: custom, manner, law, 6
- niger, nigra, nigrum:** black
nisi: if not, unless, 2
nummus, -ī m.: coin; cash
ob: on account of (*acc.*), 13
officium, -ī, n.: duty, 2
Orcus, -ī m.: Orcus, underworld, 11
ōs, ūris n.: face, mouth 3
parvus, -a, -um: small, 3
Plūtō, Plūtōnis m.: Pluto, 6
poena, poenae, f.: punishment, 3
pōnō, -ere, posuī, positum: place, put, 5
postulō (1): demand, claim, request, ask, 11
praemium, -ī n.: reward, 5
pretium, ī n.: price, charge
prīum: before, 3
prō: before, in front of, for, 9
procūl: from afar, from a distance, 5
Proserpina, -ae f.: Proserpina, 2
que: and, 14
quisquam, quidquam: anyone, anything, 4
Rhadamanthus, -ī m.: Rhadamanthus
rīpa, -ae f.: bank, shore, 7
scapha, -ae f.: boat, skiff, 4
sedeō, -ēre, sēdī, sessum: sit, 6
sēdēs, sēdis f.: seat; abode, home, 5
sepeliō, -ire, -ivī, sepultum: bury
soliūm, -ī n.: throne, seat, 2
stō, -āre, stētī, stātum: stand, 8
Styx, Stygis f.: Styx, 6
supplicium, -ī n.: punishment, supplication, 5
Tartarus, -ī m.: Tartarus
trāiectus, -ūs m.: passage (across)
trānsēdō, -īre, -ī (ivī), -itum: pass (by), 10
trānsvehō, -ere, -vexī: carry across, 2
trēs, tria: three, 9
uxor, uxōris f.: wife, spouse, 10
varius, -a, -um: various, 2
vestītus, -ūs m.: clothing
vīta, -ae, f.: life, 9

1 **ad:** near, at2 **prō:** (*in return*) for3 **nisi...dedisset:** if he had not given; protasis in a simple past condition, originally pf. ind., made plpf. subj.**volebat:** was (*Charon*) willing...**quam ob causam:** for which reason4 **mōs erat:** it was the custom...to5 **eō cōnsiliō, ut...:** with this purpose (*namely*) that...; purpose clausetrāiectūs: gen. sg., 4th decl. trāiectus7 **Hercūlī:** dat. ind. obj.8 **licēbat:** it would be allowed; iterative or customary impf.11 **Ut:** When...; ut + indicative, transeō13 **rēs...gestās:** all matters carried out...15 **cuium:** of which; gen. quī, quae, quod16 **stābant:** subj. is neuter pl. tria sōlia18 **iūs dīcēbant:** dispensed justice20 **Campōs Elysiōs:** Elysian Fields

52. HERCULES CROSSES THE STYX

Herculēs postquam imperia Eurystheī accēpit, in Lacōniam ad Taenarum statim sē contulit; ibi enim spēlunca erat ingentī magnitūdine, per quam, ut trādēbātur, hominēs ad Orcum dēscendēbant. Eō cum vēnisset, ex incolīs quaesīvit quō in locō spēlunca illa sita esset; quod cum cognōvisset, sine morā dēscendere cōstituit. Nec tamen sōlus hoc iter faciēbat, Mercurius enim et Minerva sē eī sociōs adiūnixerant. Ubi ad rīpam Stygis vēnit, Herculēs scapham Charontis cōscendit, ut ad ulteriōrem rīpam trānsīret. Cum tamen Herculēs vir esset ingentī magnitūdine corporis, Charōn solvere nōlēbat; magnopere enim verēbātur nē scapha sua tantō pondere onerāta in mediō flūmine mergerētur. Tandem tamen, minīs Herculis territus, Charōn scapham solvit, et eum incolumem ad ulteriōrem rīpam perdūxit.

53. THE LAST LABOR IS ACCOMPLISHED

Postquam flūmen Stygem hōc modō trānsiit, Herculēs in sēdem ipsīus Plūtōnis vēnit; et postquam causam veniendī docuit, ab eō petīvit ut Cerberum auferre sibi licēret. Plūtō, quī dē Hercule fāmam accēperat, eum benignē excēpit, et facultātem quam ille petēbat libenter dedit. Postulāvit tamen ut Herculēs ipse, cum imperāta Eurystheī fēcisset, Cerberum in Orcum rūrsus redūceret. Herculēs hoc pollicitus est, et Cerberum, quem nōn sine magnō perīculō manibus prehenderat, summō cum labōre ex Orcō in

adiungō, -ere, -iūnxī, -iūnctum: join to, 2	nec: and not, nor, 10
auferō, -ferre, abstulī, -lātum: carry away 11	nōlō, nōlle, nōluī: not...wish, be unwilling 12
benignus, -a, -um: kind, 4	onerō (1): load, burden, 2
Cerberus, -ī m.: Cerberus, 6	Orcus, -ī m.: Orcus, underworld, 11
Charōn, -ontis m.: Charon, 5	perdūcō, -ere, -dūxī, -ctum: lead through, 4
cōnscendō, -ere, -ndī, -nsum: climb aboard, 6	petō, petere, petīvī, petītum: seek, aim at, 10
dēscendō, -ere, -ndī, -scēnsum: descend, 4	Plütō, Plütōnis m.: Pluto, 6
doceō, -ere, -uī, -ctum: teach, tell, 9	pollicor, -ērī, -citus sum: promise, proffer, 2
excipiō, ere, cēpī, ceptum: take out, receive 9	pondus, ponderis n.: weight, 2
facultās, -tatis f.: ability, opportunity, 5	postulō (1): demand, claim, request, ask, 11
fāma, -ae f.: fame, reputation, report, rumor 7	prehendō, -ere, -hendī, -hēnsum: seize, 5
imperium, -ī n.: power to command, rule, 2	redūcō, -ere, -dūxī, -tum: lead/bring back, 11
imperō (1): order, command, 12	rīpa, -ae f.: bank, shore, 7
incola, -ae m.: inhabitant, 7	rūrsus: again, backward, back, 7
incolumis, -e: inscathed, uninjured, safe, 7	scapha, -ae f.: boat, skiff, 4
Lacōnia, -ae f.: Laconia, Sparta	sēdēs, sēdis f.: seat; abode, home, 5
libenter: gladly, willingly, 12	situs, -a, -um: situated, place, 2
licet, -ēre, -uit: is allowed, permitted, 5	sōlus, -a, -um: alone, only, lone, sole, 6
magnitūdō, -tūdinis f.: size, greatness, 13	Styx, Stygis f.: Styx, 6
medius, -a, -um: middle of, 10	Taenarus, -ī m.: Taenarus
Mercurius, -ī m.: Mercury, 8	terreō, -ēre, -uī, territum: terrify, scare, 5
mergō, mergere, mersī, mersum: sink, 3	trānseō, -īre, -iī (ivī), -itum: pass (by), 10
minae, -ārum f.: threats	ulterior, -ius: farther, 3
Minerva, -ae f.: Minerva, 4	vereor, -ērī, -itum: be afraid, fear; revere, 5
mora, -ae f.: delay, hesitation, hindrance, 14	

- 3 **sē contulit:** carried themselves; i.e.
“betook himself,” pf. conferō
ingentī magnitūdine: of...; abl. of quality;
3rd decl. i-stem abl.
- 4 **ut:** as..., ut + indicative
- 5 **Eō:** there; ibi is ‘there;’ inde is ‘from there;’ and eō ‘to there’
quō in locō: in quō locō
- 6 **esset:** impf. subj. sum, ind. question
quod cum: which when...; relative clause
- 8 **eī:** him; dat. of compound verb
sociōs: as comrades; predicative
- 10 **ut...trānsiret:** so that...might; impf. subj.
trānseō in a purpose clause

- solvēre:** set sail
- 11 **verēbātur:** impf. dep. vereor
nē...mergerētur: that...might sink; clause
of fearing, translate positively
- 17 **hōc modō:** in this way; abl. manner
trānsiit: pf. trānseō
- 18 **veniēndi:** gen. sg. gerund (-ing)
- 19 **petīvit ut:** asked that...; introduces an
ind. command
licēret: it be allowed; impersonal impf.
- 20 **excēpit:** welcomed
- 21 **ut...redūceret:** that...lead back; ind.
command; impf. subjunctive
- 22 **pollicitus est:** promised; pf. dep.

lūcem et ad urbem Eurystheī trāxit. Eō cum vēnisset, tantus timor 1
 animum Eurystheī occupāvit ut ex ātriō statim refūgerit; cum
 autem paulum sē ex timōre recēpisset, multīs cum lacrimīs
 obsecrāvit Herculem ut mōnstrum sine morā in Orcum redūceret. 5
 Sīc contrā omnium opīniōnem duodecim illī labōrēs quōs Pythia
 praecēperat intrā duodecim annōs confectī sunt; quae cum ita
 essent, Herculēs servitūte tandem līberātus magnō cum gaudiō
 Thēbās rediit.

54. THE CENTAUR NESSUS

10

Posteā Herculēs multa alia praeclāra perfēcit, quae nunc
 perscrībere longum est. Tandem iam aetāte prōvectus Dēianīram,
 Oeneī filiam, in mātrimōnium dūxit; post tamen trēs annōs accidit
 ut puerum quendam, cui nōmen erat Eunomus, cāsū occīderit. Cum
 autem mōs esset, ut sī quis hominem cāsū occīdisset, in exsilium 15
 īret, Herculēs cum uxōre suā ē fīnibus eius cīvitātis exīre mātūrāvit.
 Dum tamen iter faciunt, ad flūmen quoddam pervēnērunt in quō
 nūllus pōns erat; et dum quaerunt quōnam modō flūmen trānseant,
 accurrit centaurus Nessus, quī viātōribus auxilium obtulit. Herculēs
 igitur uxōrem suam in tergum Nessī imposuit; tum ipse flūmen 20
 trānāvit. Nessus autem paulum in aquam prōgressus ad rīpam
 subitō revertēbātur et Dēianīram auferre cōnābātur. Quod cum
 animadvertisset Herculēs, trā graviter commōtus arcum intendit et
 pectus Nessī sagittā trānsfīxit.

- accidō, -ere, accidī:** happen, fall (on)to, 8
accurrō, -ere, -cucurrī, -cursum: run to, 2
aetās, aetatis f.: age, lifetime, time, 4
alius, -a, -ud: other, another, else, 9
animadvertō, -ere: turn mind to, notice, 6
aqua, -ae f.: water, 11
arcus, -ūs m.: bow, 4
atrium, atrī n.: atrium, 3
auferō, -ferre, abstulī, -lātum: carry away 11
cāsus, -ūs m.: misfortune, accident, event, 8
centaurus, -ī m.: centaur, 12
cīvitās, cīvitatis f.: citizenship, state
cōnor, cōnārī, cōnātus sum: try, attempt, 7
contrā: against (+ acc.), 7
Dēianira, -ae f.: Deianira, 5
dūcō, -ere, dūxī, ductum: lead, draw, bring, 5
duodecim: twelve, 6
eō, ire, iī (iī) itūrum: go, 3
Eunomus, -ī m.: Eunomus
exeō, -ire, -iī, -itum: go out, 5
exsilium, -ī n.: exile, 2
finis, -is m./f.: end, limit, border, boundary, 12
gaudium, -ī n.: gladness, joy, 9
impōnō, -ere, -posuī, -positum: place on, 7
intendō, -ere, -ndī, -ntum: stretch out, aim, 4
intrā: within, among (+ acc.), 4
īra, īrae f.: anger, 12
lacrima, -ae f.: tear, 10
liberō (1): set free, release, 6
longus, -a, -um: long, 4
lūx, lūcis f.: light, 6
mātrimōnium, -ī n.: marriage, 6
mātūrō (1): hasten, ripen, 7
mora, -ae f.: delay, hesitation, hindrance, 14
mōs, mōris m.: custom, manner, law, 6
Nessus, -ī m.: Nessus, 7
nōmen, nōminis, n.: name, 12
- nunc:** now, at present, 4
obsecrō (1): beseech, implore, entreat, 5
occidō, -ere, -cidī, -cīsum: kill, cut down, 14
occupō (1): occupy, seize, 8
Oeneus, -ī m.: Oeneus
offerō, -ferre, obtulī, -lātum: offer, present 5
opīnō, -iōnis f.: opinion, reputation, 6
Orcus, -ī m.: Orcus, underworld, 11
pectus, pectoris n.: breast, chest, heart, 3
perficiō, -ere, -fecī, -fectum: accomplish, 3
perscribō, -ere, -psī, -scriptum: write fully, 3
pōns, pontis m.: bridge, 2
posteā: after this, afterwards, 7
praecipiō, -ere, -cēpī, -ceptum: order, take, 6
praeclārus, -a, -um: bright, very famous, 2
prōvehō, -ere, -vexī, -vectum: carry forth, 3
Pýthia, -ae f.: Pythia, 4
quisnam, quaenam, quidnam: who, what
recipiō, -ere, -cēpī, -ceptum: accept, take
 back, 8
redūcō, -ere, -dūxī, -tum: lead/bring back, 11
refugiō, -ere, -fūgi: flee back, 5
revertō, -ere, reversī: turn back, return, 2
rīpa, -ae f.: bank, shore, 7
sagitta, -ae f.: arrow, 10
serviō, -ire, -iī, -itum: be slave to, serve
sīc: thus, in this way, 2
tergum, -ī n.: back, 8
Thēbae, -ārum f.: Thebes, 4
trahō, -ere, trāxī, tractum: draw, drag, 6
trānō (1): swim across, 1
trānsēdō, -īre, -iī (iī), -itum: pass (by), 10
trānsfigō, -figere, -fixī, -fixum: pierce, 4
trēs, tria: three, 9
uxor, uxōris f.: wife, spouse, 10
viātor, -tōris m.: traveler

1 **Eō:** there

2 **ut...refūgerit:** that...; result; unusual with pf. subj., translate in the perfect tense

3 **paulum:** a little; adverbial acc.
sē recēpisset: had retreated; idiom

4 **ut...redūceret:** ind. command

6 **praecēperat:** had instructed
quae cum...essent: Since these things were so; i.e. ‘as a result,’ common in Cicero

7 **servitūte:** from...; abl. of separation

8 **Thēbas:** Thebes; place to which, ‘ad’ is not included for towns and cities
redit: pf. red-eō

11 **praeclāra:** famous (things); neuter pl.

12 **aetāte prōvectum:** having advanced in age; abl. of respect; PPP prōvehōr
trēs annōs: for...; acc. of duration of time

13 **accidit ut:** it happened that; noun result clause with pf. subjunctive

14 **cui:** whom was; ‘who had,’ or ‘whose... was,’ dat. of possession

15 **sī quis:** if anyone had killed, he would go

18 **quōnam...trānseant:** in what way...; abl. manner; ind. question, pres. subj. trāns-eō

22 **Quod:** this; ‘which,’ English prefers a demonstrative in transitions

55. THE POISONED ROBE

1

Nessus igitur sagittā Herculis trānsfixus moriēns humī iacēbat; at nē occāsiōnem suī ulcīscendī dīmitteret, ita locūtus est: “Tū, Dēianīra, verba morientis audī. Sī amōrem marītī tuī cōservāre vīs, hunc sanguinem, quī nunc ē pectore meō effunditur, sūme ac repōne; tum, sī umquam in suspiciōnem tibi vēnerit, vestem marītī hōc sanguine īficiēs.” Haec locūtus, Nessus animam efflāvit; Dēianīra autem nihil malī suspicāta imperāta fēcit. Paulō post Herculēs bellum contrā Eurytum, rēgem Oechaliae, suscēpit; et cum rēgem ipsum cum filiīs interfēcisset, Iolēn eius filiam captīvam sēcum redūxit. Antequam tamen domum vēnit, nāvem ad Cēnaeum prōmuntūrium appulit, et in terram ēgressus āram cōstituit, ut Iovī sacrificāret. Dum tamen sacrificium parat, Licham comitem suum domum mīsit, quī vestem albam referret; mōs enim erat apud antīquōs, dum sacrificia facerent, albam vestem gerere. At Dēianīra verita nē Herculēs amōrem ergā Iolēn habēret, vestem priusquam Lichae dedit, sanguine Nessī īnfēcit.

56. THE DEATH OF HERCULES

Herculēs nihil malī suspicāns vestem quam Lichās attulerat statim induit; paulō post tamen dolōrem per omnia membra sēnsit, et quae causa esset eius reī magnopere mīrābātur. Dolōre paene exanimātus, vestem dētrahere cōnātus est; illa tamen in corpore haesit, neque ullō modō abscindī potuit. Tum dēmum Herculēs, quasi furōre impulsus, in montem Octam sē contulit, et in rogum,

20

25

- abscindō, -ere, -scidi, -scissum:** tear off
ac: and, and also, 14
afferō, -ferre, attulī, allātum: carry to bring 5
albus, -a, -um: white, 2
amor, -ōris m.: love, desire, passion, 3
anima, -ae f.: breath, soul, life
antequam: before, 9
antiquus, -a, -um: ancient, 3
appellō, -ere, -puli, -pulsum: drive (to), 14
apud: among, in the presence of (+ acc.), 9
āra, -ae f.: altar, 2
bellum, -ī, n.: war, 6
captivus, -a, -um: prisoner, 2
Cēnaeum, -ī n.: Cenaeum (n Euboea)
comes, -itis m./f.: companion, 3
cōnor, cōnārī, cōnātus sum: try, attempt, 7
cōnservō (1): preserve, keep
contrā: against (+ acc.), 7
Dēianira, -ae f.: Deianira, 5
dēmum: at length, finally, 3
dētrahō, -ere, -āxi, -actum: draw away/off, 2
domus, -ūs f.: house, home, dwelling, 11
efflō (1): breath out
effundō, -ere, -fūdī, -fūsum: pour out
ergā: toward, for (+ acc.)
Eurytus, -ī m.: Eurytus
exanimō (1): kill, exhaust, 9
furor, -ōris m.: rage, fury, madness, 4
haereō, -ēre, haesi, haesūrum: stick, cling, 2
humī: on the ground, 2
iaceō, -ere, -ūi: lie, lie low, 3
impellō, -ere, pulī, pulsum: drive on, incite, 3
imperō (1): order, command, 12
induō, -ere, induī, indūtum: put on, 8
inficiō, -ere, -fēci, -fectum: stain, dye, 4
Iolē, -ēs f.: Iole, 2
Iuppiter, Iovis m.: Jupiter, 8
Lichās, -ae m.: Lichas, 3
loquor, loqui, locūtus sum: speak, address, 9
- malus, -a, -um:** bad, 3
marītus, -ī m.: husband, 3
membrum, -ī n.: limb, member, 10
meus, -a, -um: my, mine, 2
mīror, -ārī, -ātus sum: be amazed at, 7
mōns, montis m.: mountain, mount, 5
mōrī, morī, mortuus sum: die, 4
mōs, mōris m.: custom, manner, law, 6
Nessus, -ī m.: Nessus, 7
nihil: nothing, 14
numquam: never, at no time, 4
nunc: now, at present, 4
occāsiō, -īonis f.: chance, opportunity, 6
Octa, ae f.: Octa (mountain)
Oechalia, -ae f.: Oechalia
paene: almost, nearly, 8
pectus, pectoris n.: breast, chest, heart, 3
priusquam: before than, sooner than, 2
prōmunturium, -īi n.: promontory
quasi: as if, 4
redūcō, -ere, -dūxī, -tum: lead/bring back, 11
repōnō, -ere, -posuī, -positum: put back, 2
rogus, -ī m.: pyre, 2
sacrificium, -īi n.: sacrifice, 5
sacrificō (1): sacrifice
sagitta, -ae f.: arrow, 10
sanguis, sanguinis m.: blood, 6
sūmō, -ere, sūmpstī, sūmptum: take, 3
suscipiō, -ere, -cēpī, -ceptum: undertake, 14
suspiciō, -īonis f.: suspicion, look askance
suspiciō, -āre, -āvī, -ātum: suspect, mistrust, 7
trānsfigō, -figere, -fixī, -fixum: pierce, 4
tū: you, 10
tuus, -a, -um: your, yours, 3
ulcīscor, ulcīscī, ultus sum: avenge, 2
ūllus, -a, -um: any, 3
verbum, -ī n.: word, speech, 4
vereor, -ērī, -itum: be afraid, fear; revere, 5
vestis, -is f.: clothing, 12

- 2 **moriēns:** dying; pres. pple. morior
humī: on the ground; locative
3 **nē...dīmīteret:** so that...not; neg. purpose clause
suī ulcīscendi: of avenging himself; use a gerundive-gerund flip: translate the pronoun (gen. sg. of sē) + gerundive as gerund + obj.
4 **audī:** sg. imperative, audiō
5 **vīs:** 2s pres. volō, velle
sume, repōne: sg. imperatives
6 **vēnerit, inficiēs:** if...comes, you will

- infect;* a future-more-vivid condition (fut. pf., fut.); in English, the protasis is present but future in sense
8 **nihil malī:** nothing (of) bad; partitive
paulō: little later; abl. degree of difference
11 **sēcum:** cum sē
13 **ut...sacrificāret:** so that...; purpose
Iovī: Jupiter; dat. of interest
14 **domum:** home; place to which
referret: would bring; rel. of purpose
16 **verita nē:** fearing lest; fearing clause

quem summā celeritāte extrūxit, sē imposuit. Hoc cum fēcisset, 1
 eos quī circumstābant ὄrāvit ut rogum quam celerrimē
 succenderent. Omnes diū recūsābant; tandem tamen pāstor quīdam,
 ad misericordiam inductus, ignem subdidit. Tum, dum omnia fūmō
 obscūrantur, Herculēs, dēnsā nūbe vēlātus ā Iove, in Olympum 5
 abreptus est.

57. THE WICKED UNCLE

Erant oīlim in Thessaliā duo frātrēs, quōrum alter Aesōn, Peliās
 alter appellābātur. Aesōn prīmō rēgnū obtinuerat; at post paucōs 10
 annōs Peliās, rēgnī cupiditāte adductus, nōn modo frātrem suum
 expulit, sed etiam in animō habēbat Iāsonem, Aesōnis fīlium,
 interficere. Quīdam tamen ex amīcīs Aesōnis, ubi sententiam
 Peliae cognōvērunt, puerum ē tantō perīculō ēripere cōstituērunt.
 Noctū igitur Iāsonem ex urbe abstulērunt, et cum posterō diē ad 15
 rēgem rediissent, eī renuntiāvērunt puerum mortuum esse. Peliās
 cum hoc audīvisset, etsī rē vērā magnum gaudium percipiēbat,
 speciem tamen dolōris praebuit et quae causa esset mortis
 quaeſīvit. Illī autem cum bene intellegerent dolōrem eius falsum
 esse, nesciō quam fābulam dē morte puerī fīnxērunt. 20

58. A FATEFUL ACCIDENT

Post breve tempus Peliās, veritus nē rēgnū suū tantā vī et
 fraude occupātū āmitteret, amīcum quendam Delphōs mīsit, quī 25
 ὄrāculū cōsuleret. Ille igitur quam celerrimē Delphōs sē contulit
 et quam ob causam vēnisset dēmōnstrāvit. Respondit ὄrāculū

abripiō, -ere, -ripūī, -reptum: snatch away 2	indūcō, -ere, -xī, -ductum: induce, lead in, 2
addūcō, -ere, -dūxī, -ctum: lead to, bring, 8	Iuppiter, Iovis m.: Jupiter, 8
Aesōn, -ōnis m.: Aeson, father of Jason, 4	misericordia, -ae f.: pity, compassion
alter, -era, -erum: other (of two), second, 7	moriō, morī, mortuus sum: die, 4
amicus, -ī m.: friend, 6	mors, mortis, f.: death, 9
āmittō, -ere, -mīsī, -missum: lose, let go, 8	nesciō, -ire, -scīvī, -scītum: not know, 4
appellō (1): call (by name), name, 12	noctū: at night, by night, 2
auferō, -ferre, abstulī, -lātum: carry away 11	nūbēs, -is f.: cloud
bene: well, 5	ob: on account of (<i>acc.</i>), 13
celeritās, -tātis f.: speed, quickness, 7	obscūrō (1): hide, conceal
circumstō, -āre, -stēfī: stand around	obtineō, -ēre, -uī, -tentum: hold, maintain, 9
cōnsulō, -ere, -luī, -lītum: consult, 3	occupō (1): occupy, seize, 8
cupiditās, -tātis f.: desire, passion, 5	ōlim: once, formerly, 10
Delphī, -ōrum m.: Delphi, oracle of Apollo, 2	Olympus, -ī m.: Olympus
dēmōnstrō (1): show, demonstrate, 13	ōräculum, -ī n.: oracle, 11
dēnsus, -a, -um: thick, 2	ōrō (1): pray (for), entreat, beseech, 5
diū: a long time, long, 13	pāstor, pāstoris m.: shepherd, 2
duo, duae, duo: two, 10	Peliās, -ae f.: Pelias, 14
ēripiō, -ere, -uī, -reptum: tear from, rescue, 2	percipiō, -ere, -cēpī, -ceptum: feel perceive 5
etsī: even if, although, though, 13	posterus, -a, -um: following, next, 2
expellō, -ere, -puli, -pulsum: drive out, 3	praebeō, -ēre, -uī, -itum: present, give, 7
exstruō, -ere, -uī, -ūctum: build, heap up	recūsō (1): refuse, give a reason against
fābula, -ae f.: story	renūtiō (1): report, announce, 2
fallō, -ere, fefellī, falsum: deceive, 3	respondeō, -ēre, -dī, -ōnsum: answer, 13
filius, -ī m.: son, 10	rogus, -ī m.: pyre, 2
fingo, -ere, finxi, fictum: make up, imagine	sententia, -ae f.: thought, feeling, opinion, 2
frāter, -tris m.: brother, 5	subdō, -ere, -dī, -ditum: put under, apply
fraus, fraudis f.: fraud, deception, 2	succendō, -ere, -cēndī, -cēnsum: kindle
fūmus, -ī m.: smoke, 2	Thessalia, -ae f.: Thessaly, 4
gaudium, -ī n.: gladness, joy, 9	vēlō (1): veil, cover
ignis, ignis, m.: fire, 9	vereor, -ērī, -itum: be afraid, fear; revere, 5
impōnō, -ere, -posuī, -positum: place on, 7	vērus, -a, -um: true, real, 2

-
- 1 **summā celeritāte:** *with...;* abl. manner
- 2 **eōs quī:** *those who;* demonstrative
ut..succenderent: *that..;* ind. command
quam celerrimē: *as fast as possible*
- 9 **Erant:** *there were*
- 10 **alter...alter:** *one...the other;* apply the verb appellābātur to both nom. subjects
- 10 **prīmō:** *first;* adverb
- 11 **regnī:** *for the kingdom;* objective gen.
adductum: *attracted;* “drawn” PPP
nōn modo...etiam: *not only...but also*
- 12 **in animō habēbat:** *had in mind;* common way in Latin to express ‘I intended’
- 14 **ēripere:** commonly means ‘to rescue’
- 15 **abstulerunt:** pf. au-ferō (ā/ab + ferō)
cum...rediissent: *when...;* plpf. subj.
redeō as often translate in the correct tense
- 16 **eī:** nom. pl. or dat. sg. for is, ea, id
puerum...esse: *that...;* ind. discourse,
translate pres. inf. of sum as imperfect
- 17 **cum...audīvisset:** plpf. subj. audiō,
translate as you would plpf. indicative
rē vērā: *in true fact;* abl. of respect
- 18 **quae causa esset mortis:** *what was...;* indirect question with impf. subj. sum
- 19 **dolorem...esse:** *that...;* see 16 above
- 20 **nesciō quam:** *some;* “I-do-not-know-what,” indefinite modifying fābulam
- 23 **veritus nē:** *having feared that...would;* PPP, fearing clause (nē + impf. subj.)
vī: *with force;* irreg. abl. of means, vīs
- 24 **Delphōs:** *Delphī;* place to which
- 25 **cōsuleret:** *would consult;* purpose
- 26 **quam ob causam:** *for what reason*
vēnisset: plpf. subj., ind. question

nūllum esse in praesentiā perīculum; monuit tamen Peliām ut sī 1
 quis ūnum calceum gerēns venīret, eum cavēret. Post paucīs annīs
 accidit ut Peliās magnum sacrificium factūrus esset; nūntiōs in
 omnēs partēs dīmīserat et certam diem conveniendī dīixerat. Diē 5
 cōnstitūtā magnus hominum numerus undique ex agrīs convēnit; in
 hīs autem vēnit etiam Iāsōn, quī ā pueritiā apud centaurum
 quendam habitāverat. Dum tamen iter facit, ūnum ē calceīs in
 trānseundō nesciō quō flūmine āmīsit.

59. THE GOLDEN FLEECE

10

Iāsōn igitur cum calceum āmissum nūllō modō recipere posset, ūnō
 pede nūdō in rēgiam pervēnit. Quem cum Peliās vīdisset, subitō
 timōre affectus est; intellēxit enim hunc esse hominem quem
 ḥrācūlū dēmōnstrāvīsset. Hoc igitur cōnsilium iniit. Rēx erat
 quīdam Aeētēs, quī rēgnum Colchidis illō tempore obtinēbat. Huic 15
 commissum erat illud vellus aureum quod Phrixus ūlim ibi
 relīquerat. Cōnstituit igitur Peliās Iāsonī negōtium dare ut hōc
 vellere potīrētur; cum enim rēs esset magnī perīculī, eum in itinere
 perītūrum esse spērābat. Iāsonem igitur ad sē arcessīvit, et eum
 cohortātus quid fierī vellet docuit. Ille etsī intellegēbat rem esse 20
 difficillimam, negōtium libenter suscēpit.

60. THE BUILDING OF THE GOOD SHIP ARGO

Cum tamen Colchis multōrum diērum iter ab eō locō abesset, sōlus
 Iāsōn proficīscī nōluit. Dīmīsit igitur nūntiōs in omnēs partēs, quī 25
 causam itineris docērent et diem certam conveniendī dīcerent.

absum, -esse, āfūī: be away, be absent, 7
accidō, -ere, accidī: happen, fall (on)to, 8
Aeētēs: Aeetes, king of Cochis, 10
afficiō, -ere, -fēcī, fectum: influence, treat, 13
ager, -grī m.: land, field, territory, 11
āmittō, -ere, -mīsī, -missum: lose, let go, 8
apud: among, in the presence of (+ acc.), 9
arcessō, -ere, -īvī, -itum: summon, invite, 2
aureus, -a, -um: golden, 13
calceus, -ī m.: shoe, 3
caveō, -ere, cāvī, cautum: be on guard, 1
centaurus, -ī m.: centaur, 12
certus, -a, -um: fixed, sure, 11
cohortor, -hortārī, -hortātūm: encourage, 2
Colchis, -idis f.: Colchis, 4
committō, -mittere, -mīsī: commit, entrust, 6
cōnveniō, -ire, vēnī, ventum: come together 8
dēmōnstrō (1): show, demonstrate, 13
difficilis, -e: hard, difficult, troublesome, 6
doceō, -ere, -uī, -ctum: teach, tell, 9
etsī: even if, although, though, 13
fīō, fierī, factus sum: become, be made, 9
ineō, -ire, -iī, -itum: go into, enter, 4
libenter: gladly, willingly, 12
moneō, -ere, -uī, monitum: warn
negotium, iī n.: task, business, occupation, 13

nesciō, -ire, -scīvī, -scītūm: not know, 4
nōlō, nōlle, nōluī: not... wish, be unwilling 12
nūdus, -a, -um: naked, bare
numerus, -ī m.: number, multitude, 7
nūntius, -ī m.: messenger, 12
obtineō, -ere, -uī, -tentum: hold, maintain, 9
ōlim: once, formerly, 10
ōrāculum, -ī n.: oracle, 11
Peliās, -ae f.: Pelias, 14
pereō, perīre, perīī, peritūrūm: perish
pēs, pedis m.: foot, 8
Phrixus -ī m.: Phrixus
potior, -īrī, potitus sum: get possession of
præsentia, -ae f.: the present
pueritia, -ae, f.: childhood
recipiō, -ere, -cēpī, -ceptum: take back, 8
rēgīa, -ae f.: palace, 4
relinquō, -ere, -liquī, -lictum: leave behind, 9
sacrificium, -īī n.: sacrifice, 5
sōlus, -a, -um: alone, only, lone, sole, 6
spērō (1): hope (for), expect, 5
suscipiō, -ere, -cēpī, -ceptum: undertake, 14
trānseō, -ire, -iī (īvī), -itum: pass (by), 10
undique: from everywhere, from all sides, 7
vellus, velleris n.: fleece, 12

- 1 **nūllum...perīculum:** *that...*, ind. disc.; main verb pf. so translate inf. as impf.
- ut...cavēret: *that he beware of*; ind. command, impf. subj. in secondary seq.
- sī quis: *if anyone...*; quis is indefinite before sī, nisi, num, and nē
- 2 **Post paucīs annīs:** *a few years later*; ‘later by a few years,’ abl. of degree of difference
- 3 **accidit ut:** *it happened that*; as often, accidit introduces a noun result clause
- factūrus esset: *was going to make*; fut. periphrastic (fut. pple + sum), impf. subj.
- 4 **partēs:** directions
- dīxerat: *had appointed*
- conveniēndī: *of convening*; gen. gerund
- Diē cōnstitūtā: *on...*; abl. of time when
- 5 **hominūm:** partitive genitive
- 8 **trānseundō:** *in crossing some river*; Use a gerund-gerundive flip: translate as a gerund (-ing) with flūmine as direct obj.
- nesciō quō: *some*; ‘I-do-not-know-what’
- 11 **cum...posset:** *when...*; impf. subj. possum
- nūlō modō: *in no way*; abl. manner

- ūnō...nūdō: abl. absolute, add ‘being,’ since there is no pple for sum, the subject and pred. form the absolute without a pple
- 12 **quem cum:** *whom when...*; the pronoun is part of the cum-clause but often precedes the conjunction ‘cum’ in transitions
- 13 **hunc esse:** *that...*; acc. subject in ind. disc.
- 14 **dēmōnstrāisset:** plpf. subj. in a relative clause of characteristic
- 15 **illō tempore:** *at...*; abl. of time when
- Huic: dat. ind. obj. of comissum erat
- 16 **commissum erat:** *had been entrusted*
- 17 **nēgōtiūm ut:** *task, (namely) that...*
- 18 **potīrētur:** *that he possess*; ind. command, impf. subj. deponent potior governs an abl.
- magnī perīculī: *of...*; gen. description
- 19 **peritūrūm esse:** fut. inf. in ind. disc.
- 20 **cohortātūm:** having urged; deponent PPP
- quid fierī vellet: *what he wanted to be done*; ind. question, impf. subj. volō
- 21 **difficillimam:** superlative, acc. pred.
- 24 **iter:** *a journey of many days*; acc. extent
- 26 **dicerent:** *who would appoint*; relative clause of purpose, see line 4

Intereā, postquam omnia quae sunt ūsuī ad armandās nāvēs 1
 comportārī iussit, negōtium dedit Argō cuidam, quī summam
 scientiam nauticārum rērum habēbat, ut nāvem aedificāret. In hīs
 rēbus circiter decem diēs cōnsūmptī sunt; Argus enim, quī operī
 praeerat, tantam dīligentiam adhibēbat ut nē nocturnum quidem 5
 tempus ad labōrem intermitteret. Ad multitudinem hominum
 trānsportandam nāvis paulō erat lātior quam quibus in nostrō marī
 ūtī cōnsuēvimus, et ad vim tempestātum preferendam tōta ē rōbore
 facta est.

10

61. THE ANCHOR IS WEIGHED

Intereā is diēs appetēbat quem Iāsōn per nūntiōs ēdīixerat, et ex
 omnibus regiōnibus Graeciae multī, quōs aut reī novitās aut spēs
 glōriae movēbat, undique conveniēbant. Trāditum est autem in hōc
 numerō fuisse Herculem, de quō suprā multa perscrīpsimus, 15
 Orpheum, citharoedum praeclārissimum, Thēseum, Castorem,
 multōsque aliōs quōrum nōmina sunt nōtissima. Ex hīs Iāsōn quōs
 arbitrātus est ad omnia perīcula subeunda parātissimōs esse, eōs ad
 numerum quīnquāgintā dēlēgit et sociōs sibi adiūnxit; tum paucōs
 diēs commorātus, ut ad omnēs cāsūs subsidia comparāret, nāvem 20
 dēdūxit, et tempestātem ad nāvigandum idōneam nactus magnō
 cum plausū omnium solvit.

15

20

62. A FATAL MISTAKE

Haud multō post Argonautae (ita enim appellābantur quī in istā 25
 nāvī vehēbantur) īsulam quandam, nōmine Cyzicum, attigērunt; et
 ē nāvī ēgressī ā rēge illīus regiōnis hospitiō exceptī sunt. Paucās

25

adhibeō, -ere, -uī, -itum: apply, hold to, 4
adiungō, -ere, -iūnxī, -iūnctum: join to, 2
aedificō (1): make a building, build, 2
alius, -a, -ud: other, another, else, 9
appellō (1): call (by name), name, 12
appetō, -ere, -ivī, -petītum: draw near, 3
arbitror, -ārī, -ātus sum: judge, think, 11
Argō, -ūs f.: Argo, 2
Argus, -ī m.: Argus, builder of the Argo
armō (1): arm, equip, 4
attингō, -ere, -tigī, -tactum: touch at, reach, 3
aut: or (aut...aut – either...or), 2
Castor, -oris m.: Castor
cāsus, -ūs m.: misfortune, accident, event, 8
circiter: about, around
citharoedus, -ī m.: cithara-player
commoror, -ārī, -ātus sum: delay, linger, 3
comparō (1): prepare, collect, 4
comportō (1): carry together, collect
cōnsuēscō, -ere, -ēvī, -suētum: accustom, 3
cōnsūmō, -ere, -mpsi, -mptum: take, spend 9
cōnveniō, -ire, vēnī, ventum: come together 8
Cyzicus, -ī f.: Cyzicus
decem: ten, 4
dēligō, -ere, -lēgī, -lectum: choose, select, 6
diligentia, -ae f.: diligence, attentiveness, 5
dūcō, -ere, dūxī, ductum: lead, draw, bring, 5
ēdīcō, -ere, -xī, -dictum: declare, proclaim, 4
excipiō, ere, cēpī, ceptum: take out, receive 9
glōria, -ae f.: glory
Graecia, -ae f.: Greece, 7
haud: by no means, not at all, 4
hospitium, ī n.: hospitality, 5
idōneus, -a, -um: suitable, appropriate, 12
intereā: meanwhile, 7
intermittō, -ere: interrupt, break off, 5
iste, ista, istud: that or those (of yours), 7

lātūs, -a, -um: wide, broad
moveō, -ere, mōvī, mōtum: move, arouse, 3
multitūdō, -tūdinis f.: multitude, 2
nancīscor, -ī, nactus sum: attain, meet, 7
nauticus, -a, -um: naval, nautical
nāvigō (1): sail, 5
negōtīum, īf n.: task, business, occupation, 13
nocturnus, -a, -um: nocturnal, 2
nōmen, nōminis, n.: name, 12
noster, nostra, nostrum: our
nōtūs, -a, -um: known, familiar, 3
novitās, -tātis f.: newness, novelty, 3
numerus, -ī m.: number, multitude, 7
nūntius, -īf m.: messenger, 12
opus, -eris n.: work, deed, toil, 9
Orpheus, -ī m.: Orpheus
perferō, -ferre, -tuli, -lātum: bear, betake, 2
perscrībō, -ere, -psi, -scriptum: write fully, 3
plausus, -ūs m.: applause
praeclārus, -a, -um: bright, very famous, 2
praesum, -esse, -fui: be before, preside over 2
que: and, 14
quidem: indeed, in fact, assuredly, certainly, 8
quīnquāgintā: fifty
rōbor, rōbōris n.: oak; strength
scientia, -ae f.: knowledge, wisdom, 6
subeō, -ire, -ii: undergo, go up (to), 5
subsidiū, -īf n.: support, relief, protection
suprā: above, before, 6
Thēseus, -ī m.: Theseus
tōtūs -a, -um: whole, entire, 14
trānsportō (1): carry over or across, 2
undique: from everywhere, from all sides, 7
ūsus, ūsūs m.: use, employment, 3
ūtor, ūtī, ūsus sum: use, employ, enjoy 2
vehō, -ere, vexī, vectum: convey, carry, 5

- 1 **sunt ūsuī:** are of use; ‘for a use’ dat. sg. of purpose, 4th decl. noun ūsus
 ad...nāvēs: for arming...; ‘for ships to be armed’ use a gerundive-gerund flip and translate as gerund + acc. direct object
 ut...aedificāret: that...; purpose
 5 **praeerat:** was (in charge) over + dat.
 nē nocturnum quidem: not even night...; nē, quidem emphasize an intervening word
 ut...intermitterent: that; result clause
 6 **ad labōrem:** for; ‘ad’ expresses purpose
 ad...: for transporting...; ad + gerundive
 7 **paulō:** a little; abl. of degree of difference

- quam: than; follows a comparative adj.
 quibum: (those) which; abl. obj. of ūtī
 8 **ūtī:** deponent inf. ūtor, governs an abl. obj.
 ad...perferendam: ad + gerundive; ll. 1, 6
 vim: irreg. feminine acc. sg. of vīs
 14 **Trāditum est:** it was reported that...
 18 ad...subeunda: for undergoing...; subeō
 21 ad nāvigandum: for sailing; a gerund
 nactum: having attained; dep., nancīscor
 22 solvit: set sail
 25 multō: much; abl. of degree of difference
 27 ēgressī: having stepped out; PPP, ēgredior
 exceptī sunt: were welcomed

hōrās ibi commorātī ad sōlis occāsum rūrsus solvērunt; sed 1
 postquam pauca mīlia passuum prōgressī sunt, tanta tempestās
 subitō coōrta est ut cursum tenēre nōn possent, et in eandem
 partem īnsulae unde nūper profectī erant magnō cum perīculō
 dēicerentur. Incolae tamen, cum nox esset obscūra, Argonautās nōn 5
 agnōscēbant, et nāvem inimīcam vēnisce arbitrātī arma rapuērunt et
 eos ēgredī prohibēbant. Ā criter in lītore pugnātum est, et rēx ipse,
 quī cum aliīs dēcucurrerat, ab Argonautīs occīsus est. Mox tamen, 10
 cum iam dīlūcēceret, sēnsērunt incolae sē errāre et arma
 abiēcērunt; Argonautae autem cum rēgem occīsum esse vīdērent,
 magnum dolōrem percēpērunt.

63. THE LOSS OF HYLAS

Postrīdiē eius diēt Iāsōn tempestātem satis idōneam esse arbitrātus
 (summa enim tranquillitās iam cōnsecūta erat), ancorās sustulit, et 15
 pauca mīlia passuum prōgressus ante noctem Mysiam attigit. Ibi
 paucās hōrās in ancorīs exspectāvit; ā nautīs enim cognōverat
 aquae cōpiam quam sēcum habērent iam dēficere, quam ob causam
 quīdam ex Argonautīs in terram ēgressī aquam quaerēbant. Hōrum
 in numerō erat Hylās quīdam, puer fōrmā praestantissimā. Quī dum 20
 fontem quaerit, ā comitibus paulum sēcesserat. Nymphae autem
 quae fontem colēbant, cum iuvenem vīdissent, eī persuādēre
 cōnātae sunt ut sēcum manēret; et cum ille negāret sē hoc factūrum
 esse, puerum vī abstulērunt.

abiciō, -icere, -iēcī, -itūrum: throw away
āriter: sharply, fiercely, 2
agnōscō, -ere, -nōvī, -nōtum: recognize, 4
alius, -a, -ud: other, another, else, 9
ancora, ancorae f.: anchor, 7
ante: before, in front of (acc.); adv. before, 5
aqua, -ae f.: water, 11
arbitror, -ārī, -ātus sum: judge, think, 11
arma, -ōrum n.: arms, equipment, tools, 6
attingō, -ere, -tigī, -tāctum: touch at, reach, 3
auferō, -ferre, abstulī, -lātum: carry away 11
colō, -ere, coluī, cultum: cultivate, cherish, 3
comes, -itis m./f.: companion, 3
commoror, -ārī, -ātus sum: delay, linger, 3
cōnor, cōnārī, cōnātus sum: try, attempt, 7
cōsequor, -i, secūtum: follow; pursue, 3
coōrior, coōrīrī, coōrtus sum: arise, 4
cōpia, -ae f.: abundance, supply; troops, 10
currō, -ere, cucurri, cursum: run, rush, fly, 4
dēcurrō, -ere, -cucurri: run down
dēficiō, -ere, -fēcī, -fectum: fail, 3
dēiciō, -ere, -iēcī, -iectum: throw/cast down 2
dilūcēsō, -ere, -lūxi: grow light
errō (1): wander, 3
fōns, fontis m.: origin, fount, source, 3
fōrma, -ae, f.: beauty, shape, form, 3
hōra, -ae f.: hour, 5
Hylās, -ae m.: Hylas, 2
idōneus, -a, -um: suitable, appropriate, 12
incōla, -ae m.: inhabitant, 7
inimīcus, -a, -um: unfriendly, hostile, 2

iuvenis, -is m.: youth, young man, 4
maneō, -ēre, mānsī, mansūrum: stay, wait, 9
mīlle (pl. mīlia): thousand, 7
Mysia, -ae f.: Mysia
nauta, -ae f.: sailor, 3
negō (1): deny, say that...not, 3
nox, noctis, f.: night, 7
numerus, -ī m.: number, multitude, 7
nūper: recently, lately, not long ago, 2
nymphā, -ae f.: nymph, 2
ob: on account of (acc.), 13
obscūrus, -a, -um: dark
occāsus, -ūs m.: fall, destruction, 4
occīdō, -ere, -cīdī, -cīsum: kill, cut down, 14
passus, -ūs: pace, 7
percipiō, -ere, -cēpī, -ceptum: feel perceive 5
persuādeō, -ēre, -suāsī, -suāsum: persuade, 9
postridiē: the day after, the next day, 4
praestō, -stāre, -stītī: stand in front, show, 6
prohibeō, -ēre, -hibui: hold back, hinder, 2
pugnō (1): fight, 4
rapiō, -ere, rapū, raptum: seize, snatch, 5
rūrsus: again, backward, back, 7
satis: enough, sufficient, 6
sēcēdō, -ere, sēcessī, sēcessum: withdraw
sol, solīs m.: sun, 10
teneō, tenēre, tenuī, tentum: hold, keep 13
tollō, -ere, sustulī, sublātum: raise, lift up 10
tranquillitās, -tātis f.: calm, tranquility, 2
unde: whence, from which source, 6

- 1 **hōrās:** *for...*; acc. duration of time
commorāti: *having...*; PPP deponent
solvērunt: *they set sail;* ‘set loose’
- 2 **mīlia passuum:** *for...miles*; acc. extent
progressī sunt: pf. deponent progredior,
 translate in the active
- 3 **coōrta est:** pf. deponent coōrior
ut...: *that...*; result, impf. possum
- 5 **cum...eset:** *since...*; causal, impf. subj.
- 6 **nāvem...vēnisse:** *that...*; ind. disc.
 with pf. inf. veniō, nāvem is acc. subj.
arbitrāti: *having...*; dep. PPP
- 7 **ēgredi:** *from stepping out*; dep. inf. ēgredior
pugnātūm est: *they fought;* ‘it was
 fought,’ impersonal pass., translate active
- 9 **incolae:** nom. subject of sēnsērunt
sē errāre: *that...*; reflexive, ind. disc.
- 10 **occīsum esse:** pf. pass. inf. occīdō in
 ind. discourse; acc. subject is rēgem

- 14 **postridiē eius diēi:** *the day after that
 day*; abl. time when; gen.
tempestātem...esse: ind. disc.
arbitrātūm: *having thought*; dep. PPP
- 15 **sustulit:** pf. suf-ferō
- 16 **mīlia passuum:** see note line 2
progressum: dep. PPP progredior
- 17 **paucās hōrās:** *for...*; acc. duration
- 18 **cōpiam...deficere:** *that...*; ind. disc.
habērent: subordinate verbs often are
 made subjunctive in ind. discourse
quam ob causam: *for which reason*
- 19 **Hōrum:** *of these*; partitive gen.
- 20 **fōrmā:** *of...beauty*; abl. of quality
Quī dum: *while he...;* ‘who while...’
- 22 **ēi:** *him*; dat. sg. (is, ea, id) of persuādeō
- 23 **ut..manēret:** *remain*; ind command
sē...factūrum esse: *that...;* fut. inf.
- 24 **abstulērunt:** pf. au-ferō (ā/ab + ferō)

1

64. DIFFICULT DINING

5

Post haec Argonautae ad Thrāciam cursum tenuērunt, et postquam ad oppidum Salmydessum nāvem appulērunt, in terram ēgressī sunt. Ibi cum ab incolīs quaesissent quis rēgnum eius regiōnis obtinēret, certiōrēs factī sunt Phīneum quendam tum rēgem esse. Cognōvērunt etiam hunc caecum esse et dīrō quōdam suppliciō afficī, quod ōlim sē crūdēlissimum in fīliōs suōs praebuisset. Cuius supplici hoc erat genus: missa erant ā Iove mōnstra quaedam speciē horribilī, quae capita virginum, corpora volucrum habēbant. Hae volucrēs, quae Harpyiae appellābantur, Phīneō summam molestiam adferēbant; quotiēns enim ille accubuerat, veniēbant et cibum appositum statim auferēbant. Quō factum est ut haud multum abasset quīn Phīneus fame morerētur.

10

65. THE DELIVERANCE OF PHINEUS

15

Rēs igitur male sē habēbat cum Argonautae nāvem appulērunt. Phīneus autem simul atque audīvit eōs in suōs finēs ēgressōs esse, magnopere gāvīsus est. Sciēbat enim quantam opīniōnem virtūtis Argonautae habērent, nec dubitābat quīn sibi auxilium ferrent. Nūntium igitur ad nāvem mīsit, quī Iāsonem sociōsque ad rēgiām vocāret. Eō cum vēnissent, Phīneus dēmōnstrāvit quantō in perīculō suaē rēs essent, et prōmīsit sē magna praemia datūrum esse, sī illī remedium repperissent. Argonautae negōtium libenter suscēpērunt, et ubi hōra vēnit, cum rēge accubuērunt; at simul ac

20

- absum, -esse, āfūt:** be away, be absent, 7
ac: and, and also, 14
accumbō, -ere, accubuit: lie (at dinner), 4
afferō, -ferre, attulī, allātum: carry to bring 5
afficiō, -ere, -fēcī, fectum: influence, treat, 13
appellō (1): call (by name), name, 12
appellō, -ere, -puli, -pulsum: drive (to), 14
appōnō, -ere, -posūt, -positum: set before, 3
auferō, -ferre, abstulī, -lātum: carry away 11
caecus, -a, -um: blind, 2
certus, -a, -um: fixed, sure, 11
cibus, -ī m.: food, 5
crūdēlis, -e: cruel, bitter, bloody, 6
cursus, -ūs m.: course, running, haste, 10
dēmōnstrō (1): show, demonstrate, 13
dirus, -a, -um: dreadful
dubitō (1): hesitate, doubt, 5
famēs, -is f.: hunger, 3
ferō, ferre, tulī, lātum: carry, endure, 10
filius, -ī m.: son, 10
finis, -is m./f.: end, limit, border, boundary, 12
gaudeō, -ere, gāvīsus sum: enjoy, rejoice, 4
genus, -eris n.: birth, race; kind, family, 2
Harpyiae, -ārum f.: Harpies, 3
haud: by no means, not at all, 4
hōra, -ae f.: hour, 5
horribilis, -e: horrible, dreadful, 11
incola, -ae m.: inhabitant, 7
Iuppiter, Iovis m.: Jupiter, 8
libenter: gladly, willingly, 12
male: badly
- molestia, -ae f.:** trouble, annoyance
moriōr, morī, mortuus sum: die, 4
nec: and not, nor, 10
negōtium, ī n.: task, business, occupation, 13
nūntius, -ī m.: messenger, 12
obtineō, -ere, -uī, -tentum: hold, maintain, 9
ōlim: once, formerly, 10
opīniō, -iōnis f.: opinion, reputation, 6
oppidum, -ī n.: town, 4
Phīneus, -ī m.: Phineus, 7
praebeō, -ere, -uī, -itum: present, give, 7
praemium, -ī n.: reward, 5
prōmittō, -ere, -mīsī, -missum: send forth, 3
quantus, -a, -um: how much, how great, 4
quīn: nay (even), (but) that, 12
quotiēns: as often as, 2
rēgīa, -ae f.: palace, 4
remedium, ī n.: remedy, cure
reperiō, -ire, repperī, repertum: find, 9
Salmydessus, -ī m.: Salmydessus
sciō, -ire, -iū (ī), -itum: know, understand, 9
simul: at the same time; at once, together, 10
supplicium, -ī n.: punishment, supplication, 5
suscipiō, -ere, -cēpī, -ceptum: undertake, 14
teneō, tenēre, tenuī, tentum: hold, keep 13
Thrācia, -ae f.: Thrace, 3
virgō, virginis f.: maiden, 2
virtūs, -ūtis f.: valor, manhood, excellence, 10
vocō (1): call, summon, invoke, 2
volucris, -is f.: bird, 3

- 2 **Post haec:** after these (things); neuter acc.
 3 **ab incolis:** from...; abl. of source
 4 **quis...obtinēret:** who...; ind. question
 5 **certiōrēs factī sunt:** were made more certain; ‘were informed’ a common phrase in Caesar, often followed by ind. discourse
 6 **hunc caecum esse...affici:** that this one...; ind. discourse with 2 verbs: pres. pass. inf.
 7 **quod:** because...
 in...: against
praebusset: had shown; governs a double acc.; relative clause of characteristic, praebeō (prae-habeō)
 cuius supplicī: gen. modifies genus
 8 **speciē horribili:** of...; abl. quality; the adj. is 3rd decl. i-stem (horribile → horribili)
 9 (et) **corpora:** and bodies; ellipsis, add ‘et’
 10 **Phīneō:** to...; dat. of compound verb
 11 **quotiēns enim:** for...; enim is postpositive
- 12 **appositum:** having been served; ‘having been set before,’ PPP appōnō
Quō factum...morerētur: (because of) which it happened that it was by no means very far away that Phineus would die from famine; abl. of cause, noun result clause
 16 **male sē habēbat:** was faring poorly; idiom ‘held itself poorly’
 17 **simul atque:** as soon as; ‘same time as’ ēgressōs esse: pf. dep., eōs is acc. subj
 18 **gāvīsus est:** pf. of semi-deponent gaudeō
quantam opīniōnem: how great a reputation...; introduces ind. question
 19 **nec dubitatēbat quīn:** he did not doubt that; quīn often follows “nōn dubitō”
 20 **quī...: call...;** relative clause of purpose
 21 **Eō:** there; frequently an adverb, ‘to there’
 22 **sē...datūrum esse:** that he...; fut. inf.
 24 **simul ac:** as soon as; ‘same time as’ l. 17

cēna apposita est, Harpyiae cēnāculum intrāvērunt et cibum auferre 1
 cōnābantur. Argonautae prīmū gladiīs volucrēs petiērunt; cum
 tamen vidērent hoc nihil prōdesse, Zētēs et Calais, quī ālīs erant
 īstrūctī, in āēra sē sublevāvērunt, ut dēsuper impetum facerent.
 Quod cum sēnsissent Harpyiae, reī novitāte perterritae statim 5
 aufūgērunt, neque posteā umquam rediērunt.

66. THE SYMPLEGADES

Hōc factō Phīneus, ut prō tantō beneficiō meritam grātiā referret,
 Iāsonī dēmōnstrāvit quā ratiōne Symplēgadēs vītāre posset. 10
 Symplēgadēs autem duae erant rūpēs ingentī magnitūdine, quae ā
 Iove positae erant eō cōnsiliō, nē quis ad Colchida pervenīret. Hae
 parvō intervallō in marī natābant, et sī quid in medium spatiū
 vēnerat, incredibilī celeritāte concurrēbant. Postquam igitur ā
 Phīneō doctus est quid faciendum esset, Iāsōn sublātīs ancorīs 15
 nāvem solvit, et lēnī ventō prōvectus mox ad Symplēgadēs
 appropinquāvit. Tum in prōrā stāns columbam quam in manū
 tenēbat ēmīsit. Illa rēctā viā per medium spatiū volāvit, et
 priusquam rūpēs cōflīxērunt, incolumis ēvāsit caudā tantum
 āmissā. Tum rūpēs utrimque discessērunt; antequam tamen rūrsus 20
 concurrerent, Argonautae, bene intellegentēs, omnem spēm salūtis
 in celeritāte positam esse, summā vī rēmīs contendērunt et nāvem
 incolumem perdūxērunt. Hōc factō dīs grātiās maximās ēgērunt,
 quōrum auxiliō ē tantō perīculō ēreptī essent; omnēs enim sciēbant
 nōn sine auxiliō deōrum rem tam fēlīciter ēvēnissee. 25

- āēr, āeris m. (acc. āera):** air, 6
āla, -ae f.: wing, 2
āmittō, -ere, -mīstī, -missum: lose, let go, 8
ancora, ancorae f.: anchor, 7
antequam: before, 9
appōnō, -ere, -posūī, -positum: set before, 3
appropinquō (1): come near, approach, 8
auferō, -ferre, abstulī, -lātum: carry away 11
aufugiō, -ere, -fūgī: flee, run away
bene: well, 5
beneficiūm, -ī n.: benefit, favor; kindness, 8
Calais, is m.: Calais
cauda, -ae f.: tail, 2
celeritās, -tātis f.: speed, quickness, 7
cēna, -ae f.: dinner, 5
cēnāculūm, -ī n.: dining-room
cibus, -ī m.: food, 5
Colchis, -idīs f.: Colchis, 4
columba, -ae f.: pigeon, dove
concurrō, -ere, -currī: run together 4
cōnfligō, -ere, -flixi, -flictum: dash together
cōnor, cōnāri, cōnātus sum: try, attempt, 7
contendō, -ere, -ī, -tum: hasten; fight, 11
dēmōnstrō (1): show, demonstrate, 13
dēsuper: from above, 2
discēdō, -ere, -cessī, -sum: go away, depart, 4
doceō, -ēre, -ui, -ctum: teach, tell, 9
duo, duae, duo: two, 10
ēmittō, -ere, -mīstī, -missum: send out, 2
ēripīō, -ere, -ui, -reptum: tear from, rescue, 2
ēvādō, -ere, ēvāsī, ēvāsum: go out, escape, 9
ēveniō, -ire: turn out, happen, 8
fēliciter: happily, fortunately, 3
gladius, -ī m.: sword, 10
grātia, -ae f.: graditude, favor, thanks, 10
Harpīiae, -ārum f.: Harpies, 3
impetus, -ūs m.: attack, onset, assault, 9
incolumis, -e: inscathed, uninjured, safe, 7
incrēdibilis, -e: incredible, 2
instruō, -ere, -ūxī, -ūctum: equip, draw up, 6
intervallō, -ī n.: interval, distance, 2
intrō (1): go into, enter, 7
- Iuppiter, Iovis m.:** Jupiter, 8
lēnis, lēne: gentle
magnitūdō, -tūdinis f.: size, greatness, 13
maximus, -a, -um: greatest, 9
medius, -a, -um: middle of, 10
meritus, -a, -um: deserved, due, just, 4
natō (1): swim, float
nihil: nothing, 14
novitās, -tātis f.: newness, novelty, 3
parvus, -a, -um: small, 3
perdūcō, -ere, -dūxī, -ctum: lead through, 4
perterreō, -ēre: frighten, terrify, 5
Phīneus, -ī m.: Phineus, 7
pōnō, -ere, posūī, positum: place, put, 5
posteā: after this, afterwards, 7
priusquam: before than, sooner than, 2
prō: before, in front of, for, 9
prōra, -ae f.: prow, bow
prōsum, prōdesse, prōfūi: profit, benefit, 6
prōvehō, -ere, -vexī, -vectum: carry forth, 3
ratiō, -ōnis f.: plan, method, means, reason, 2
rēctus, -a, -um: direct, straight, 2
rēmus, -ī m.: oar, 4
rūpēs, rūpis f.: rock, cliff, 6
rūrsus: again, backward, back, 7
sciō, -ire, -ivī (ī), -itum: know, understand, 9
spatiūm, -ī n.: space, span, extent, 6
stō, -āre, stēti, stātum: stand, 8
sublevō (1): life up, raise
Symplegadēs, -um f.: Symplegades, 3
tam: so, so much, so very, such, 8
teneō, tenēre, tenuī, tentum: hold, keep 13
tollō, -ere, sustulī, sublātum: raise, lift up 10
umquam: ever, 5
utrimque: on both sides, from both sides
ventus, -ī m.: wind, 10
via, -ae, f.: way, road, 4
vītō (1): avoid, 2
volō (1): fly, 3
volucris, -is f.: bird, 3
Zētēs, -ae m.: Zetes

- 3 **hoc...prōdesse:** that this was not beneficial
erant instrūcti: had been equipped
4 **ut...:** so that...; purpose
5 **reī novitātē:** by the novelty of the situation
6 **rediērunt:** pf. red-eō
9 **Hōc factō:** ablative abs., common transition
8 **speciē horribili:** of...; abl. quality
10 **quā ratiōne:** by what means; ind. question

- 11 **ingentī magnitūdine:** of...; abl. quality
12 **eō cōsiliō, ne:** with this purpose, so that
13 **intervallō:** at a small interval; manner
15 **faciēndum esset:** had to be done; passive
 periphrastic (gerundive + sum)
sublātūs ancorīs: abl. abs., PPP of tollō
19 **caudā:** with only the tail lost; abl. abs.
23 **ēgērunt:** gave thanks; idiom, grātiās agō

67. A HEAVY TASK

Brevī intermissō spatiō Argonautae ad flūmen Phāsim vēnērunt, quod in fīnibus Colchōrum erat. Ibi cum nāvem appulissent et in terram ēgressī essent, statim ad rēgem Aeëtem sē contulērunt et ab eō postulāvērunt ut vellus aureum sibi trāderētur. Ille cum audīvisset quam ob causam Argonautae vēnissent, īrā commōtus est et diū negābat sē vellus trāditūrum esse. Tandem tamen, quod sciēbat Iāsonem nōn sine auxiliō deōrum hoc negōtium suscēpisse, mutātā sententiā prōmīsit sē vellus trāditūrum, sī Iāsōn labōrēs duōs difficillimōs prius perfēcisset; et cum Iāsōn dīxisset sē ad omnia perīcula subeunda parātum esse, quid fierī vellet ostendit. Prīmum iungendī erant duo taurī speciē horribilī, quī flammās ex ōre ēdēbant; tum hīs iūncīs ager quīdam arandus erat et dentēs dracōnis serendī. Hīs audītīs Iāsōn etsī rem esse summī perīculī intellegēbat, tamen, nē hanc occāsiōnem reī bene gerendae āmitteret, negōtium suscēpit.

68. THE MAGIC OINTMENT

Mēdēa, rēgis filia, Iāsonem adamāvit, et ubi audīvit eum tantum perīculum subitūrum esse, rem aegrē ferēbat. Intellegēbat enim patrem suum hunc labōrem prōposuisse eō ipsō consiliō, ut Iāsōn morerētur. Quae cum ita essent, Mēdēa, quae summam scientiam medicīnae habēbat, hoc cōnsilium iniit. Mediā nocte, īsciente patre, ex urbe ēvāsit, et postquam in montēs fīnitimōs vēnit, herbās

adamō, -āre, -āvī, -ātum: fall in love, love
Aētēs: Aeetes, king of Cochis, 10
aegrē: with difficulty, wearily, 4
ager, -grī m.: land, field, territory, 11
āmittō, -ere, -misi, -missum: lose, let go, 8
appellō, -ere, -puli, -pulsum: drive (to), 14
arō, arāre, -āvī: plow, 4
aureus, -a, -um: golden, 13
bene: well, 5
Colchī, -ōrum m.: Colchians, 3
dēns, dentis m.: tooth, 5
difficilis, -e: hard, difficult, troublesome, 6
diū: a long time, long, 13
dracō, -ōnis m.: dragon, serpent, 7
duo, duae, duo: two, 10
ēdō, -ere, ēdidi, ēditum: give out, emit, 3
etsī: even if, although, though, 13
ēvādō, -ere, ēvāsī, ēvāsum: go out, escape, 9
ferō, ferre, tulī, latum: carry, endure, 10
finis, -is m./f.: end, limit, border, boundary, 12
finitimus, -a, -um: neighboring, bordering, 2
fiō, fierī, factus sum: become, be made, 9
flamma, -ae f.: flame, fire, torch, love
herba, -ae f.: plant, grass, 6
horribilis, -e: horrible, dreadful, 11
ineō, -ire, -iī, -itum: go into, enter, 4
īnsciēns, īnscientis: not knowing, 2
intermittō, -ere: interrupt, break off, 5
īra, īrae f.: anger, 12

iungō, -ere, iūnxi, -iūnctum: join, 3
medicīna, -ae f.: medicine, art of healing, 4
medius, -a, -um: middle of, 10
mōns, montis m.: mountain, mount, 5
moriō, morī, mortuus sum: die, 4
mūtō (1): change
negō (1): deny, say that...not, 3
negōtiūm, īī n.: task, business, occupation, 13
nox, noctis, f.: night, 7
ob: on account of (*acc.*), 13
occāsiō, -ōnis f.: chance, opportunity, 6
ōs, ūris n.: face, mouth 3
ostendō (1): show, display, 6
pater, patris, m.: father, 12
perficiō, -ere, -fēcī, -fectum: accomplish, 3
Phāsis, Phāsidis m.: Phasis
postulō (1): demand, claim, request, ask, 11
prīum: before, 3
prōmittō, -ere, -misi, -missum: send forth, 3
prōpōnō, -ere, -sūtī, -situm: put or set forth, 4
scientia, -ae f.: knowledge, wisdom, 6
sciō, -īre, -īvī (īī), -itum: know, understand, 9
sententia, -ae f.: thought, feeling, opinion, 2
serō, serere, sēvī, satum: sow, plant
spatiūm, -īī n.: space, span, extent, 6
subeo, -ire, -iī: undergo, go up (to), 5
suscipiō, -ere, -cēpī, -ceptum: undertake, 14
taurus, -ī m.: bull, 7
vellus, velleris n.: fleece, 12

- 2 **Brevī...spatiō:** abl. absolute
 4 **ēgressi essent:** plpf. subj. cum-clause
 sē contulērunt: *carried themselves*; pf.
 5 **ut...trāderētur:** *that...;* ind. command
 6 **quam ob causam:** *for what reason*
 vēnissent: plpf. subj., ind. question
 8 **trāditūrum esse:** fut. inf., sē is acc. subject
 9 **mutātā sententiā:** *having changed his*
 opinion; “opinion changed,” abl. abs.
 trāditūrum (esse): sē is acc. subject
 10 **difficillimōs:** superlative, difficilis
 prīum: comparative adverb
 perfēcisset: plpf. subj. perficiō
 ad...subeunda: *for undergoing...;* ad +
 gerundive, employ gerund-gerundive flip:
 translate as gerund and direct object; subeo
 11 **parātum esse:** pf. pass. inf., ind. disc.
 quid...vellet: *what he wished to be*
 done; impf. subj. volō, ind. question
 12 **Prīmūm:** *first;* adverb
 iungendī erant: *had to be joined;* ‘were

- (going) to be joined,’ passive periphrastic
 (gerundive + sum) expresses obligation or
 necessity
speciē horribili: *of...;* abl. of quality
 13 **hīs iūnctīs:** ablative abs.
 arāndus erat: see line 12
 serēndī (erant): see line 12
 14 **hīs audītīs:** ablative abs.
 rem esse: *that...;* ind. discourse
 summī periculi: *of...;* gen. description
 15 **nē...āmitteret:** neg. purpose clause
 gerēndae: *of carrying out...;* gerundive,
 employ a gerundive-gerund flip
 20 **subitūrum esse:** fut. inf. sub-eō
 aegrē ferēbat: *bore poorly...*
 21 **ēo...consiliō, ut:** *with...purpose, so that...*
 22 **morērētur:** impf. of deponent morior
 quaē cum: *since these things were so;* i.e.
 ‘as a result,’ common phrase in Cicero
 23 **īnscente pātre:** abl. absolute, pres. pple

quāsdam carpsit; tum sūcō expressō unguentum parāvit quod vī suā 1
 corpus aleret nervōsque cōfirmāret. Hōc factō Iāsonī unguentum
 dedit; praecepit autem ut eō diē quō istī lābōrēs cōficiendī essent
 corpus suum et arma māne oblineret. Iāsōn etsī paene omnibus
 hominibus magnitūdine et vīribus corporis antecellēbat (vīta enim 5
 omnis in vēnātiōnibus atque in studiō reī mīlitāris cōnsūmēbātur),
 tamen hoc cōnsilium nōn neglegendum esse cēnsēbat.

69. THE SOWING OF THE DRAGON'S TEETH

Ubi is diēs vēnit quem rēx ad arandum agrum ēdīixerat, Iāsōn ortā 10
 lūce cum sociīs ad locum cōstitūtum sē contulit. Ibi stabulum
 ingēns repperit, in quō taurī erant inclūsī; tum portīs apertīs taurōs
 in lūcem trāxit, et summā cum difficultāte iugum imposuit. At
 Aeëtes cum vidēret taurōs nihil contrā Iāsonem valēre, magnopere
 mīrātus est; nesciēbat enim filiam suam auxilium eī dedisse. Tum 15
 Iāsōn omnibus aspicientibus agrum arāre coepit, quā in rē tantam
 dīligentiam praebuit ut ante merīdiem tōtum opus cōnfēcerit. Hōc
 factō ad locum ubi rēx sedēbat adiit et dentēs dracōnis postulāvit;
 quō ubi accēpit, in agrum quem arāverat magnā cum dīligentiā
 sparsit. Hōrum autem dentium nātūra erat tālis ut in eō locō ubi 20
 sēmentēs factae essent virī armātī mīrō quōdam modō gignerentur.

adeō, -ire, -i(v)ī: go to, approach, 4
Aeētēs: Aeetes, king of Cochis, 10
ager, -grī m.: land, field, territory, 11
alō, -ere, aluī, alitum: support, feed, nourish
ante: before, in front of (acc.); adv. before, 5
antecellō, -ere: surpass, excel
aperiō, -ire, -uī, -ertum: open, disclose, 3
arma, -ōrum n.: arms, equipment, tools, 6
armō (1): arm, equip, 4
arō, arāre, -āvī: plow, 4
aspiciō, -ere, -spexī, -spectum: look at
carpō, -ere, -sī, -tum: pluck, seize
cēnseō, -ēre: think, 2
cōfirmō (1): make strong, strengthen, 5
cōnsūmō, -ere, -mpsī, -mptum: take, spend 9
contrā: against (+ acc.), 7
dēns, dentis m.: tooth, 5
difficultās, -tātis f.: difficulty, 7
diligentia, -ae f.: diligence, attentiveness, 5
dracō, -ōnis m.: dragon, serpent, 7
ēdīcō, -ere, -xī, -dictum: declare, proclaim, 4
etsī: even if, although, though, 13
exprimō, -ere, -pressī, -pressum: press out
gignō, -ere, genuī, genitum: bear, produce, 3
impōnō, -ere, -posuī, -positum: place on, 7
includō, -ere, -ūsī, -ūsum: close in, shut in, 7
iste, ista, istud: that or those (of yours), 7
iugum, -ī n.: yoke
lūx, lūcis f.: light, 6
magnitūdō, -tūdinis f.: size, greatness, 13
māne: in the morning
meridiēs, -ētī m.: midday, noon; south, 2

militāris, -e: military, warlike, 3
mīror, -ārī, -ātus sum: be amazed at, 7
mīrus, -a, -um: wonderful, amazing, 7
nātūra, -ae. f.: nature, 9
neglegō, -ere, -lēxī, neglēctum: neglect
nervus, -ī m.: sinew, muscle
nesciō, -ire, -scivī, -scitum: not know, 4
nihil: nothing, 14
oblinō, -ere, -lēvī, -litum: daub over, smear
opus, -eris n.: work, deed, toil, 9
orior, orīrī, ortus sum: arise, spring up, 5
paene: almost, nearly, 8
porta, -ae f.: gate, 7
postulō (1): demand, claim, request, ask, 11
praebeō, -ēre, -uī, -itum: present, give, 7
praecipiō, -ere, -cēpī, -ceptum: order, take, 6
que: and, 14
reperiō, -ire, reperrī, repertum: find, 9
sedeō, -ēre, sēdī, sessum: sit, 6
sēmentis, -is f.: seeding, sowing
spargō, -ere, sparsī, sparsum: sprinkle, 3
stabulum, -ī n.: stable, inclosure, 5
studium, -ī n.: zeal, desire, pursuit
sūcūs, -ī m.: juice, sap, moisture
tālis, -e: such, 6
taurus, -ī m.: bull, 7
trahō, -ere, trāxī, tractum: draw, drag, 6
unguentum, -ī m.: ointment, 3
valeō, -ēre, -uī: be strong, fare well, be able, 5
vēnatiō, -tiōnis f.: hunting
vīta, -ae, f.: life, 9

- 1 **sūcō expressō:** abl. absolute
quod...aleret...cōfirmāret: which...;
 impf. subj., relative clause of characteristic
vī suā: by its own power; abl. means
- 2 **Hōc factō:** abl. absolute
- 3 **praecepit:** governs an ind. command
quō (die)...: on which; the second of two
 abl. of time when constructions
cōficiendī essent: had to be...; ‘were
 (going) to be completed’ a passive
 periphrastic (gerundive + sum) suggests
 obligation or necessity; here impf. subj.
- 4 **homīnibū:** dat. of compound verb
- 5 **magnitūdine et vīribū:** in...; abl. of
 respect
- 6 **reī militāris:** of military affairs
- 7 **neglegendum esse:** see line 3; passive
 periphrastic in ind. disc.; cōnsilium is

- acc. subject, all governed by cēnsēbat
- 10 **ad arāndūm agrūm:** for...; employ a
 gerundive-gerund flip and translate this
 gerundive (adj.) as a gerund (noun)
ēdīxerat: had appointed
- 11 **ortā lūce:** abl. abs.; deponent PPP
- 12 **portīs apertīs:** abl. absolute; aperiō
- 13 **nihil:** not at all; adverbial acc. serves as a
 strong negative
- 15 **filiām...dedisse:** that...had given; eī is
 dat. sg. (is, ea, id) ind. obj
- 16 **omnībus aspīcientibūm:** abl. abs.
quā in rē: in quā rē; relative adj.
- 17 **ut...cōfēcerit:** that...; result, pf subj.
Hōc factō: abl. abs.
- 20 **Hōrūm dentīm:** nature of these teeth
tālis ut: such that...; result, impf subj.
- 21 **mīrō modō:** in a certain amazing way

70. A STRANGE CROP

Nōndum tamen Iāson tōtum opus cōnfēcerat; imperāverat enim eī Aeëtes ut armātōs virōs quī ē dentibus gignerentur sōlus interficeret. Postquam igitur omnēs dentēs in agrum sparsit, Iāson lassitūdine exanimātus quiētī sē trādidit, dum virī istī gignerentur. Paucās hōrās dormiēbat, sub vesperum tamen ē somnō subitō excitātus rem ita ēvēnisse ut praedictum esset cognōvit; nam in omnibus agrī partibus virī ingentī magnitūdine corporis gladiīs galeīisque armātī mīrum in modum ē terrā oriēbantur. Hōc cognitō Iāson cōnsilium quod dedisset Mēdēa nōn omittendum esse 10 putābat. Saxum igitur ingēns (ita enim Mēdēa praecēperat) in mediōs virōs coniēcit. Illī undique ad locum concurrērunt, et cum quisque sibi id saxum habēre vellet, magna contrōversia orta est. Mox strictīs gladiīs inter sē pugnāre coēpērunt, et cum hōc modō plūrimī occīsī essent, reliquī vulneribus cōfēctī ā Iāsone nūllō 15 negōtiō interfectī sunt.

71. THE FLIGHT OF MEDEA

Rēx Aeëtēs ubi Iāsonem labōrem prōpositum cōnfēcissee cognōvit, īrā graviter commōtus est; id enim per dolum factum esse 20 intellegēbat; nec dubitābat quīn Mēdēa eī auxilium tulisset. Mēdēa autem cum intellegēret sē in magnō fore perīculō sī in rēgiā manēret, fugā salūtem petere cōnstituit. Omnibus rēbus igitur ad fugam parātīs mediā nocte, īnciente patre, cum frātre Absyrtō ēvāsit, et quam celerrimē ad locum ubi Argō subducta erat sē 25

Absyrtus, -ī m.: Absyrtus, Medea's brother, 2
Aeētēs: Aeetes, king of Cochis, 10
ager, -grī m.: land, field, territory, 11
Argō, -ūs f.: Argo, 2
armō (1): arm, equip, 4
concurrō, -ere, -currī: run together 4
contrōversia, -ae f.: dispute, controversy, 2
cūr: why
dēns, dentis m.: tooth, 5
dolus, -ī m.: trick, deceit, 4
dormiō, -ire, -īvī: sleep, 8
dubitō (1): hesitate, doubt, 5
ēvādō, -ere, ēvāsī, ēvāsum: go out, escape, 9
ēveniō, -re: turn out, happen, 8
exanimō (1): kill, exhaust, 9
excitō (1): excite, rouse, incite, 8
ferō, ferre, tulī, lātum: carry, endure, 10
frāter, -tris m.: brother, 5
fuga, -ae f.: flight, haste, exile, speed, 6
galea, -ae f.: helmet, 3
gignō, -ere, genuī, genitum: bear, produce, 3
gladius, -ī m.: sword, 10
hōra, -ae f.: hour, 5
imperō (1): order, command, 12
īnsciēns, īnscientis: not knowing, 2
inter: between, among (+ acc.), 10
īra, īrae f.: anger, 12
iste, ista, istud: that or those (of yours), 7
lassitudō, -inis f.: weariness, 2
magnitudō, -tūdīnis f.: size, greatness, 13
maneō, -ēre, mānsī, mansūrum: stay, wait, 9
medius, -a, -um: middle of, 10
mīrus, -a, -um: wonderful, amazing, 7

nam: for, 6
nec: and not, nor, 10
negōtium, ī n.: task, business, occupation, 13
nesciō, -ire, -scīvī, -scītūm: not know, 4
nōndum: not yet, 4
nox, noctis, f.: night, 7
occidō, -ere, -cīdī, -cīsum: kill, cut down, 14
omittō, -ere, -mīsī, -missum: neglect, omit, 6
opus, -eris n.: work, deed, toil, 9
orior, orīrī, ortus sum: arise, spring up, 5
pater, patris, m.: father, 12
petō, petere, petīvī, petītūm: seek, aim at, 10
plūrimus, -a, -um: most, very many, 3
praecipiō, -ere, -cēpī, -ceptum: order, take, 6
praedicō, -ere, -dīxī, -dictum: predict
prōpōnō, -ere, -sūlī, -sūtūm: put or set forth, 4
pugnō (1): fight, 4
putō (1): think, consider, 2
que: and, 14
quiēs, quiētis f.: rest, repose, sleep, 5
quīn: nay (even), (but) that, 12
quisque, quidque: each one, each person, 3
rēgia, -ae f.: palace, 4
sōlus, -a, -um: alone, only, lone, sole, 6
somnus, -ī m.: sleep, 14
spargo, -ere, sparsī, sparsum: sprinkle, 3
stringō, -ere, strīnxī, strictum: draw out, 3
sub: under, 4
subdūcō, -ere, -dūxī, -ductum: draw up, 2
undique: from everywhere, from all sides, 7
vesper, vesperī m.: evening, 4
vulnus, -eris n.: wound, blow, 6

- 2 **eī**: (*for*) him; dat. obj. if imperāverat
 3 **ut...interficeret**: ind. command
 5 **quietī sē trādidit**: *gave himself to rest*; i.e.
 he rested
 6 **paucās hōrās**: *for...*; acc.of duration
 sub: *near*
 7 **ēvenisse**: *had turned out*; pf. inf. ēveniō
 ita...ut...esset: *thus as it had been*
 predicted; otherwise indicative, subordinate
 verbs in ind. disc. become subjunctive
 8 **ingentī magnitudine**: *of...*; abl. quality
 9 **mīrum in modum**: *in an amazing way*;
 'according to an amazing manner'
Hōc cognitō: abl. abs.
 10 **quod dedisset**: *which...*; relative clause of
 characteristic, plpf. subj
 10 **ōmittendum esse**: *had to be...*: 'was

- (going) to be omitted' pass. periphrastic
 in ind. disc. in secondary sequence;
 cōnsilium is acc. subject
 13 **id saxum**: *this rock*; demonstrative adj.
 vellet: impf. subj. volō, (inf. velle)
 14 **strictis gladiis**: abl. abs.
hōc modō: *in...*; abl. manner, cum is the
 adverbial conjunction 'when'
 15 **plūrimī**: *very many (men)*; nom. subj.
nūllō negōtiō: *with no effort*; manner
 21 **nec dubitabat quīn**: *he did not doubt*
 that; quīn often follows 'nōn dubitō'
tulisset: plpf. subj. ferō
 22 **fore**: *would be*; ~futūrum esse, fut. inf.
 23 **omnibus...parātis**: abl. abs.
 24 **īnsciente patre**: abl. abs., pres. pple
 25 **quam celerrimē**: *as quickly as possible*

contulit. Eō cum vēnisset, ad pedēs Iāsonis sē prōiēcit, et multīs 1
 cum lacrimīs eum obsecrāvit nē in tantō discrīmine mulierem
 dēsereret quae eī tantum prōfuisisset. Ille quod memoriā tenēbat sē
 per eius auxilium ē magnō perīculō ēvāsisse, libenter eam excēpit,
 et postquam causam veniendī audīvit, hortātus est nē patris īram 5
 timēret. Prōmīsit autem sē quam prīnum eam in nāvī suā
 āvectūrum.

72. THE SEIZURE OF THE FLEECE

Postrīdiē eius diēī Iāsōn cum sociīs suīs ortā lūce nāvem dēdūxit, et 10
 tempestātem idōneam nactī ad eum locum rēmīs contendērunt, quō
 in locō Mēdēa vellus cēlātum esse dēmōnstrābat. Cum eō
 vēnissent, Iāsōn in terram ēgressus est, et sociīs ad mare relictīs,
 quī praesidiō nāvī essent, ipse cum Mēdēa in silvās sē contulit. 15
 Pauca mīlia passuum per silvam prōgressus, vellus quod quaerēbat
 ex arbore suspēnsum vīdit. Id tamen auferre erat summae
 difficultatis; nōn modo enim locus ipse ēgregiē et nātūrā et arte erat
 munītus, sed etiam dracō quīdam speciē terribilī arborem
 custōdiēbat. Tum Mēdēa, quae, ut suprā dēmōnstrāvimus, 20
 medicīnae summam scientiam habuit, rāmum quem de arbore
 proximā dēripuerat venēnō īfēcit. Hōc factō ad locum
 appropinquāvit, et dracōnem, quī, faucibus apertīs, eius adventum
 exspectābat, venēnō sparsit; deinde, dum dracō somnō oppressus
 dormit, Iāsōn vellus aureum dē arbore dēripuit et cum Mēdēa quam 25
 celerrimē pedem rettulit.

adveniō, -ire, -vēnī, -ventum: approach
aperiō, -ire, -uī, -ertum: open, disclose, 3
appropinquō (1): come near, approach, 8
arbor, arboris f.: tree, 5
ars, artis f.: skill, craft, art, 5
auferō, -ferre, abstulī, -lātūm: carry away 11
āvehō, -ere, -vexī, -vectum: carry away
cēlō (1): hide, conceal, 5
contendō, -ere, -i, -tum: hasten; fight, 11
custōdiō, -ire, -ivī, -itum: guard, 4
dēdūcō, -ere: lead or bring down, launch, 10
deinde: then, thereupon, 8
dēmōnstrō (1): show, demonstrate, 13
dēripiō, -ere, dēripū, -reptum: tear away, 2
dēserō, -ere, -uī, -sertum: desert, 2
difficultās, -tātis f.: difficulty, 7
discrīmen, -crīminis n.: crisis, peril, 5
dormiō, -ire, -ivī: sleep, 8
dracō, -onis m.: dragon, serpent, 7
ēgregiē: excellently
ēvādō, -ere, ēvāsī, ēvāsum: go out, escape, 9
excipiō, ere, cēpī, ceptum: take out, receive 9
faucēs, -iūm f.: throat, 2
hortor, -ārī, -ātūs sum: encourage, urge, 4
idōneus, -a, -um: suitable, appropriate, 12
inficiō, -ere, -fēctī, -fectum: stain, dye, 4
īra, īrae f.: anger, 12
lacrima, -ae f.: tear, 10
libenter: gladly, willingly, 12
lūx, lūcis f.: light, 6
medicīna, -ae f.: medicine, art of healing, 4
memoria, -ae f.: memory, 4

mīlle (pl. mīlia): thousand, 7
mulier, mulieris f.: woman, 3
mūniō, -ire, -ivī, -itum: fortify, build, 2
nancīscor, -i, nactus sum: attain, meet, 7
nātūra, -ae f.: nature, 9
obsecrō (1): beseech, implore, entreat, 5
opprimō, -ere, -pressī: overpower 5
orior, orīrī, ortus sum: arise, spring up, 5
passus, -ūs: pace, 7
pater, patris, m.: father, 12
pēs, pedis m.: foot, 8
postridiē: the day after, the next day, 4
praesidiūm, -ī n.: protection, guard, 3
prōiciō, -icere, -iēcī, -iectum: throw forth, 4
prōmittō, -ere, -mīsī, -missum: send forth, 3
prōsum, prōdesse, prōfūi: profit, benefit, 6
proximus, -a, -um: nearest, next, 5
rāmus, -ī m.: branch
relinquō, -ere, -liquī, -lictum: leave behind, 9
rēmūs, -ī m.: oar, 4
scientia, -ae f.: knowledge, wisdom, 6
silva, -ae f.: wood, forest, woodland, 7
somnus, -ī m.: sleep, 14
spargō, -ere, sparsi, sparsum: sprinkle, 3
suprā: above, before, 6
suspendō, -ere, -dī, suspēnsum: hang up
teneō, tenēre, tenuī, tentum: hold, keep 13
terribilis, -e: terrible, dreadful, 5
timeō, -ēre, -uī: fear, dread, 6
vellus, velleris n.: fleece, 12
venēnum, -ī n.: poison, 7

- 1 **sē contulit:** carried himself; pf. conferō
Eō: (to) there; adverb
- 2 **nē...dēsereret:** neg. ind. command
- 3 **eī tantum prōfūisset:** had been so good to him; ‘had been so much profit to him,’ dat. interest and inner acc. “so great a benefit”; plpf. subj. prōsum, relative of characteristic
memoria tenēbat: i.e. remembered; ‘in memory’ is in fact an abl. of means
sē...ēvāsisse: that he...; follows tenēbat
- 4 **excēpit:** welcomed; as often, ‘received’
- 5 **veniēndī:** gen. sg. gerund
hortātūs est: pf. dep. hortor
nē...timēret: negative ind. command
- 6 **sē...āvectūrum (esse):** that...would carry away; fut. inf. (add esse to the pple.)
quam prīmū: as soon as possible
- 10 **postridiē eius diēt:** the day after that

- day; abl. time when; gen. sg.
ortā lūce: abl. abs., deponent PPP
- 11 **nactī:** having attained; pple nancīscor
contenderunt: hastened; ‘stroved’
- 12 **eō:** there; see line 1
- 13 **sociīs...relictīs:** abl. abs.
- 14 **praesidiō nāvī essent:** served as guard for the ship; ‘for guard for the ship,’ double dat. (purpose and interest)
- 16 **id...auferre:** carry it off; subject inf.
summae difficultātis: of...; gen. of description is a predicate
- 17 **nōn modo...sed etiam:** not only...but also et...et: both...and
erat munītūm: munītūs erat; plpf. pass.
- 21 **infēcit:** infected a branch with poison
- 24 **quam celerrimē:** as quickly as possible
- 25 **pedem rettulit:** i.e. “returned” referō

73. THE RETURN TO THE ARGO

1

Dum autem ea geruntur, Argonautae, quī ad mare relictī erant, anxiō animō redditum Iāsonis exspectābant; id enim negōtium summī esse perīculī intellegēbant. Postquam igitur ad occāsum sōlis frūstrā exspectāvērunt, dē eius salūte dēspērāre coepērunt, nec dubitābant quīn aliquī cāsus accidisset. Quae cum ita essent, mātūrandum sibi cēnsuērunt, ut ducē auxilium ferrent; sed dum proficīscī parant, lūmen quoddam subitō cōspiciunt mīrum in modum intrā silvās refulgēns, et magnopere mīrātī quae causa esset eius reī ad locum concurrunt. Quō cum vēnissent, Iāsonī et Mēdēae advenientibus occurrērunt, et vellus aureum lūminis eius causam esse cognōvērunt. Omnī timōre sublātō magnō cum gaudiō ducem suum excēpērunt, et dīs grātiās maximās ēgērunt quod rēs tam fēlīciter ēvēnisset.

10

15

74. THE PURSUIT

Hīs rēbus gestīs omnēs sine morā nāvem rūrsus cōncendērunt, et sublātīs ancorīs prīmā vigiliā solvērunt; neque enim satis tūtum esse arbitrātī sunt in eō locō manēre. At rēx Aeētēs, quī iam ante inimīcō in eōs fuerat animō, ubi cognōvit fīliam suam nōn modo ad Argonautās sē recēpisse sed etiam ad vellus auferendum auxilium tulisse, hōc dolōre gravius exārsit. Nāvem longam quam celerrimē dēdūcī iussit, et mīlitibus impositīs fugientēs īnsecūtus est. Argonautae, quī rem in discrīmine esse bene sciēbant, omnibus

20

accidō, -ere, accidī: happen, fall (on)to, 8
adveniō, -ire, -vēnī, -ventum: approach
Aeētēs: Aeetes, king of Cochis, 10
aliquī, -qua, -quod: some, any, definite, 3
ancora, ancorae f.: anchor, 7
ante: before, in front of (acc.); adv. before, 5
anxius, -a, -um: anxious, 3
arbitror, -ārī, -ātus sum: judge, think, 11
auferō, -ferre, abstulī, -lātum: carry away 11
aureus, -a, -um: golden, 13
bene: well, 5
cāsus, -ūs m.: misfortune, accident, event, 8
cēnseō, -ēre: think, 2
concurrō, -ere, -currī: run together 4
cōnscendō, -ere, -ndī, -nsum: climb aboard, 6
cōnspiciō, -ere, -extī, -ectum: catch sight of, 3
dēdūcō, -ere: lead or bring down, launch, 10
dēspērō (1): despair, give up, 4
discrimen, -criminis n.: crisis, peril, 5
dubitō (1): hesitate, doubt, 5
dux, ducis m/f.: leader, guide, chieftain, 5
ēveniō, -ire: turn out, happen, 8
exārdēscō, -ere, -ārsī, -ārsum: catch fire, 2
excipiō, ere, cēpī, ceptum: take out, receive 9
fēliciter: happily, fortunately, 3
ferō, ferre, tuli, lātum: carry, endure, 10
frūstrā: in vain, for nothing, 13
fugiō, fugere, fūgī, --: flee, hurry away, 9
gaudium, -ī n.: gladness, joy, 9
grātia, -ae f.: gratitude, favor, thanks, 10
impōnō, -ere, -posuī, -positum: place on, 7
inimīcus, -a, -um: unfriendly, hostile, 2

insequor, -sequī, -secūtus sum: follow upon
intrā: within, among (+ acc.), 4
longus, -a, -um: long, 4
lūmen, lūminis n.: light, 3
maneō, -ēre, mānsī, mansūrum: stay, wait, 9
mātūrō (1): hasten, ripen, 7
maximus, -a, -um: greatest, 9
mīlēs, mīlitis m.: soldier, 2
mīror, -ārī, -ātus sum: be amazed at, 7
mīrus, -a, -um: wonderful, amazing, 7
mora, -ae f.: delay, hesitation, hindrance, 14
nec: and not, nor, 10
negōtium, ī n.: task, business, occupation, 13
occāsus, -ūs m.: fall, destruction, 4
occurrō, -ere: run into, meet, attack, 2
quīn: nay (even), (but) that, 12
recipiō, -ere, -cēpī, -ceptum: accept, take back, 8
reditus, -ūs m.: return, 5
refulgeō, -ēre, -fulsī: flash back, shine
relinquō, -ere, -līquī, -līctum: leave behind, 9
rūrsus: again, backward, back, 7
satis: enough, sufficient, 6
sciō, -ire, -ivī (ī), -itum: know, understand, 9
silva, -ae f.: wood, forest, woodland, 7
sol, solis m.: sun, 10
tam: so, so much, so very, such, 8
tollō, -ere, sustulī, sublātum: raise, lift up 10
tūtus, -a, -um: safe, secure, 3
vellus, velleris n.: fleece, 12
vigilia, -ae f.: watch, night-watch

- 2 **ea:** *these (things); neuter pl. demonstrative ad:* near, at
 3 **anxiō animō:** *with anxious heart; manner id negōtium:* *this task; acc. subj.*
 4 **summī periculī:** *of...; gen. description*
 5 **nec dubitābat quīn:** *he did not doubt that; quīn often follows “nōn dubitō”*
 6 **aliquī:** *some; nom. sg. adj. modifies cāsus quae cum...:* *Since these things were so; i.e. ‘as a result,’ common in Cicero*
 7 **mātūrandum (esse) sibi:** *that he had to hurry; ‘(it is) (going) to be hurried by him’ passive periphrastic (gerundive + sum) with dat. of agent; translate in active ducī: the leader; dat. ind. obj. dux*
 8 **mīrum in modum:** *in an amazing way*
 9 **refulgēns:** pres. pple, modifies neut. lūmen mīrātī: *having wondered; dep. PPP*

- quae...eset:** ind. question, impf. subj. sum
 10 **Quō:** *where; ‘to which place’*
Iāsonī, Mēdēae: dat. of compound verb
advenientibūm: dat. pl. pres. pple
 12 **omnī...sublātō:** abl. abs., PPP tollō ‘remove,’ in other instances ‘lifted up’
 13 **excēpērunt:** *welcomed*
grātias ēgerunt: *gave thanks; idiom, agō*
quod...ēvēnisset: *because it had turned out; plpf. subj. of alleged cause*
 17 **Hīs...gestīs:** abl. abs., PPP gerō
 18 **sublātī ancorīs:** abl. abs., tollō ‘lifted up’
 19 **manēre:** subject of esse, tūtum is the pred.
 20 **inimīcō animō:** *of...; abl. quality*
 21 **sē recēpisse:** *had retreated; idiom*
ad auferendum: *for carrying off...*
 22 **gravium:** *more strongly; comp. adv.*
 23 **mīlitibus impositīs:** abl. abs.

vīribus rēmīs contendēbant; cum tamen nāvis quā vehēbantur 1
 ingentī esset magnitūdine, nōn eādem celeritāte quā Colchī
 prōgredī poterant. Quō factum est ut minimum abesset quīn ā
 Colchīs sequentibus caperentur, neque enim longius intererat quam
 quō tēlum adicī posset. At Mēdēa cum vīdisset quō in locō rēs 5
 essent, paene omnī spē dēpositā, īnfandum hoc cōnsilium cēpit.

75. A FEARFUL EXPEDIENT

Erat in nāvī Argonautārum filius quīdam rēgis Aeëtae, nōmine 10
 Absyrtus, quem, ut suprā dēmōnstrāvimus, Mēdēa ex urbe fugiēns
 sēcum abdūxerat. Hunc puerum Mēdēa interficere cōnstituit eō
 cōnsiliō, ut membrīs eius in mare coniēctīs cursum Colchōrum
 impēdīret; certō enim sciēbat Aeëtem, cum membra filī vīdisset,
 nōn longius prōsecūtūrum esse. Neque opīniō Mēdēam fefellit,
 omnia enim ita ēvēnērunt ut spērāverat. Aeëtēs ubi prīmum 15
 membra vīdit, ad ea colligenda nāvem tenērī iussit. Dum tamen ea
 geruntur, Argonautae nōn intermissō remigandī labōre mox ē
 cōnspectū hostium auferēbantur, neque prius fugere dēstiterunt
 quam ad flūmen Eridānum pervēnērunt. Aeëtes nihil sibi
 prōfutūrum esse arbitrātus sī longius prōgressus esset, animō 20
 dēmissō domum revertit, ut filī corpus ad sepultūram daret.

76. THE BARGAIN WITH PELIAS

Tandem post multa perīcula Iāsōn in eundem locum pervēnit unde 25
 profectus erat. Tum ē nāvī ēgressus ad rēgem Peliam, quī rēgnū
 adhūc obtinēbat, statim sē contulit, et vellere aureō mōnstrātō ab eō

- abdūcō, -ere, -dūxī, -ductum:** lead away
absūmō, -ere, -mp̄sī, -mptum: take away, 2
Absyrtus, -ī m.: Absyrtus, Medea's brother, 2
adhūc: still, 5
adiciō, -ere, -iēcī, -iectum: throw at, hurl
Aeētēs: Aeetes, king of Cochis, 10
arbitror, -ārī, -ātus sum: judge, think, 11
auferō, -ferre, abstulī, -lātum: carry away 11
aureus, -a, -um: golden, 13
celeritās, -tātis f.: speed, quickness, 7
certus, -a, -um: fixed, sure, 11
Colchī, -ōrum m.: Colchians, 3
Colchis, -idis f.: Colchis, 4
conligō, -ere: gather, tie together
cōspectus, -ūs m.: sight, view, 6
contendō, -ere, -ī, -tum: hasten; fight, 11
cursus, -ūs m.: course, running, haste, 10
dēmittō, -ere, -mīsī, -missum: drop, 3
dēmōnstrō (1): show, demonstrate, 13
dēpōnō, -ere, -suī, -sītum: put down/aside, 9
dēsistō, -ere, -stītī, -stītum: desist, stop, 5
domus, -ūs f.: house, home, dwelling, 11
Ēridanus, -ī m.: Eridanus
ēveniō, -ire: turn out, happen, 8
fallō, -ere, fefellī, falsum: deceive, fail, 3
filius, -ii m.: son, 10
fugiō, fugere, fūgī, --: flee, hurry away, 9
hostis, -is m./f.: stranger, enemy, foe, 5
impediō, -ire, -īvī, -ītum: hinder, impede
infandus, -a, -um: unspeakable
- intermittō, -ere:** interrupt, break off, 5
intersum, interesse, -fūi: be between
longē: far, far and wide, 6
magnitūdō, -tūdīnīs f.: size, greatness, 13
membrum, -ī n.: limb, member, 10
minimus, -a, -um: very little
mōnstrō (1): show, demonstrate, 3
nihil: nothing, 14
nōmen, nōminis, n.: name, 12
obtineō, -ēre, -ūi, -tentum: hold, maintain, 9
opīnō, -iōnis f.: opinion, reputation, 6
paene: almost, nearly, 8
Peliās, -ae f.: Pelias, 14
priūm: before, 3
prōsequor, -ī, prōsecūtus: follow, pursue
prōsum, prōdesse, prōfūi: profit, benefit, 6
quīn: nay (even), (but) that, 12
rēmīgō (1): row
rēmus, -ī m.: oar, 4
revertō, -ere, reversī: turn back, return, 2
sciō, -īre, -īvī (ii), -ītum: know, understand, 9
sepultūra, -ae f.: burial, 2
sequor, -ī, secūtus sum: follow; attend, 4
spērō (1): hope (for), expect, 5
suprā: above, before, 6
telum, -ī n.: weapon, arrow, spear, 3
teneō, tenēre, tenuī, tentum: hold, keep 13
unde: whence, from which source, 6
vehō, -ere, vexī, vectum: convey, carry, 5
vellus, velleris n.: fleece, 12

- 1 **vīribum:** with all their strength; manner
contendēbant: hastened
cum: since
quā: relative pronoun, abl. means
- 2 **ingentī magnitūdīne:** of...; abl. quality, pred. of esset; 3rd decl. i-stem ablative
celeritātē: with...; abl. manner
quā: with which; abl. manner
prōgredī: pres. deponent inf.
- 3 **Quō factum...morerētur:** because of which it happened that it was not at all far from being captured by the pursuing Colchians; 'were least away that they...' abl. of cause; the ut-clause is a noun result clause; minimum is adv. acc.
Longius intererat quā: for it was no farther between than...; comparative
- 5 **quō tēlūm:** (that) in which, (that) to which posset: impf. subj. possum + pass. inf.
6 **paene omnī...dēpositā:** abl. abs.

- cōnsilium cēpit:** adopted a plan; 'took up'
9 **nōmine:** by name; abl. respect
10 **ut:** as; ut + indicative
fugīens: pres. pple fugiō, -ere
11 **eō cōnsiliō:** with this purpose, (namely) so that; precedes purpose cl.
12 **membris...coniēctis:** abl. abs.
14 **longiūm:** farther; comparative adv.
opīnō: expectation
15 **ita...ut:** just as; ut + indicative
priūm: first; adverb
16 **ad ea colligenda:** for gathering them; employ a gerund-gerundive flip
17 **remīgāndī:** gen. gerund
18 **prius...quam:** earlier than, before
fugere: from fleeing; English idiom
19 **nihil:** that it would be no profit for him; inner acc. or adv. acc. (not at all), cf. p. 77
20 **animō dēmissō:** with dejected heart
26 **sē contulit:** carried himself, conferō

postulāvit ut rēgnum sibi trāderētur; Peliās enim pollicitus erat, sī Iāsōn vellus rettulisset, sē rēgnum eī trāditūrum. Postquam Iāsōn quid fierī vellet ostendit, Peliās prīmō nihil respondit, sed diū in eādem trīstītiā tacitus permānsit; tandem ita locūtus est: “Vidēs mē aetāte iam esse cōfectum, neque dubium est quīn diēs suprēmus mihi appropinquet. Liceat igitur mihi, dum vīvam, hoc rēgnum obtinēre; cum autem tandem dēcesserō, tū mihi succēdēs.” Hāc ūratiōne adductus Iāsōn respondit sē id factūrum quod ille rogāasset.

77. MAGIC ARTS

Hīs rēbus cognitīs Mēdēa rem aegrē tulit, et rēgnī cupiditāte adducta mortem rēgī per dolum īferre cōstituit. Hōc cōstitūtō ad filiās rēgis vēnit atque ita locūta est: “Vidētis patrem vestrum aetāte iam esse cōfectum neque ad labōrem rēgnandī perferendum satis valēre. Vultisne eum rūrsus iuvenem fierī?” Tum filiae rēgis ita respondērunt: “Num hoc fierī potest? Quis enim umquam ē sene iuvenis factus est?” At Mēdēa respondit: “Mē medicīnae summam habēre scientiam scītis. Nunc igitur vōbīs dēmōnstrābō quō modō haec rēs fierī possit.” Postquam fīnem loquendī fēcit, arietem aetāte iam confectum interfēcit et membra eius in vāse aēneō posuit, atque ignī suppositō in aquam herbās quāsdam īnfūdit. Tum, dum aqua effervēsceret, carmen magicum cantābat. Mox ariēs ē vāse exsiluit et, vīribus refectīs, per agrōs currēbat.

addūcō, -ere, -dūxī, -ctum: lead to, bring, 8	num: question expecting negative answer, 2
aegrē: with difficulty, wearily, 4	nunc: now, at present, 4
aēneus, -a, -um: of bronze, 3	obtineō, -ere, -ui, -tentum: hold, maintain, 9
aetās, aetātis f.: age, lifetime, time, 4	ōrātiō, -iōnis f.: speaking, speech, language, 2
ager, -grī m.: land, field, territory, 11	ostendō (1): show, display, 6
appropinquō (1): come near, approach, 8	pater, patris, m.: father, 12
aqua, -ae f.: water, 11	Peliās, -ae f.: Pelias, 14
ariēs, -ietis m.: ram, battering-ram, 2	perferō, -ferre, -tuli, -latum: bear, betake, 2
cantō (1): sing	permaneō, -ere, -mānsī: remain
carmen, carminis n.: song, 2	polliceor, -ērī, -citus sum: promise, proffer, 2
cupiditās, -tatis f.: desire, passion, 5	pōnō, -ere, posuī, positum: place, put, 5
currō, -ere, cucurrī, cursum: run, rush, fly, 4	postulō (1): demand, claim, request, ask, 11
dēcēdō, -ere, -cessī, -cessum: depart; die, 2	quīn: nay (even), (but) that, 12
dēmōnstrō (1): show, demonstrate, 13	reficiō -ere -fēcī -fectum: make new, repair, 2
diū: a long time, long, 13	rēgnō (1): rule, reign, 3
dolus, -i m.: trick, deceit, 4	respondeō, -ere, -di, -ōnsum: answer, 13
dubius, -a, -um: doubtful, uncertain, 3	rogō (1): ask
effervescō, -ere, -fervī: boil up or over	rūrsus: again, backward, back, 7
exsiliō, -tre, -siluī: leap out or forth	satis: enough, sufficient, 6
ferō, ferre, tulī, latum: carry, endure, 10	scientia, -ae f.: knowledge, wisdom, 6
finis, -is m./f.: end, limit, border, boundary, 12	sciō, -ire, -ivī (ii), -itum: know, understand, 9
fiō, fierī, factus sum: become, be made, 9	senex, senis m.: old man
herba, -ae f.: plant, grass, 6	succēdō, -ere, -cessī: come up, succeed
ignis, ignis, m.: fire, 9	suppōnō, -ere, -posuī, -positum: set beneath
inferō, -ferre, -tuli, -latum: carry on, wage, 3	suprēmus, -a, -um: highest, last
infundō, -ere, -fūdī, fūsum: pour into	taceō, -ere, -ui, -itum: be silent, 2
iuvēnis, -is m.: youth, young man, 4	tristitia, -ae f.: sadness
licet, -ere, -uit: is allowed, permitted, 5	tū: you, 10
loquor, loqui, locūtus sum: speak, address, 9	umquam: ever, 5
magicus, -a, -um: magic, 5	valeō, -ere, -ui: be strong, fare well, be able, 5
medicīna, -ae f.: medicine, art of healing, 4	vās, vāsis n. (2nd decl. in pl.): vessel, 5
membrum, -i n.: limb, member, 10	vellus, velleris n.: fleece, 12
mors, mortis, f.: death, 9	vester, vestra, vestrum: your, 2
ne: introduces a yes/no question	vīvus, -a, -um: living, alive, 4
nihil: nothing, 14	vōs: you, you all, 3

1 **ut:** *that...;* ind. command

2 **rettulisset:** *if...had brought back;* fut. pf. indicate in future-more-vivid condition made plpf subj in ind. disc.

ei: dat. sg. indirect object

trāditūrum (esse): fut. inf.; add esse

3 **quid...vellet:** *what he wished to be done;* impf. subj. volō, ind. question

5 **cōflectum (esse):** *have been exhausted;* neque...quīn: *there is not doubt that...*

6 **mīhi:** *me;* dat. of compound verb

līceat: *let it be allowed;* jussive pres. subj.

vīvam: 1s pres. subjunctive

7 **dēcesserō:** *I depart (from life);* fut. pf.

mīhi: *me;* dat with compound verb

8 **id...quod:** *that which...*

factūrum (esse): fut. inf. in indirect disc.

rogā(vi)sset: syncopated plpf subj.

10 **Hīs...cognitīs:** abl. abs.

11 **tulit:** *bore poorly;* pf. ferō

12 **rēgī:** *upon the king;* dat. of compound verb

14 **cōflectum (esse):** see note, line 5

ad...perfērēdūm: *for accomplishing...*

rēgnāndī: gen. sg. gerund (-ing)

15 **satis valēre:** *is not strong enough*

Vultis: 2p present volō

fierī: *be made/done;* inf. fiō

16 **Num:** *surely....not?;* expects a ‘no’ answer

18 **quō modō:** *in what way;* indirect question

23 **vīribus refectīs:** *strength recovered;* abs.

78. A DANGEROUS EXPERIMENT

Dum filiae regis hoc miraculum stupentēs intuentur, Mēdēa ita locuta est: “Vidētis quantum valeat medicīna. Vōs igitur, sī vultis patrem vestrum in adulēscētiā redūcere, id quod fēcī ipsae faciētis. Vōs patris membra in vās conicite; ego herbās magicās praebēbō.” Quod ubi audītum est, filiae regis cōnsilium quod dedisset Mēdēa nōn omittendum putāvērunt. Patrem igitur Peliam necāvērunt et membra eius in vās aēneum coniēcērunt; nihil autem dubitābant quīn hoc maximē eī prōfutūrum esset. At rēs omnīnō aliter ēvēnit ac spērāverant, Mēdēa enim nōn eāsdem herbās dedit quibus ipsa ūsa erat. Itaque postquam diū frūstrā exspectāvērunt, patrem suum rē vērā mortuum esse intellēxērunt. Hīs rēbus gestīs Mēdēa sē cum coniuge suō rēgnūm acceptūram esse spērābat; sed cīvēs cum intellegerent quō modō Peliās periisset, tantum scelus aegrē tulērunt. Itaque Iāsone et Mēdēa ē rēgnō expulsīs, Acastum rēgem creāvērunt.

79. A FATAL GIFT

Iāsōn et Mēdēa ē Thessaliā expulsī ad urbem Corinthum vēnērunt, cuius urbī Creōn quīdam rēgnūm tum obtinēbat. Erat autem Creontī filia ūna, nōmine Glauce. Quam cum vīdisset, Iāsōn cōnstituit Mēdēae uxōrī suaē nūntium mittere eō cōnsiliō, ut Glaucen in mātrimōniūm dūceret. At Mēdēa ubi intellēxit quae ille in animō habēret, trā graviter commōta iūre iūrandō cōfirmāvit sē tantam iniūriām ultūram. Hoc igitur cōnsilium cēpit. Vestem

Acastus, -ī m.: Acastus
adulēcentia, -ae f.: youth
aegrē: with difficulty, wearily, 4
aēneus, -a, -um: of bronze, 3
aliter: otherwise, in another way, 3
cīvis, -is m/f: citizen, fellow citizen, 5
cōfirmō (1): make strong, strengthen, 5
coniūnx, -iugis m/f: husband, wife, spouse
Corinthus, -ī m.: Corinth
creō (1): create, 2
Creōn, -ntis m.: Creon, 5
diū: a long time, long, 13
dubitō (1): hesitate, doubt, 5
dūcō, -ere, dūxī, ductum: lead, draw, bring, 5
ego: I, 9
eveniō, -tre: turn out, happen, 8
expellō, -ere, pulī, pulsum: drive out, expel 3
ferō, ferre, tulī, lātum: carry, endure, 10
frūstrā: in vain, for nothing, 13
Glaucē, -ēs f.: Glauce, 4
herba, -ae f.: plant, grass, 6
iniūria, -ae f.: wrong, insult, injustice, 2
intueor, -tuēri, -tuitus sum: look upon
īra, īrae f.: anger, 12
itaque: and so, 8
iūrō (1): swear, 2
iūs, iūris n.: justice, law, right, 4
loquor, loquī, locūtus sum: speak, address, 9
magicus, -a, -um: magic, 5
mātrimōnium, -ī n.: marriage, 6
maximē: especially, very greatly, 5
medicīna, -ae f.: medicine, art of healing, 4

membrum, -ī n.: limb, member, 10
mīrāculum, -ī n.: wonder, marvel, miracle
mortuus, -a, -um: dead, 7
necō (1): kill, slay, put to death, 9
nihil: nothing, 14
nōmen, nōminis, n.: name, 12
nūntius, -ī m.: messenger, 12
obtineō, -ere, -ui, -tentum: hold, maintain, 9
omittō, -ere, -mīsi, -missum: neglect, omit, 6
omnīnō: altogether, wholely, entirely, 11
pater, patris, m.: father, 12
Peliās, -ae f.: Pelias, 14
pereō, perire, perī, peritūrum: perish
praebeō, -ere, -ui, -itum: present, give, 7
prōsum, prōdesse, prōfui: profit, benefit, 6
putō (1): think, consider, 2
quantus, -a, -um: how much, how great, 4
quīn: nay (even), (but) that, 12
reducō, -ere, -dūxī, -tum: lead/bring back, 11
scelus, sceleris n.: wickedness, crime, 4
spērō (1): hope (for), expect, 5
stupeō, -ere, -ui: be stunned, be astounded
Thessalia, -ae f.: Thessaly, 4
ulcīscor, ulcīscī, ultus sum: avenge, 2
ūtor, ūti, ūsus sum: use, employ, enjoy 2
uxor, uxōris f.: wife, spouse, 10
valeō, -ere, -ui: be strong, fare well, be able, 5
vās, vāsis n. (2nd decl. in pl.): vessel, 5
vērus, -a, -um: true, real, 2
vester, vestra, vestrum: your, 2
vestis, -is f.: clothing, 12
vōs: you, you all, 3

- 3 **quantum valeat medicīna**: *how strong is...*; inner acc. ind. question, pres. subj.
vultis: 2p volō
4 **id quod**: *that which...*; demonstrative
5 **conicite**: plural imperative, -iciō from iaciō
6 **quod**: *this; ‘which,’ nom. subject*
quod...Mēdēa: plpf. subj., relative clause of characteristic
7 **ōmittendum (esse)**: *must be...: ‘was (going) to be omitted,’ pass. periphrastic*
in ind. disc.; cōnsilium is acc. subject,
9 **dubitābant quīn**: *they did not at all doubt that; nihil is an adv. acc. or inner acc.*
(had no doubt); quīn often follows dubitāre
prōfutūrum eset: *would be profitable; ‘was going to be profitable,’ periphrastic fut. (fut pple + sum); impf subj*
11 **quiubum**: *which; abl. obj. of ūsa est*

- ipsa**: *(she) herself*
ūsa est: pf. dep. ūtor, governs abl.
12 **rē vērā**: *in true fact; i.e. actually*
hīs...gestīs: abl. abs., PPP gerō
13 **acceptūram esse**: *would receive; sē*
is acc. subj.; fut. inf.
14 **quō modō**: *in what way; abl. manner*
perīsset: plpf. subj. per-ēō, ind. quest
15 **tulērunt**: pf. ferō, again to bear poorly
Iāsone...expulsīs: abl. abs.
20 **cuius urbis**: *of which city; + regnum*
21 **Creontī**: *there was to Creon; ‘Creon had,’ dat. of possession*
24 **iūre iūrandō**: *by sworn oath; ‘by oath (going) to be worn,’ abl. means*
25 **ultūrum (esse)**: fut. inf. ulcīscor
cepit: *adopted; ‘took up’*

parāvit summā arte textam et variīs colōribus īfectam; hanc 1
mortiferō quōdam venēnō tīnxit, cuius vīs tālis erat ut sī quis eam
vestem induisset, corpus eius quasi ignī ūrerētur. Hōc factō vestem
ad Glaučēn mīsit; illa autem nihil malī suspicāns dōnum libenter
accēpit, et vestem novam mōre fēminārum statim induit. 5

80. MEDEA KILLS HER SONS

Vix vestem induerat Glaučē cum dolōrem gravem per omnia
membra sēnsit, et paulō post crūdēlī cruciātū affecta ē vītā excessit.
Hīs rēbus gestīs Mēdēa furōre atque āmentiā impulsa filiōs suōs 10
necāvit; tum magnum sibi fore perīculum arbitrāta sī in Thessaliā
manēret, ex eā regiōne fugere cōnstituit. Hōc cōnstitūtō Sōlem
orāvit ut in tantō perīculō auxilium sibi praebēret. Sōl autem hīs
precibus commōtus currum mīsit cui erant iūncī dracōnēs ālīs
īstrūctī. Mēdēa nōn omittendam tantam occāsiōnem arbitrāta 15
currum ascendit, itaque per āéra vecta incolumis ad urbem Athēnās
pervēnit. Iāsōn ipse brevī tempore mīrō modō occīsus est. Accidit
sīve cāsū sīve cōnsiliō deōrum ut sub umbrā nāvis suaē, quae in
lītus subducta erat, dormīret. Mox nāvis, quae adhūc ērēcta steterat,
in eam partem ubi Iāsōn iacēbat subitō dēlāpsa virum īfēlīcem 20
oppressit.

- accidō, -ere, accidī:** happen, fall (on)to, 8
adhūc: still, 5
āer, āeris m. (acc. āera): air, 6
afficiō, -ere, -fēcī, fectum: influence, treat, 13
āla, -ae f.: wing, 2
āmentia, -ae f.: madness, 2
arbitror, -ārī, -ātus sum: judge, think, 11
ars, artis f.: skill, craft, art, 5
ascendō, -ere, -i, -ēsum: ascend, mount, 3
Athenae, -ārum f.: Athens
cāsus, -ūs m.: misfortune, accident, event, 8
color, colōris m.: color
cruciātus, -ūs m.: torture, 2
crūdēlis, -e: cruel, bitter, bloody, 6
currus, -ūs m.: chariot, cart, 2
dēlābor, -lābī, -lāpsus sum: slip or fall down
dōnum, -i n.: gift, 6
dormiō, -ire, -iū: sleep, 8
dracō, -ōnis m.: dragon, serpent, 7
ērigō, -ere, -rēxī, -rēctum: raise up, lift
excēdō, -ere, -cessī, -cessum: go out, depart, 2
fēmina, -ae f.: woman, 3
filius, -iū m.: son, 10
fugiō, fugere, fūgī, --: flee, hurry away, 9
furor, -ōris m.: rage, fury, madness, 4
Glaucē, -ēs f.: Glauce, 4
iaceō, -ere, -uī: lie, lie low, 3
ignis, ignis, m.: fire, 9
impellō, -ere, pulī, pulsum: drive on, incite, 3
incolūmis, -e: inscathed, uninjured, safe, 7
induō, -ere, induī, indūtum: put on, 8
infelīx, -fēlicis: unhappy, unfortunate, 2
inficiō, -ere, -fēcī, -fectum: stain, dye, 4
instruō, -ere, -ūxī, -ūctum: equip, draw up, 6
itaque: and so, 8
iungō, -ere, iūnxī, -iūnctum: join, 3
- libenter:** gladly, willingly, 12
malus, -a, -um: bad, 3
maneō, -ēre, mānsī, mansūrum: stay, wait, 9
membrum, -i n.: limb, member, 10
mīrus, -a, -um: wonderful, amazing, 7
mōrifer, -fera, -ferum: death-bearing, 2
mōs, mōris m.: custom, manner, law, 6
necō (1): kill, slay, put to death, 9
nihil: nothing, 14
novus, -a, -um: new, 4
occāsiō, -iōnis f.: chance, opportunity, 6
occidō, -ere, -cīdī, -cīsum: kill, cut down, 14
omittō, -ere, -mīsī, -missum: neglect, omit, 6
opprimō, -ere, -pressī: overpower 5
ōrō (1): pray (for), entreat, beseech, 5
praebeō, -ere, -uī, -itum: present, give, 7
precēs, -um f. pl.: prayer, entreaty, 3
quasi: as if, 4
sīve: or if, whether if, 6
sōl, sōlis m.: sun, 10
stō, -āre, stetī, stātum: stand, 8
sub: under, 4
subdūcō, -ere, -dūxī, -ductum: draw up, 2
suspicō, -āre, -āvī, -ātum: suspect, mistrust, 7
tālis, -e: such, 6
texō, -ere, -uī, textum: weave
Thessalia, -ae f.: Thessaly, 4
tingō, -ere, tīnxī, tīnctum: wet, soak; dye
umbra, -ae f.: shade, shadow
ūrō, ūrere, ussī, ustum: burn
varius, -a, -um: various, 2
vehō, -ere, vexī, vectum: convey, carry, 5
venēnum, -i n.: poison, 7
vestis, -is f.: clothing, 12
vīta, -ae, f.: life, 9
vix: with difficulty, with effort, scarcely, 5

- 1 **summā arte:** with...; abl. manner
textam, īfēctam: PPP texō, īficiō
2 **tālis:** such; nom. predicate of erat
ut...ūreretur: that...burned; result
sī quis: if anyone...; quis is indefinite
 before sī, nisi, num, and nē
3 **induisset:** plpf. subj.
ignī: abl. of means, i-stem 3rd decl. noun
hōc factō: abl. abs.
4 **nihil malī:** nothing (of) evil; partitive
5 **mōre:** by custom; 'from the custom'
8 **Glaucē:** nom. subject; Greek 1st decl.
9 **paulō post:** a little later; abl. of degree
 of difference

- crūdēlī: abl. i-stem modifies cruciātū
10 **Hīs...gestīs:** abl. abs.
11 **magnum...fore ...perīculum:** that...
 would be; ~futūrum esse, ind. disc
 governed by arbitrāta (PPP arbitrō)
sībi: reflexive, dat. of interest
sī...manēret: fut. pf. ind. subordinate
 verb made subjunctive in ind. disc.
13 **ut...praebēret:** that...; ind. command
14 **cui:** which...had been joined
15 **ōmittendam (esse):** must not be omitted
17 **Accidit...ut...dormīret:** it happened
 that...; noun result clause
18 **sīve...sīve:** whether by....or by...

81. HOMEWARD BOUND

1

Urbem Trōiam ā Graecīs decem annōs obsessam esse satis cōnstat; dē hōc enim bellō Homērus, maximus poētārum Graecōrum, Iliadem, opus nōtissimum, scripsit. Trōiā tandem per īnsidiās captā, Graecī longō bellō fessī domum redīre mātūrāvērunt. Omnibus 5 rēbus igitur ad profectiōnem parātīs, nāvēs dēdūxērunt, et tempestātem idōneam nactī magnō cum gaudiō solvērunt. Erat inter primōs Graecōrum Ulixēs quīdam, vir summae virtūtis ac prūdentiae, quem dīcunt nōnnullī dolum istum excōgitāsse quō Trōiam captam esse cōnstat. Hic rēgnum īnsulae Ithacae 10 obtinuerat, et paulō antequam cum reliquīs Graecīs ad bellum profectus est, puellam fōrmōsissimam, nōmine Pēnelopēn, in mātrīmōnium dūxerat. Nunc igitur cum iam decem annōs quasi in exsiliō cōnsūmpsisset, magnā cupiditāte patriae et uxōris videndae 15 ārdēbat.

15

82. THE LOTUS-EATERS

Postquam tamen pauca mīlia passuum ā lītore Trōiae prōgressī sunt, tanta tempestās subitō coōrta est ut nūlla nāvium cursum tenēre posset, sed aliae aliās in partēs disicerentur. Nāvis autem, quā ipse Ulixēs vehēbātur, vī tempestātis ad merīdiem dēlāta decimō diē ad lītus Libyaē appulsa est. Ancorīs iactīs, Ulixēs cōnstituit nōnnūllōs ē sociīs in terram expōnere, quī aquam ad nāvem referrent et quālis esset nātūra eius regiōnis cognōscerent. Hī igitur ē nāvī ēgressī imperāta facere parābant. Dum tamen fontem 20 25

- alius, -a, -ud:** other, another, else, 9
ancora, ancorae f.: anchor, 7
antequam: before, 9
appellō, -ere, -puli, -pulsum: drive (to), 14
aqua, -ae f.: water, 11
ārdeō, -ere, ārsi, ārsum: be on fire, burn, 3
bellum, -ī, n.: war, 6
cōnstō, -stāre, -stiti, -stitum: stand firm, stand together; cost; it is agreed, 6
cōnsūmō, -ere, -mpsī, -mptum: take, spend 9
coōrior, coōrīrī, coōrtus sum: arise, 4
cupiditās, -tatis f.: desire, passion, 5
cursus, -ūs m.: course, running, haste, 10
decem: ten, 4
decimus, -a, -um: tenth
dēdūcō, -ere: lead or bring down, launch, 10
dēferō, -ferre, -tuli, -lātum: carry off
disicō, -ere, -iēcti, -iectum: scatter
dolus, -ī m.: trick, deceit, 4
domus, -ūs f.: house, home, dwelling, 11
dūcō, -ere, dūxi, ductum: lead, draw, bring, 5
excōgitō (1): think out, devise, contrive
expōnō, -ere, -suī, -sītum: set out, explain 7
exsilium, -ī n.: exile, 2
fessus, -a, -um: wearied, exhausted, 2
fōns, fontis m.: origin, fount, source, 3
fōrmōsus, -a, -um: shapely, beautiful, 2
gaudium, -ī n.: gladness, joy, 9
Graecus, -a, -um: Greek, 14
Homērus, ī m.: Homer
iaciō, -ere, iēcti, iactum: throw, cast
idōneus, -a, -um: suitable, appropriate, 12
Ilīas, -adis f.: the Iliad, Homer's epic
imperō (1): order, command, 12
īnsidiae, -ārum f.: ambush, 2
- inter:** between, among (+ acc.), 10
iste, ista, istud: that or those (of yours), 7
Ithaca, -ae f.: Ithaca, 3
Libya, -ae f.: Libya, 3
longus, -a, -um: long, 4
mātrimōnium, -īi n.: marriage, 6
mātūrō (1): hasten, ripen, 7
maximus, -a, -um: greatest, 9
merīdiēs, -ēt m.: midday, noon; south, 2
mīlle (pl. mīlia): thousand, 7
nancīscor, -ī, nactus sum: attain, meet, 7
nātūra, -ae. f.: nature, 9
nōmen, nōminis, n.: name, 12
nōnnūllus, -a, -um: not none, some, 3
nōtūs, -a, -um: known, familiar, 3
nunc: now, at present, 4
obsideō, -ere, -sēdi, -sessum: beset, beseech
obtineō, -ere, -ui, -tentum: hold, maintain, 9
opus, -eris n.: work, deed, toil, 9
passus, -ūs: pace, 7
patria, -ae f.: fatherland, country, 8
Pēnelopē, -ēs f.: Penelope
poēta, -ae m.: poet, 4
profectiō, -tiōnis f.: departure, start, 3
prūdentia, -ae f.: prudence
puella, -ae f.: girl, 8
quālis, -e: of what sort?
quasi: as if, 4
satis: enough, sufficient, 6
scribō, -ere, scripsi, scriptum: write, 2
teneō, tenēre, tenuī, tentum: hold, keep 13
Trōia, -ae f.: Troy, 9
uxor, uxōris f.: wife, spouse, 10
vehō, -ere, vexī, vectum: convey, carry, 5
virtūs, -ūtis f.: valor, manhood, excellence, 10

- 1 **Urbem...obsessam esse:** that...; pf. pass. inf., subject of impers. cōnstat
- 2 **decem annōs:** for...; acc. duration **satis cōnstat:** it is sufficiently agreed; impersonal verb.
- 3 **opum:** neuter acc. in apposition to Iliadem **Troiā...captā:** abl. abs.
- 5 **domum:** home; place to which
- 6 **ad...:** for...; expressing purpose
- 7 **nacti:** having attained; PPP nancīscor **solvērunt:** set sail; 'set free the ship'
- 8 **prīmōs:** the leaders; 'the first (men)' **summae virtūtis:** of...; gen. description
- 9 **quem:** whom; acc. subj. of excōgitāsse **excōgitā(vi)sse:** syncopated pf. inf.

- 10 **cōnstat:** it is agreed; impersonal
- 11 **paulō:** little; abl. of degree of difference
- 12 **nōmine:** by name; abl. of respect
- 13 **cum...cōmūpisset:** when...; plpf. subj.
- 14 **patriae..videndae:** for seeing...; use a gerund-gerundive flip: translate this gerundive as a gerund with direct objects; the genitive is an objective gen.
- 18 **mīlia passuum:** for...miles; acc. of extent
- 19 **ut...posset:** that...were able; result
- 20 **vī:** irreg. abl. of means, vīs
- 23 **qui:** who might...; relative of purpose
- 24 **quālis..regiōnis:** what., ind. question
- 24 **imperāta:** orders; 'things ordered,' PPP

quaerunt, quibusdam ex incolīs obviam factī ab eīs hospitiō acceptī sunt. Accidit autem ut māior pars vīctūs eōrum hominum in mīrō quōdam frūctū quem ‘lōtum’ appellābant cōnsisteret. Quam cum Graecī gustāssent, patriae et sociōrum statim oblītī cōnfirmāvērunt sē semper in eā terrā mānsūrōs, ut dulcī illō cibō in perpetuum vēscerentur. 5

83. THE RESCUE

Ulixēs cum ab hōrā septimā ad vesperum exspectāsset, veritus nē sociī suī in perīculō versārentur, nōnnūllōs ē reliquīs mīsit, ut quae causa esset morae cognōscerent. Hī igitur in terram expositī ad vīcum quī nōn longē aberat sē contulērunt; quōd cum vēnissent, sociōs suōs quasi vīnō ēbriōs repperērunt. Tum ubi causam veniendī docuērunt, eīs persuādēre cōnābantur ut sēcum ad nāvem redīrent. Illī tamen resistere ac manū sē dēfendere coepērunt, saepe clāmitantēs sē numquam ex eō locō abitūrōs. Quae cum ita essent, nūntiī rē īfectā ad Ulixem rediērunt. Hīs rēbus cognitīs ipse cum omnibus quī in nāvī relictī erant ad locum vēnit; et sociōs suōs frūstrā hortātus ut suā sponte redīrent, manibus eōrum post terga vīncīs invitōs ad nāvem reportāvit. Tum ancorīs sublātīs quam celerrimē ē portū solvit. 20

84. THE ONE-EYED GIANT

Postquam eā tōtā nocte rēmīs contendērunt, postrīdiē ad terram ignōtam nāvem appulērunt. Tum, quod nātūram eius regiōnis ignōrābat, ipse Ulixēs cum duodecim ē sociīs in terram ēgressus

abeō, -ire, -it, -itum: go away, depart, 6
absum, -esse, āfūt: be away, be absent, 7
accidō, -ere, accidī: happen, fall (on)to, 8
ancora, ancorae f.: anchor, 7
appellō (1): call (by name), name, 12
appellō, -ere, -puli, -pulsum: drive (to), 14
cibus, -ī m.: food, 5
clāmitō (1): call out
cōfirmō (1): make strong, strengthen, 5
cōnor, cōnārī, cōnātus sum: try, attempt, 7
cōsistō, -ere, -stītī, -stītum: stand still
contendō, -ere, -ī, -tum: hasten; fight, 11
dēfendō, -ere, -nsī, dēfensum: defend
doceō, -ere, -uī, -ctum: teach, tell, 9
dulcis, -e: sweet, dear, fresh, 2
ēbrius, -a, -um: drunk, inebriated
expōnō, -ere, -suī, -situm: set out, explain 7
frūctus, -ūs m.: enjoyment, fruit
frūstrā: in vain, for nothing, 13
Graecus, -a, -um: Greek, 14
gustō (1): taste, 2
hōra, -ae f.: hour, 5
hortor, -ārī, -ātus sum: encourage, urge, 4
hospitium, ī n.: hospitality, 5
ignōrō (1): not know, be ignorant, 5
incola, -ae m.: inhabitant, 7
infēctus, -a, -um: not done, 1
invītus, -a, -um: unwilling, 2
longē: far, far and wide, 6
lōtus, -ī f.: lotus
māior, māium: greater, larger; older
maneō, -ēre, mānsī, mansūrum: stay, wait, 9
mīrus, -a, -um: wonderful, amazing, 7

mora, -ae f.: delay, hesitation, hindrance, 14
nātūra, -ae. f.: nature, 9
nōnnūllus, -a, -um: not none, some, 3
nox, noctis, f.: night, 7
numquam: never, at no time, 4
nūntius, -ī m.: messenger, 12
oblītus, -a, -um: forgetful, unmindful
obviam: in the way of, opposite to (+ dat.) 3
patria, -ae f.: fatherland, country, 8
perpetuus, -a, -um: perpetual, everlasting
persuādeō, -ēre, -suāsī, -suāsum: persuade, 9
portus, -ūs m.: harbort, port, 3
postridiē: the day after, the next day, 4
quasi: as if, 4
relinquō, -ere, -līquī, -līctum: leave behind, 9
rēmūs, -ī m.: oar, 4
reperiō, -ire, repperī, repertum: find, 9
reportō (1): carry back, bring back
resistō, -ere, -stītī: resist, oppose; stand, 2
saepe: often
semper: always, ever, forever, 2
septimus, -a, -um: seventh, 2
sponte: of one's own will, voluntarily, 2
tergum, -ī n.: back, 8
tollō, -ere, sustulī, sublātum: raise, lift up 10
undēcimūs, -a, -um: eleventh, 2
vereor, -ērī, -itum: be afraid, fear; revere, 5
vēsor (1): be engaged, move about, live, 3
vēscor, vēscī: feed on, eat (+ abl.) 3
vesper, vesperī m.: evening, 4
vīctus, -ūs m.: nourishment, diet; livelihood
vīcus, -ī m.: village
vīncīō, -ire, vīnxī, vīnctum: bind, tie, 4

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- 1 **quibusdam..obviam factī:** put in the way of
some from the inhabitants; PPP faciō
hospičō: with hospitality; abl. manner
- 2 **accidit:** it happened that; noun result clause
ērūm hominūm: of those men; with pars
in...cōsisteret: depended on; 'consists on'
- 4 **gusta(v)issent:** sycopated plpf. subj.
oblīti: having forgotten; + gen., PPP dep.
- 5 **sē...mānsūrōs (esse):** that...; fut. inf.
ut...vēserentur: might eat; purpose clause
vēscor governs an abl. object
dulcī: ablative sg., i-stem 3rd decl. adj.
- 9 **ad vesperem:** til evening
exspectā(v)isset: plpf. subj., see line 4
veritūm: having feared lest; fearing clause
- 11 **cognōscenter:** he might learn; purpose
quaē...morae: what was...; ind. question
- 12 **longē: far**
sē contulērunt: carried themselves; went
quō: (to) there; 'to where'
- 14 **veniendī:** gen. sg. gerund (-ing)
persuādere: persuade (dat) that..;
governs dat. i.o. and ind. command
- 15 **redīrent:** impf. subj. red-ēō
manū: by hand; i.e. by fighting
clāmitantēs: pres. pple
- 16 **abitūrōs (esse):** fut. inf. abeō in ind. disc.
quea cum...: Since these things were
so; 'as a result,' common in Cicero
- 19 **ut redīrent:** that they return; ind command
suā sponte: by their own will
post: behind
- 20 **ancorīs sublātīs:** abl. abs., PPP tollō
quam celerrīmē: as fast as possible

loca explorare cōstituit. Paulum ā lītore prōgressī ad spēluncam 1
 ingentem pervēnērunt, quam habitārī sēnsērunt; eius enim
 introitum et nātūrā locī et manū mūnītum esse animadvertiserunt.
 Mox, etsī intellegēbant sē nōn sine perīculō id factūrōs, spēluncam 5
 intrāvērunt; quod cum fēcissent, magnam cōpiam lactis in vāsīs
 ingentibus conditam invēnērunt. Dum tamen mīrantur quis in eā
 sēde habitāret, sonitum terribilem audīvērunt, et oculīs ad portam
 tortīs mōnstrum horribile vīdērunt, hūmānā quidem speciē et
 figūrā, sed ingentī magnitūdine corporis. Cum autem 10
 animadvertisserint mōnstrum ūnum oculum tantum habēre in mediā
 fronte positum, intellēxērunt hunc esse ūnum ē Cyclōpibus, dē
 quibus fāmam iam accēperant.

85. THE GIANT'S SUPPER

Cyclōpēs autem pāstōrēs erant quīdam quī īsulam Siciliam et 15
 praecipuē montem Aetnam incolēbant; ibi enim Volcānus, praeses
 fabrōrum et ignis inventor, cuius servī Cyclōpēs erant, officīnam
 suam habēbat.

Graecī igitur simul ac mōnstrum vīdērunt, terrōre paene
 exanimatī in interiōrem partem spēluncae refūgērunt et sē ibi 20
 abdere cōnābantur. Polyphēmus autem (sīc enim Cyclōps
 appellābatur) pecus suum in spēluncam compulit; deinde, cum
 saxō ingentī portam obstrūxisset, ignem in mediā spēluncā fēcit.
 Hōc factō, oculō omnia perlūstrabat, et cum sēnsisset hominēs in 25
 interiōre parte spēluncae esse abditōs, magnā vōce exclāmāvit:
 "Quī hominēs estis? Mercātōrēs an latrōnēs?" Tum Ulixēs
 respondit sē neque mercātōrēs esse neque praedandī causā vēnisse;

abdō, -ere, -didī, -ditum: hide, put away, 3	mīror, -ārī, -ātus sum: be amazed at, 7
Aetna, -ae f.: Aetna	mōns, montis m.: mountain, mount, 5
an: or (in questions)	mūniō, -īre, -īvī, -ītum: fortify, build, 2
animadvertō, -ere: turn mind to, notice, 6	nātūra, -ae f.: nature, 9
appellō (1): call (by name), name, 12	obstruō, -ere, -ūxi, -ūctum: block, close off 4
compellō, -ere, -pulī: drive together, 3	oculus, -ī, m.: eye, 7
condō, -ere, -didi, -ditum: found; hide, 2	officīna, -ae f.: workshop, shop, factory
cōnor, cōnārī, cōnātus sum: try, attempt, 7	paene: almost, nearly, 8
cōpia, -ae f.: abundance, supply; troops, 10	pāstor, pāstoris m.: shepherd, 2
Cyclōps, Cyclōpis m.: Cyclops, 7	pecus, pecoris n.: herd, flock, 4
deinde: then, thereupon, 8	perlūstrō (1): look over, examine, 2
etsī: even if, although, though, 13	porta, -ae f.: gate, 7
exanimō (1): kill, exhaust, 9	praecipūe; especially, 2
exclāmō (1): cry out, 3	praedor, -ārī, -ātus sum: plunder
explōrō (1): search out, explore, 2	praeses, praesidis m.: protector
faber, fabrī m.: smith, engineer, 2	quidem: indeed, in fact, assuredly, certainly, 8
fāma, -ae f.: fame, reputation, report, rumor 7	refugiō, -ere, -fūgi: flee back, 5
figūra, -ae f.: form, shape	reperiō, -īre, repērī, repertum: find, 9
frōns, frontis f.: forehead	respondeō, -ēre, -di, -ōnsum: answer, 13
horribilis, -e: horrible, dreadful, 11	sēdēs, sēdis f.: seat; abode, home, 5
hūmānus, -a, -um: cultured, refined, 4	servus, -ī, m.: slave, 2
ignis, ignis, m.: fire, 9	sic: thus, in this way, 2
incolō, -ere, -ūi: inhabit, 4	Sicilia, -ae f.: Sicily
interior, -ium: interior, 3	simul: at the same time; at once, together, 10
intrō (1): go into, enter, 7	sonitus, -ī m.: sound, noise, clang
introitus, -us m.: entrance, 6	terribilis, -e: terrible, dreadful, 5
inveniō, -īre, -vēnī, -vētum: find, discover 8	terror, terrōris m.: terror, fright, 4
lac, lactis n.: milk	torqueō, -ēre, torsī, tortum: twist, turn
latrō, -ōnis m.: robber	vās, vāsis n. (2nd decl. in pl.): vessel, 5
magnitūdō, -tūdinis f.: size, greatness, 13	Volcānus, -ī m.: Vulcan, 13
medius, -a, -um: middle of, 10	vōx, vōcis, f.: voice, 9
mercātor, -ōris m.: trader, merchant, 3	

- 1 **loca:** neut. pl. loca is the common plural for masc. locus in the nom. and acc.
- 2 **paulum:** a little; adv. acc.
- 3 **progressī:** dep. PPP progredior
- 4 **quam:** which; acc. subj. of habitārī
- 5 **eium:** its; i.e. the cave's
- 6 **introitum..munitum esse:** that...; ind. disc.
- 7 **sē...factūrōs (esse):** would do; fut. inf.
- 8 **quod:** this; 'which' object of fecissent
- 9 **conditam:** stored up; PPP or pf. pass. inf. (add esse) in ind. discourse
- 10 **quis:** wonder who...; ind. quest., impf. subj.
- 11 **oculis...tortīs:** abl. abs., PPP torqueō
- 12 **hūmānā...figūrā:** of...; abl. of quality
- 13 **ingentī magnitūdine:** of...; abl. of quality
- 14 **mōnstum...habēre:** ind. disc.
- 15 **tantum:** only; an adverb
- 16 **positum:** placed; modifies oculum

- 17 **hunc:** that this...; acc. subject
- 18 **dē quibum:** about whom
- 19 **praeſes...inventor:** nom. appositives
- 20 **simul ac:** as soon as; 'the same time as'
- 21 **exanimātī:** having been overcome
- 22 **cum...obstrūxisset:** after...; plpf. subj
- 23 **saxō ingentī:** abl. means, i-stem abl.
- 24 **Hōc factō:** abl. abs.
- 25 **hominēs...esse abditōs:** that...had been hidden; pf. pass. inf. in ind. disc.
- 26 **magnā voce:** with a loud...; abl. manner
- 27 **Qui hominēs:** what (sort of) people; interrogative adj.
- 28 **an:** or
- 29 **neque...neque:** neither...nor
- 30 **sē...esse:** that they were; ind. disc.
- 31 **praedandi:** gen. gerund (-ing) object of the prep. causā, "for the sake of"

sed ā Trōiā redeuntēs vī tempestātum ā rēctō cursū dēpulsōs esse. 1
 Ōrāvit etiam ut sibi sine iniūriā abīre licēret. Tum Polyphēmus
 quaesīvit ubi esset nāvis quā vectī essent; sed Ulixēs, cum sibi
 maximē praecavendum esse bene intellegeret, respondit nāvem
 suam in rūpīs coniectam omnīnō frāctam esse. Polyphēmus autem 5
 nūllō responsō datō duo ē sociōs manū corripuit, et membrīs eōrum
 dīvulsīs carnem dēvorāre coepit.

86. A DESPERATE SITUATION

Dum haec geruntur, Graecōrum animōs tantus terror occupāvit ut 10
 nē vōcem quidem ēdere possent, sed omnī spē salūtis dēpositā
 mortem praeſentem exspectārent. Polyphēmus, postquam famēs
 hāc tam horribilī cēnā dēpulta est, humī prōstrātus somnō sē dedit.
 Quod cum vīdisset Ulixēs, tantam occāsiōnem reī gerendae nōn
 omittendam arbitrātus, pectus mōnstrī gladiō trānsfigere voluit. 15
 Cum tamen nihil temere agendum exīstīmāret, cōnstituit explōrāre,
 antequam hoc faceret, quā ratiōne ex spēluncā ēvādere possent. At
 cum saxum animadvertisset quō introitus obstrūctus erat, nihil sibi
 prōfutūrum intellēxit sī Polyphēmum interfēcisset. Tanta enim erat
 eius saxī magnitūdō ut nē ā decem quidem hominibus āmōvērī 20
 posset. Quae cum ita essent, Ulixēs hōc cōnātū dēstītit et ad sociōs
 rediit; quī cum intellēxisserent quō in locō rēs essent, nūllā spē
 salūtis oblātā dē fortūnīs suīs dēspērāre coepērunt.
 Ille tamen nē animōs dēmitterent vehementer hortātus est.

- abeō, -ire, -it, -itum:** go away, depart, 6
agō, agere, ēgī, āctum: drive, lead, spend, 13
āmoveō, -ere, -mōvī, -mōtum: move away, 5
animadvertō, -ere: turn mind to, notice, 6
antequam: before, 9
arbitror, -ārī, -ātus sum: judge, think, 11
bene: well, 5
carō, carnis f.: flesh, meat, 4
cēna, -ae f.: dinner, 5
cōnor, cōnārī, cōnātus sum: try, attempt, 7
corripiō, -ere, -ūfī, -reptum: snatch (up), 6
cursus, -ūs m.: course, running, haste, 10
decem: ten, 4
dēmittō, -ere, -mīsī, -missum: drop, 3
dēpellō, -ere, -pulī, -pulsum: drive away, drive off, 3
dēpōnō, -ere, -suī, -situdum: put down/aside, 9
dēsistō, -ere, -stīfī, -stitudum: desist, stop, 5
dēspērō (1): despair, give up, 4
dēvorō (1): swallow down, devour, 4
dīvellō, -ere, -velli, -vulsum: tear apart
duo, duae, duo: two, 10
ēdō, -ere, ēdīdī, ēditum: give out, put forth, 3
ēvādō, -ere, ēvāsī, ēvāsum: go out, escape, 9
exīstīmō (1): judge, consider, regard, think, 2
explōrō (1): search out, explore, 2
fāma, -ae f.: fame, reputation, report, rumor 7
fortūna, -ae f.: fortune, chance, luck, 3
frangō, -ere, frēgī, frāctum: break, shatter
gladius, -i m.: sword, 10
horribilis, -e: horrible, dreadful, 11
hortor, -ārī, -ātus sum: encourage, urge, 4
humī: on the ground, 2
iniūria, -ae f.: wrong, insult, injustice, 2
- introitus, -ūs m.:** entrance, 6
licet, -ēre, -uit: is allowed, permitted, 5
magnitūdō, -tūdīnīs f.: size, greatness, 13
maximē: especially, very greatly, 5
membrum, -ī n.: limb, member, 10
mors, mortis, f.: death, 9
nihil: nothing, 14
obstruō, -ere, -ūxī, -ūctum: block, close off 4
occāsiō, -ōnīs f.: chance, opportunity, 6
occupō (1): occupy, seize, 8
offerō, -ferre, obtulī, -lātum: offer, present 5
omittō, -ere, -mīsī, -missum: neglect, omit, 6
omnīnō: altogether, wholly, entirely, 11
ōrō (1): pray (for), entreat, beseech, 5
pectus, pectoris n.: breast, chest, heart, 3
prae caveō, -ere, -cāvī, -cautum: take precautions, guard against, 1:
praesēns, -sentīs: present
prōsternō, -ere, -strāvī, -ātum: lay out, 3
prōsum, prōdesse, prōfūtī: profit, benefit, 6
quidem: indeed, in fact, assuredly, certainly, 8
ratiō, -ōnis f.: plan, method, means, reason, 2
rēctus, -a, -um: direct, straight, 2
respondeō, -ere, -dī, -ōnsum: answer, 13
rūpēs, rūpis f.: rock, cliff, 6
somnus, -i m.: sleep, 14
tam: so, so much, so very, such, 8
temere: rashly
terror, terrōris m.: terror, fright, 4
trānsfigō, -figere, -fixī, -fixum: pierce, 4
Trōia, -ae f.: Troy, 9
vehementer: strongly, violently, ardently, 11
vehō, -ere, vexī, vectum: convey, carry, 5
vōx, vōcis, f.: voice, 9

- 1 **redeuntēs:** pres. pple red-eō
 vi: irregular abl. means, vīs
dēpulsōs esse: pf. pass. inf. dēpellō
 2 **ut...licēret:** that it be allowed; indirect command + dat. of interest
 3 **ubi...nāvis:** ind. question, impf. subj.
quā vectī essent: by which...; relative clause of characteristic, pf. pass. subj.
 4 **prae cavendum esse:** that he had to beware; 'it had to be guarded by him'
 passive periphrastic (gerundive + sum) governs a dat. of agent (sibi)
 5 **coniectam:** PPP coniociō
frāctam esse: fem. nāvem is acc. subj.
 6 **nūllō...datō:** abl. abs., PPP dō
membrīs...dīvulsīs: abl. abs.

- 10 **ut...exspectārent:** that...; result
 11 **nē...quidem:** not even
omnī spē...dēpositā: abl. abs.
 13 **humī:** on the ground; locative
somnō...dedit: gave himself to sleep
 14 **quod:** this; 'which,' d.o. of vīdisset
gerendae: of carrying out this matter
 15 **ōmittendum (esse):** had to be omitted;
 pass. periphrastic in secondary sequence
 16 **nihil...agendum (esse):** that; cf. l. 15
 18 **prōfutūrum (esse):** there would be no benefit to him; adv. acc. or inner acc.
 20 **nē...quidem:** not even by ten men
 21 **hōc cōnātū:** from...; abl. of separation
 24 **nē...dēmitterent:** neg. ind. command
animōs: courage; as often, in the plural

dēmōnstrāvit sē iam anteā ē multīs et magnīs perīculīs ēvāsisse, 1
neque dubium esse quīn in tantō discrīmine dī auxilium lātūrī
essent.

87. A PLAN FOR VENGEANCE

5

Ortā lūce Polyphēmus iam ē somnō excitātus idem quod hesternō
diē fēcit; correptīs enim duōbus ē reliquīs virīs carnem eōrum sine
morā dēvorāvit. Tum, cum saxum āmōvisset, ipse cum pecore suō
ex spēluncā prōgressus est; quod cum Graecī vidērent, magnam in
spem sē post paulum ēvāsūrōs vēnērunt. Mox tamen ab hāc spē
repulsī sunt; nam Polyphēmus, postquam omnēs ovēs exiērunt,
saxum in locum restituit. Reliquī omnī spē salūtis dēpositā lāmentīs
lacrimīsque sē dēdidērunt; Ulixēs vērō, quī, ut suprā
dēmōnstrāvimus, vir magnī fuit cōnsilī, etsī intellegēbat rem in
discrīmine esse, nōndum omnīnō dēspērābat. Tandem, postquam
diū haec tōtō animō cōgitāvit, hoc cōnsilium cēpit. Ē lignīs quae in
spēluncā reposita erant pālum magnum dēlēgit. Hunc summā cum
dīligentiā praeacūtum fēcit; tum, postquam sociīs quid fierī vellet
ostendit, redditum Polyphēmī exspectābat.

10

15

20

88. A GLASS TOO MUCH

Sub vesperum Polyphēmus ad spēluncam rediit, et eōdem modō
quō anteā cēnāvit. Tum Ulixēs ūtrem vīnī prompsit, quem forte (id
quod eī erat salūtī) sēcum attulerat; et postquam magnum pōculum
vīnō complēvit, mōnstrum ad bibendum prōvocāvit. Polyphēmus,
quī numquam anteā vīnum gustāverat, tōtum pōculum statim

25

afferō, -ferre, attulī, allātum: carry to bring 5	lāmenta, -ōrum n.: lamentation
āmoveō, -ēre, -mōvī, -mōtum: move away, 5	lignum, -ī n.: wood, 3
anteā: before, earlier, formerly, previously, 7	lūx, lūcis f.: light, 6
bibō, -ere, bibī: drink, 4	mora, -ae f.: delay, hesitation, hindrance, 14
carō, carnis f.: flesh, meat, 4	nam: for, 6
cēnō (1): dine, eat dinner, 2	nōndum: not yet, 4
cogitō (1): consider, think over	numquam: never, at no time, 4
compleō, -ēre, -ēvī, -plētum: fill full or up	omnīnō: altogether, wholly, entirely, 11
corripiō, -ere, -uī, -reptum: snatch (up), 6	orior, orīrī, ortus sum: arise, spring up, 5
dēdō, -ere, dēdidī: surrender, give up, 2	ostendō (1): show, display, 6
dēligō, -ere, -lēgī, -lectum: choose, select, 6	ovis, ovis f.: sheep, 6
dēmōnstrō (1): show, demonstrate, 13	pālus, -ī m.: stake, 2
dēpōnō, -ere, -suī, -sītum: put down/aside, 9	pecus, pecoris n.: herd, flock, 4
dēspērō (1): despair, give up, 4	pōculum, -ī n.: cup, 7
dēvorō (1): swallow down, devour, 4	praeacūtus, -a, -um: very pointed or sharp
diligentia, -ae f.: diligence, attentiveness, 5	prōmō, -ere, -mpstī, -mptum: bring out
discrīmen, -criminis n.: crisis, peril, 5	prōvocō (1): call forth
diū: a long time, long, 13	que: and, 14
dubius, -a, -um: doubtful, uncertain, 3	quīn: nay (even), (but) that, 12
duo, duae, duo: two, 10	reditus, -ūs m.: return, 5
etsī: even if, although, though, 13	repellō, -ere, repulī, -pulsum: drive back
ēvādō, -ere, ēvāsī, ēvāsum: go out, escape, 9	repōnō, -ere, -posuī, -positum: put back, 2
excitō (1): excite, rouse, incite, 8	resistō, -ere, -stīfī: resist, oppose; stand, 2
exeō, -ire, -iī, -itum: go out, 5	sommus, -ī m.: sleep, 14
ferō, ferre, tulī, lātum: carry, endure, 10	sub: under, 4
fīō, fierī, factus sum: become, be made, 9	suprā: above, before, 6
fors, fortis f.: luck, chance; <i>forte</i> by chance, 2	ūter, ūtris m.: skin, wine-skin
gustō (1): taste, 2	vērō: in truth, in fact, certainly, 5
hesternus, -a, -um: of yesterday	vesper, vesperī m.: evening, 4
lacrima, -ae f.: tear, 10	

- 1 **sē...ēvāsisse:** *that they had escaped*; pf.
 2 **neque...quīn:** *there is not a doubt that...*
 dī: the gods; dēī, nom. pl.
 3 **lātūrī essent:** plpf. pass. subj. ferō
 6 **idem:** *the same thing*; id-dem, acc. d.o.
 hesternō dīē: *on...;* abl. time when
 7 **correptīs...duōbūm:** abl. abs.; duōbus is
 an alternate abl/dat. pl. ending
 9 **progressus est:** pf. dep. progredior
 quod: *this; ‘which’ i.e. the situation*
 10 **sē...ēvāsūrōs (esse):** *(namely) that...;*
 fut. inf. in apposition to spem, ‘hope’
 post paulum: *a little later*; adverbs
 12 **omnī...dēpositā:** abl. abs.
 lamentīs lacrimīsque: *to...;* dat. i.o.
 13 **vērō:** *in truth, truly*; adv., in contrast
 ut: *as...;* common for ut + indicative
 14 **magnī cōnsiliī:** *of...;* gen. description

- 16 **hoc cōnsilium cēpit:** *he adopted this plan*
 18 **fēcīt:** *made (x) (y); double accusative*
 prae-acutum is a pred. accusative
 quid fierī vellet: *what he wished to be*
 done; ind. quest; impf. subj. volō
 22 **sub:** *near*
 rediīt: pf. red-eō
 eō-dēm modō: *in...;* abl. of manner
 23 **quō:** *in which*; abl. of manner
 forte: *by chance*; abl. as adverb
 24 **eī erat salūtī:** *because it served as a*
 refuge for him; ‘because it was for refuge
- for him,’ double dat. (dat. of purpose and
 dat. of interest)
 attulerat: plpf. af-ferō
 25 **ad bibendum:** *for...;* ad + acc. gerund
 expresses purpose

exhausit; quod cum fēcisset, tantam voluptātem percēpit ut iterum 1
 et tertium pōculum rēplērī iusserit. Tum, cum quaesīvisset quō
 nōmine Ulixēs appellārētur, ille respondit sē Nēminem appellārī;
 quod cum audīvisset, Polyphēmus ita locūtus est: "Hanc tibi
 grātiām prō tantō beneficiō referam; tē postrēmum omnium 5
 dēvorābō." Hoc cum dīxisset, cibō vīnōque gravis recubuit et brevī
 tempore somnō oppressus est. Tum Ulixēs sociīs convocātīs,
 "Habēmus," inquit, "quam petīvimus facultātem; nē igitur tantam
 occāsiōnem reī gerendae omittāmus."

10

89. THE BLINDING OF POLYPHEMUS

Hāc ūrātiōne habitā, postquam extrēmum pālum ignī calefēcit,
 oculum Polyphēmī dormientis ferventī lignō perfōdit; quō factō
 omnēs in dīversās spēluncae partēs sē abdidērunt. At ille subitō illō
 dolōre oculī ē somnō excitātus clāmōrem terribilem sustulit, et dum 15
 per spēluncam errat, Ulixem manū prehendere cōnābātur; cum
 tamen iam omnīnō caecus esset, nūllō modō hoc efficere potuit.
 Intereā reliquī Cyclōpēs, clāmōre audītō, undique ad spēluncam
 convēnērunt, et ad introitum adstantēs quid Polyphēmus ageret
 quaesīvērunt, et quam ob causam tantum clāmōrem sustulisset. Ille 20
 respondit sē graviter vulnerātum esse et magnō dolōre adficī. Cum
 tamen posteā quaesīvissent quis eī vim intulisset, respondit ille
 Nēminem id fēcisse; quibus rēbus audītīs ūnus ē Cyclōpibus: "At sī
 nēmō," inquit, "tē vulnerāvit, haud dubium est quīn cōnsiliō
 deōrum, quibus resistere nec possumus nec volumus, hōc suppliciō 25
 adficīarīs." Hoc cum dīxisset, abiērunt Cyclōpēs eum in insāniā
 incidiſſe arbitrātī.

20

25

abdō, -ere, -didī, -ditum: hide, put away, 3
abeō, -ire, -ī, -itum: go away, depart, 6
adstō, -stāre, -stītī: stand at or near
afficiō, -ere, -fēcī, fectum: influence, treat, 13
appellō (1): call (by name), name, 12
arbitror, -ārī, -ātus sum: judge, think, 11
beneficiūm, -ī n.: benefit, favor; kindness, 8
caecus, -a, -um: blind, 2
calefaciō, -ere, -fēcī, -factum: make hot
cibus, -ī m.: food, 5
clāmor, -ōris m.: shout, roar, applause, 4
cōnor, cōnārī, cōnātus sum: try, attempt, 7
cōnveniō, -ire, vēnī, ventum: come together 8
convocō (1): call together, 3
Cyclōps, Cyclōpis m.: Cyclops, 7
dēvorō (1): swallow down, devour, 4
diversus, -a, -um: different, contrary
dormiō, -ire, -īvī: sleep, 8
dubius, -a, -um: doubtful, uncertain, 3
efficiō, -ere, -fēcī, -fectum: make, form, 3
errō (1): wander, 3
excitō (1): excite, rouse, incite, 8
exhauriō, -ire, -ausī, -austum: drink up
extrēmus, -a, -um: outermost, farthest, last, 2
facultās, -tātis f.: ability, opportunity, 5
ferveō, -ere: boil; glow
grātia, -ae f.: gratitude, favor, thanks, 10
haud: by no means, not at all, 4
ignis, ignis, m.: fire, 9
incidō, -ere, -cīdī: fall into, fall upon, 3
īferō, -ferre, -tuli, -lātum: carry on, wage, 3
inquam, inquis, inquit: say, 6
īnsānia, -ae f.: insanity, madness
intereā: meanwhile, 7
introitus, -ūs m.: entrance, 6
iterum: again, a second time, 3
ignum, -ī n.: wood, 3

loquor, loquī, locūtus sum: speak, address, 9
nec: and not, nor, 10
nēmō, nūllius, nēminī, nēminem,
nūllō/nūllā: no one, 6
nōmen, nōminis, n.: name, 12
ob: on account of (*acc.*), 13
occāsiō, -iōnis f.: chance, opportunity, 6
oculus, -ī, m.: eye, 7
omittō, -ere, -mīsī, -missum: neglect, omit, 6
omnīnō: altogether, wholly, entirely, 11
opprimō, -ere, -pressī: overpower, 5
ōrātiō, -iōnis f.: speaking, speech, language, 2
pālus, -ī m.: stake, 2
percipiō, -ere, -cēpī, -ceptum: feel perceive 5
perfodiō, -ere, -fōdī, -fōssum: dig through
petō, petere, petīvī, petītum: seek, aim at, 10
pōculum, -ī n.: cup, 7
posteā: after this, afterwards, 7
postrēmus, -a, -um: last
prehendō, -ere, -hēndī, -hēnsum: seize, 5
prō: before, in front of, for, 9
que: and, 14
quīn: nay (even), (but) that, 12
recumbō, -ere, recubūtī: lie back, lie down, 2
repleō, -ēre, -plēvī, -plētum: fill again, fill, 4
resistō, -ere, -stītī: resist, oppose; stand, 2
respondeō, -ere, -dī, -ōnsum: answer, 13
somnus, -ī m.: sleep, 14
supplicium, -ī n.: punishment, supplication, 5
terribilis, -ē: terrible, dreadful, 5
tertius, -a, -um: third, 2
tollō, -ere, sustulī, sublātum: raise, lift up 10
tū: you, 10
undique: from everywhere, from all sides, 7
volō (1): fly, 3
voluptās, -tātis f.: pleasure, delight, 2
vulnerō (1): wound, injure, 7

- 1 **quod:** *this*; ‘which’ obj. of *fēcisset ut...iussēt*: *that...*; result clause with perfect subj. *iubeō*, translate in pf. tense
- 2 **quō nōmine:** *with...*; abl. means introduces an indirect question
- 3 **Nēminem:** acc. predicate of pass. *appellārī*
- 4 **quod:** *this*; ‘which’ obj. of *appellārī tibi*: dat. ind. object of *referam*
- 5 **referam:** 1s future, *referō*
- 6 **cibō vīnōque:** *with...*; abl. cause with *gravis brevī tempore:* *in...*; abl. time when
- 7 **oppressus est:** *was overcome*
- 8 **sociūs convocātīs:** abl. abs. or dat. i.o.

- 8 **quam:** relative adj., ‘what opportunity,’ or relative pronoun, ‘the opportunity which’
- 9 **ne...ōmittātum:** *let us not...*; neg. jussive
- 9 **gerendae:** *of carrying out...*; gerundive modifies *reī*; use a gerundive-gerund flip
- 12 **hāc...habitā:** *this speech made*; idiom
- 12 **ignī:** abl. of means, 3rd decl. i-stem noun
- 13 **ferventī:** abl., 3rd decl. i-stem adj. (pple)
- 13 **quō factō:** abl. abs. translate *quō* as ‘this’
- 15 **sustulit:** *raised*; pf. *tollō*, see also l. 20
- 19 **adstantēs:** *standing near*; pres. pple
- 24 **haud...quīn:** *it is by means doubtful that*
- 25 **quibum:** *whom*; dat. of compound verb

90. THE ESCAPE

5

10

15

Polyphēmus, ubi sociōs suōs abiisse sēnsit, furōre atque āmentiā impulsus Ulixem iterum quaerere coepit; tandem cum portam invēnisset, saxum quō obstrūcta erat āmovit, ut pecus in agrōs exīret. Tum ipse in introitū cōnsēdit, et ut quaeque ovis ad hunc locum vēnerat, eius tergum manibus tractābat, nē virī inter ovēs exīre possent. Quod cum animadvertisset Ulixēs, intellēxit omnem spem salūtis in dolō magis quam in virtūte pōnī. Itaque hoc cōnsilium iniit. Prīmum trēs quās vīdit pinguisimās ex ovibus dēlēgit, quās cum inter sē vīminibus coniūnxisset, ūnum ex sociīs suīs ventribus eārum ita subiēcit ut omnīnō latēret; deinde ovēs hominem sēcum ferentēs ad portam ēgit. Id accidit quod fore suspicātus erat. Polyphēmus enim postquam terga ovium manibus tractāvit, eās praeterīre passus est. Ulixēs ubi rem tam fēlīciter ēvēnisse vīdit, omnēs sociōs suōs ex ōrdine eōdem modō ēmīsit; quō factō ipse novissimus ēvāsit.

91. OUT OF DANGER

20

Hīs rēbus ita cōnfectīs, Ulixēs veritus nē Polyphēmus fraudem sentīret, cum sociīs quam celerrimē ad lītus contendit; quō cum vēnissent, ab eīs quī nāvī praesidiō relictī erant magnā cum laetitiā exceptī sunt. Hī enim cum anxiīs animīs iam trēs diēs continuōs reditum eōrum exspectāvissent, suspicātī (id quidem quod erat) eōs in aliquod perīculum magnum incidisse, ipsī auxiliandī causā

- abeō, -ire, -ī, -itum:** go away, depart, 6
accidō, -ere, accidī: happen, fall (on)to, 8
ager, -grī m.: land, field, territory, 11
agō, agere, ēgī, āctum: drive, lead, spend, 13
aliquī, -qua, -quod: some, any, definite, 3
āmentia, -ae f.: madness, 2
āmoveō, -ere, -mōvī, -mōtum: move away, 5
animadvertō, -ere: turn mind to, notice, 6
anxius, -a, -um: anxious, 3
auxilior, -ārī, -ātus sum: help
coniungō, -ere, -nxī, -nctum: join together, 2
cōnsidō, -ere, -sēdī, sessum: sit down, settle
contendō, -ere, -ī, -tum: hasten; fight, 11
continuus, -a, -um: continuous, successive, 2
deinde: then, thereupon, 8
dēligō, -ere, -lēgī, -lectum: choose, select, 6
dolus, -ī m.: trick, deceit, 4
ēmittō, -ere, -mīstī, -missum: send out, 2
ēvādō, -ere, ēvāsī, ēvāsum: go out, escape, 9
ēveniō, -ire: turn out, happen, 8
excipiō, ere, cēpī, ceptum: take out, receive 9
exeō, -ire, -ī, -itum: go out, 5
fēlíciter: happily, fortunately, 3
ferō, ferre, tūlī, lātum: carry, endure, 10
fraus, fraudis f.: fraud, deception, 2
furor, -ōris m.: rage, fury, madness, 4
impellō, -ere, pulī, pulsum: drive on, incite, 3
incidō, -ere, -cidī: fall into, fall upon, 3
ineō, -ire, -ī, -itum: go into, enter, 4
inter: between, among (+ acc.), 10
introitus, -ūs m.: entrance, 6
inveniō, -ire, -vēnī, -ventum: find, discover 8
- itaque:** and so, 8
iterum: again, a second time, 3
laetitia, -ae f.: joy, happiness, 3
lateō, -ēre, -ūfī: lie hidden
magis: more, rather
novus, -a, -um: new, 4
obstruō, -ere, -ūxī, -ūctum: block, close off 4
omnīnō: altogether, wholly, entirely, 11
ōrdō, ōrdinis m.: arrangement, order, rank
ovis, ovis f.: sheep, 6
passus, -ūs: pace, 7
pecus, pecoris n.: herd, flock, 4
pinguis, -e: fat
pōnō, -ere, posuī, positum: place, put, 5
porta, -ae f.: gate, 7
praesidium, -ī n.: protection, guard, 3
præterēō, -ire, -īvī, -itum: go pass, pass by
quidem: indeed, in fact, assuredly, certainly, 8
quisque, quidque: each one, each person, 3
reditus, -ūs m.: return, 5
relinquō, -ere, -līquī, -lictum: leave behind, 9
subiciō, -ere, -iēcī, -iectum: cast under
suspicō, -āre, -āvī, -ātum: suspect, mistrust, 7
tam: so, so much, so very, such, 8
tergum, -ī n.: back, 8
tractō (1): handle, touch, 2
trēs, tria: three, 9
venter, ventris m.: belly
vereor, -ērī, -itum: be afraid, fear; revere, 5
vīmen, vīminis n.: willow
virtūs, -ūtis f.: valor, manhood, excellence, 10

- 1 **abiisse:** pf. inf. ab-eō in ind. discourse
 3 **quō:** by which; abl. mean
 4 **obstrūcta erat:** it...; supply porta as subject
 ut...exīret: so that...; purpose, exeō
 5 **ut:** as...; as often, ut + indicative
 quaeque: each; nom. sg. modifies fem. ovis
 6 **nē...possent:** neg. purpose, impf. possum
 7 **quod:** this; 'which'
 8 **magis quam:** more than; magis is an adv.
 pōnī: was placed; pres. pass. inf. pōnō
 9 **iniit:** he initiated; pf. in-eō
 prīmū: first; adverb
 trēs: supply acc. pl. ovēs
 pinguissimās: superlative adj.
 10 **quās cum:** when...these (sheep)
 inter sē: one another
 11 **suīs ventribum:** under...; dat compound
 of verb

- 12 **ferentēs:** pres. pple, ferō
 ēgit: pf. agō
 Id...suspicātus erat: it happened as he
 had suspected that it would be; 'that which
 he had suspected would be happened'; id
 is subject; fore (~futūrum esse) is fut. inf.
 13 **ovīum:** of the sheep; i-stem gen. pl.
 14 **eās:** them; i.e. the sheep
 passus est: allowed; pf. dep. patior
 16 **quō factō:** this done; abs.: 'which done'
 novissimum: last; 'most recent'
 19 **nē:** lest...realize; fearing clause
 20 **quō:** there; "to where"
 nāvī praesidiō: as protection for the ship;
 double dat. (dat. interest + dat purpose)
 23 **id...erat:** (that which indeed was true)
 24 **auxiliandī...:** for the sake of helping

ēgressī parābant. Tum Ulixēs nōn satis tūtum arbitrātus in eō locō 1
 manēre, quam celerrimē proficīscī cōnstituit. Iussit igitur omnēs
 nāvem cōnscendere, et ancorīs sublātīs paulum ā lītore in altum
 prōvectus est. Tum magnā vōce exclāmāvit: "Tū, Polyphēme, quī 5
 iūra hospitī spērnis, iūstam et dēbitam poenam immānitātis tuae
 solvistī." Hāc vōce audītā Polyphēmus īrā vehementer commōtus
 ad mare sē contulit, et ubi nāvem paulum ā lītore remōtam esse
 intellēxit, saxum ingēns manū correptum in eam partem coniēcit
 unde vōcem venīre sēnsit. Graecī autem, etsī nōn multum afuit
 quīn submergerentur, nūllō damnō acceptō cursum tenuērunt. 10

92. THE COUNTRY OF THE WINDS

Pauca mīlia passuum ab eō locō prōgressus Ulixēs ad īnsulam
 Aeoliā nāvem appulit. Haec patria erat ventōrum,

15

"Hīc vastō rēx Aeolus antrō
 luctantēs ventōs tempestātēsque sonōrās
 imperiō premit ac vinclīs et carcere frēnat."

Ibi rēx ipse Graecōs hospitiō excēpit, atque eīs persuāsit ut ad 20
 recuperandās vīrēs paucōs diēs in eā regiōne commorārentur.
 Septimō diē, cum sociī ē labōribus sē recēpissent, Ulixēs, nē annī
 tempore ā nāvigātiōne exclūderētur, sibi sine morā proficīscendum
 statuit. Tum Aeolus, quī sciēbat Ulixem cupidissimum esse patriae
 vidēdae, eī iam profectūrō magnum saccum ē coriō cōflectum 25
 dedit, in quō ventōs omnēs praeter ūnum inclūserat. Zephyrum
 tantum solverat, quod ille ventus ab īnsulā Aeoliā ad Ithacam

- absum, -esse, āfūt:** be away, be absent, 7
Aeolia, -ae f.: Aeolia, 2
Aeolus, -ī m.: Aeolus, 2
altus, -a, -um: high, lofty, tall, 2
ancora, ancorae f.: anchor, 7
antrum, -ī n.: cave
appellō, -ere, -puli, -pulsum: drive (to), 14
arbitror, -ārī, -ātus sum: judge, think, 11
carcer, -eris m.: prison
commoror, -ārī, -ātus sum: delay, linger, 3
cōnscendō, -ere, -ndī, -nsum: climb aboard, 6
corium, -ī n.: hide, leather
corripiō, -ere, -ūi, -reptum: snatch (up), 6
cupidus, -a, -um: desirous, eager
cursus, -ūs m.: course, running, haste, 10
damnum, -ī n.: harm, injury
dēbeō, -ere, -ūi, debitum: owe; ought, 2
etsī: even if, although, though, 13
excipiō, ere, cēpī, ceptum: take out, receive 9
exclāmō (1): cry out, 3
exclūdō, -ere, -ūsī, -ūsum: shut out, hinder, 2
frēnō (1): bridle, restrain
hospītium, ī n.: hospitality, 5
immānitās, -tātis f.: cruelty
imperium, -ī n.: power to command, rule, 2
includō, -ere, -ūsī, -ūsum: close in, shut in, 7
īra, īrae f.: anger, 12
Ithaca, -ae f.: Ithaca, 3
iūs, iūris n.: justice, law, right, 4
iūstus, -a, -um: just
luctor, -ārī, -ātus sum: wrestle, struggle
maneō, -ere, mānsī, mansūrum: stay, wait, 9
mīlē (pl. mīlia): thousand, 7
mora, -ae f.: delay, hesitation, hindrance, 14

nāvigātiō, -ōnis f.: sailing, voyage, 2
passus, -ūs: pace, 7
patria, -ae f.: fatherland, country, 8
persuādeō, -ere, -suāsī, -suāsum: persuade, 9
poena, poenae, f.: punishment, 3
praeter: except, besides, 2
premō, -ere, pressī, pressum: press, check
prōvehō, -ere, -vexī, -vectum: carry forth, 3
que: and, 14
quīn: nay (even), (but) that, 12
recipiō, -ere, -cēpī, -ceptum: accept, take back, 8
recuperō (1): recover
removeō, -ere, -mōvī, -mōtum: remove
saccus, -ī m.: sack, bag, 5
satis: enough, sufficient, 6
sciō, -īre, -īvī (ī), -ītum: know, understand, 9
septimus, -a, -um: seventh, 2
sonōrus, -a, -um: sounding, loud, noisy
spērnō, -ere, sprēvī, sprētum: spurn, reject
statuō, -ere, -ūi, -ūtum: establish, build, 3
submergō, -ere, -mersī, -mersum: sink
teneō, tenēre, tenuī, tentum: hold, keep 13
tollō, -ere, sustulī, sublātum: raise, lift up 10
tū: you, 10
tūtus, -a, -um: safe, secure, 3
tūtus, -a, -um: your, yours, 3
unde: whence, from which source, 6
vāstus, -a, -um: waste, huge, enormous
vehementer: strongly, violently, ardently, 11
ventus, -ī m.: wind, 10
vinculum, -ī n.: bond, chain, 4
vōx, vōcis, f.: voice, 9
Zephyrus, -ī m.: Zephyrus

- 1 ēgredī: pres. dep. complementary inf.
satis tūtum: *that it is safe enough; add esse*
- 2 quam celerrimē: *as fast as possible*
proficīscī: pres. dep. inf.
- 3 ancorīs sublātīs: abl. abs., PPP tollō
paulum: *a little; adverb*
in altum: *the sea; 'into the deep (water)'*
- 4 magnā vōce: *with a loud...; abl. manner*
Polyphēme: vocative, direct. address
- 5 immānitātis tuac: *for...; gen. of crime*
- 6 solvistī: *you have paid*
- 7 sē contulit: *carried himself; pf. conferō*
- 8 correptum: *grabbed; modifies saxum*
- 9 nōn...quīn: *not very far from being drowned; multum is an adv. acc.*
- 13 mīlia passūm: *few miles; acc. extent*

- 16 Hīc vastō...frēnat: prose word order: ‘Hīc in vastō antrō Aeōlus imperiō premit ac vincīs et carcere frēnat luctantēs ventōs et tempestatēs sonōrās’
- 19 imperiō premit: *checks with his power*
vincīs et carcere: *with chains and prison*
- 20 hospitiō: *with hospitality; abl. of manner*
ut...commorārentur: *that...; result*
ad...vīrēs: *for...; employ a gerundive-gerund flip and translate this gerundive (adj). as a gerund with an object*
- 22 sē recēpissent: *had retreated; idiom*
nē...: *so that...might not; neg. purpose*
- 23 proficīscendum (esse): *that he had to set out; pass. periphrastic with dat. agent*
- 25 profectūrō: *the one about to set out*

nāvigatorū est secundus. Ulixēs hoc dōnum libenter accēpit, et 1
grātīs prō tantō beneficiō actīs saccum ad mālum alligāvit. Tum
omnibus rēbus ad profectiōnem paratīs meridiānō ferē tempore ē
portū solvit.

5

93. THE WIND-BAG

Novem diēs secundissimō ventō cursum tenuerunt, iamque in
cōspectum patriae suae vēnerant, cum Ulixēs lassitūdine
cōflectus (ipse enim gubernābat) ad quiētem capiendam recubuit.
At sociī, quī iam dūdum mīrabantur quid in illō saccō inclūsum 10
esset, cum ducem somnō oppressum vidērent, tantam occāsiōnem
nōn omittendam arbitrātī sunt; crēdēbant enim aurum et argentum
ibi esse cēlāta. Itaque spē lucrī adductī saccum sine morā solvērunt,
quō factō ventī

“velut agmine factō,
quā data porta, ruunt et terrās turbine perflant.”

15

Hīc tanta tempestās subitō coōrta est ut illī cursum tenēre nōn
possent sed in eandem partem unde erant profectī referrentur.
Ulixēs ē somnō excitātus quō in locō rēs esset statim intellēxit; 20
saccum solūtum, Ithacam post tergum relictam vīdit. Tum vērō īrā
vehementer exārsit sociōsque obiurgābat quod cupiditāte pecūniae
adductī spem patriae videndae prōiēcissent.

20

94. A DRAWING OF LOTS

25

Brevī spatiō intermissō, Graecī īnsulae cuidam appropinquāvērunt
in quā Circē, filia Sōlis, habitābat. Quō cum nāvem appulisset,
Ulixēs in terram frūmentandī causā ēgrediendum esse statuit; nam
cognōverat frūmentum quod in nāvī habērent iam dēficere. Sociīs

addūcō, -ere, -dūxī, -ctum: lead to, bring, 8
agmen, agminis n.: formation, battle line
agō, agere, ēgī, āctum: drive, lead, spend, 13
alligō (1): bind to, tie to, 2
appellō, -ere, -puli, -pulsum: drive (to), 14
appropinquō (1): come near, approach, 8
arbitror, -ārī, -ātus sum: judge, think, 11
argentum, -ī n.: silver
aurum, -ī n.: gold, 3
beneficium, -ī n.: benefit, favor; kindness, 8
cēlō (1): hide, conceal, 5
cōspectus, -ūs m.: sight, view, 6
coōrior, coōrīrī, coōrtus sum: arise, 4
crēdō, -ere, -didī, -ditum: believe, trust, 2
cupiditās, -tatis f.: desire, passion, 5
cursus, -ūs m.: course, running, haste, 10
dēficiō, -ere, -fēci, -fectum: fail, 3
dōnum, -ī n.: gift, 6
dūdum: + iam, for a while, a long time, 2
dux, ducis m/f.: leader, guide, chieftain, 5
exārdēscō, -ere, -ārsī, -ārsum: catch fire, 2
excitō (1): excite, rouse, incite, 8
ferē: almost, nearly, closely
frūmentor, -ārī, -ātus sum: get grain, forage
frūmentum, -ī n.: grain, 4
grātia, -ae f.: graditude, favor, thanks, 10
gubernō (1): steer, direct
includō, -ere, -ūsī, -ūsum: close in, shut in, 7
intermittō, -ere: interrupt, break off, 5
īra, īrae f.: anger, 12
itaque: and so, 8
Ithaca, -ae f.: Ithaca, 3
lassitudō, -inis f.: weariness, 2
libenter: gladly, willingly, 12
lucrum, -ī n.: gain, profit; money
mālus, -ī m.: mast, pole
meridiānus, -a, -um: midday, of the noon

- 1 **nāvигantī...secundum:** favorable to the one sailing; dative of interest, pres. pple.
- 2 **grātīs...actīs:** abl. abs. PPP agō, “given”
- 3 **omnibus...parātīs:** abl. abs.
ad: for
meridiān...tempore: abl. time when
- 4 **solvit: set sail**
- 7 **Novem diēs:** for...; acc. duration of time
- 9 **confectum: exhausted**
ad...capidendum: take rest; “for taking,” use a gerund-gerundive flip
- 10 **quid: what...;** ind. question plpf. pass.
subjunctive: translate in plpf. pass. tense
- 11 **oppressum: overcome;** PPP opprimō

mīror, -ārī, -ātus sum: be amazed at, 7
mora, -ae f.: delay, hesitation, hindrance, 14
nam: for, 6
nāvigō (1): sail, 5
novem: nine, 3
obiurgō (1): child, scold, reproach, 2
occāsiō, -iōnis f.: chance, opportunity, 6
omittō, -ere, -mīsī, -missum: neglect, omit, 6
opprimō, -ere, -pressī: overpower 5
patria, -ae f.: fatherland, country, 8
pecūnia, -ae f.: money
perflō (1): blow over
porta, -ae f.: gate, 7
portus, -ūs m.: harbort, port, 3
prō: before, in front of, for, 9
profectiō, -tiōnis f.: departure, start, 3
prōiciō, -icere, -iēci, -iectum: throw forth, 4
que: and, 14
quiēs, quiētis f.: rest, repose, sleep, 5
recumbō, -ere, recubui: lie back, lie down, 2
relinquō, -ere, -līquī, -līctum: leave behind, 9
ruō, -ere, ruī: rush, 2
saccus, -ī m.: sack, bag, 5
secundus, -a, -um: following, favorable, 2
sōl, sōlis m.: sun, 10
somnus, -ī m.: sleep, 14
spatium, -ī n.: space, span, extent, 6
statuō, -ere, -uī, -ūtum: establish, build, 3
teneō, tenēre, tenuī, tentum: hold, keep 13
tergum, -ī n.: back, 8
turbō, turbinis m.: whirlwind, 1
unde: whence, from which source, 6
vehementer: strongly, violently, ardently, 11
velut: just as, even as, as
ventus, -ī m.: wind, 10
vērō: in truth, in fact, certainly, 5

- 12 **ōmittendam (esse):** must not be neglected;
passive periphrastic in indirect discourse
- 13 **cēlāta (esse):** two neuter acc. are subject
adductī: drawn; PPP, nom. pl.
- 15 **velut: just as...;** the winds are likened to
troops sacking a city; from *Aeneid* I.82-84
agmine factō: abl. abs.
- 16 **quā data (est) porta:** where...; relative cl.
- 21 **solutūm (et)... loosened and**
- 22 **quod...prōtēcissent:** subj., alleged cause
- 23 **...videndae: of...;** gerundive-gerund flip
- 27 **Quō: there;** “to where”
- 28 **ēgrediendum esse:** (they) had to
disembark; pass. periphrastic

igitur ad sē convocātīs quō in locō rēs esset et quid fierī vellet 1
 ostendit. Cum tamen omnēs memoriā tenērent quam crūdēlī morte
 necātī essent eī quī nūper ē nāvī ēgressī essent, nēmō repertus est
 quī hoc negōtium suscipere vellet. Quae cum ita essent, rēs ad
 contrōversiam dēducta est. Tandem Ulixēs cōnsēnsū omnium 5
 sociōs in duās partēs dīvīsit, quārum alterī Eurylochus, vir summae
 virtūtis, alterī ipse praeesset. Tum hī inter sē sortītī sunt uter in
 terram ēgrederētur. Hōc factō, Eurylochō sorte ēvēnit ut cum
 duōbus et vigintī sociīs rem susciperet.

10

95. THE HOUSE OF THE ENCHANTRESS

Hīs rēbus ita cōnstitūtīs eī quī sortītī erant in interiōrem partem
 īnsulae profectī sunt. Tantus tamen timor animōs eōrum
 occupāverat ut nihil dubitārent quīn mortī obviam īrent. Vix
 quidem poterant eī quī in nāvī relictī erant lacrimās tenēre; 15
 crēdēbant enim sē sociōs suōs numquam post hoc tempus visūrōs.
 Illī autem aliquantum itineris prōgressī ad vīllam quandam
 pervēnērunt summā magnificētiā aedificātam, cuius ad ōstium
 cum adiissent, cantum dulcissimum audīvērunt. Tanta autem fuit
 eius vōcis dulcēdō ut nūllō modō retinērī possent quīn iānuam 20
 pulsārent. Hōc factō ipsa Circē forās exiit, et summā cum
 benignitāte omnēs in hospitium invītāvit. Eurylochus īnsidiās sibi
 comparātī suspicātus forās exspectāre cōnstituit, sed reliquī reī
 novitāte adductī intrāvērunt. Cēnam magnificam omnibus rēbus
 instrūctam invēnērunt et iussū dominae libentissimē accubuērunt. 25

- accumbō, -ere, accubuit:** lie (at dinner), 4
adducō, -ere, -dūxī, -ctum: lead to, bring, 8
adeō, -ire, -i(v)ī: go to, approach, 4
aedificō (1): make a building, build, 2
aliquantum, -i n.: somewhat, a little, 2
alter, -era, -erum: other (of two), second, 7
benignitās, -tatis f.: kindness
cantus, -ūs m.: song, singing
cēna, -ae f.: dinner, 5
comparō (1): prepare, collect, 4
cōnsensus, -ūs m.: agreement, consent
contrōversia, -ae f.: dispute, controversy, 2
convocō (1): call together, 3
crēdō, -ere, -didī, -ditum: believe, trust, 2
crūdēlis, -e: cruel, bitter, bloody, 6
dēducō, -ere: lead or bring down, launch, 10
dividō, -ere, -vīsī, -visum: divide, separate, 3
domina, -ae f.: mistress
dubitō (1): hesitate, doubt, 5
dulcēdō, -inis f.: sweetness
dulcis, -e: sweet, dear, fresh, 2
duo, duae, duo: two, 10
eō, ire, iī (ivī), itūrum: go, 3
Eurylochus, -ī m.: Eurylochus, 6
ēveniō, -ire: turn out, happen, 8
exeō, -ire, -iī, -itum: go out, 5
fiō, fierī, factus sum: become, be made, 9
forās: out of doors
forīs: outdoors, out of doors
hospitium, ī n.: hospitality, 5
iānua, -ae f.: door, 2
īnsidiae, -ārum f.: ambush, 2
instruō, -ere, -ūxī, -ūctum: equip, draw up, 6
inter: between, among (+ acc.), 10
interior, -ium: interior, 3
intrō (1): go into, enter, 7
inveniō, -ire, -vēnī, -ventum: find, discover 8
- invītō (1):** invite
lacrima, -ae f.: tear, 10
libenter: gladly, willingly, 12
magnificentia, ae f.: splendor, magnificence
magnificus, -a, -um: splendid, magnificent, 2
memoria, -ae f.: memory, 4
mors, mortis, f.: death, 9
necō (1): kill, slay, put to death, 9
negōtium, iī n.: task, business, occupation, 13
nēmō, nūllius, nēminī, nēminem,
nūllō/nūllā: no one, 6
nihil: nothing, 14
novitās, -tatis f.: newness, novelty, 3
numquam: never, at no time, 4
nūper: recently, lately, not long ago, 2
obviam: in the way of, opposite to (+ dat.) 3
occupō (1): occupy, seize, 8
ostendō (1): show, display, 6
ōstium, -iī n.: mouth, entrance, 3
praesum, -esse, -fui: be before, preside over 2
pulsō (1): strike against, knock, 3
quīn: nay (even), (but) that, 12
relinquō, -ere, -liquī, -lictum: leave behind, 9
reperiō, -ire, repperī, repertum: find, 9
retineō, -ere, -ui, -tentum: hold/keep back, 3
sors, sortis f.: lot
sortiō, -ire, -ivī, sortitum: choose by lot, 2
suscipiō, -ere, -cēpī, -ceptum: undertake, 14
suspiciō, -āre, -āvī, -ātum: suspect, mistrust, 7
teneō, tenēre, tenuī, tentum: hold, keep 13
uter, utra, utrum: which (of two)?
vīgintī: twenty
villa, -ae f.: country-house, villa, 2
virtūs, -ūtis f.: valor, manhood, excellence, 10
vix: with difficulty, with effort, scarcely, 5
vōx, vōcīs, f.: voice, 9

-
- 1 **convocātīs:** PPP in abl. abs.
quō...esset: in quō locō, ind. question
quid fierī: what she wanted to be done; inf.
 fiō, impf. subj. volō
- 2 **memoriā:** in memory; abl. means
quam...morte: with how cruel a death...
- 3 **eī qui:** those who...; eī subject of necō
- 4 **vellet:** impf. subj. volō (inf. velle)
Quae cum: since these things are so; ‘as a
 result’
- 6 **alterī...alterī:** one...the other; dat. of
 compound impf. praeesset, ‘was over’
- 7 **uter:** which (of the two)...; ind. question
- 8 **Eurylochō:** for Eurylochus; dat. of interest
ēvenīt ut: it turned out that; noun result cl.
- 14 **ut...dubitārent:** that...; result clause
nihil dubitārent quīn: they did not at all
 doubt that; quīn follows “nōn dubitō”
īrent: impf. subj. eō, clause of doubt
- 15 **eī qui:** those who...; nom. subject
tenēre: hold back; i.e. restrain
- 16 **visūrōs (esse):** fut. inf. videō
- 18 **summā magnificētiā:** with..; manner
- 20 **nūllō modō:** in no way; abl. manner
- 23 **reī novitāte:** by the novelty of the affair
- 25 **instrūctam:** equipped with all things

At Circē vīnum quod servī apposuērunt medicāmentō quōdam 1
miscuerat; quod cum Graecī bibissent, gravī somnō subitō oppressī
sunt.

96. THE CHARM

5

Tum Circē, quae artis magicae summam scientiam habēbat, baculō
aureō quod gerēbat capita eōrum tetigit; quō factō omnēs in porcōs
subitō conversī sunt. Intereā Eurylochus ignārus quid in aedibus
agerētur ad ōstium sedēbat; postquam tamen ad sōlis occāsum
anxiō animō et sollicitō exspectāvit, sōlus ad nāvem regredī 10
cōnstituit. Eō cum vēnisset, sollicitūdine ac timōre tam perturbātus
fuit ut quae vīdisset vix dīlūcidē nārrāre posset. Ulixēs autem satis
intellēxit sociōs suōs in perīculō versārī, et gladiō correptō
Eurylochō imperāvit ut sine morā viam ad istam domum
dēmōnstrāret. Ille tamen multīs cum lacrimīs Ulixem complexus 15
obsecrāre coepit nē in tantum perīculum sē committeret; sī quid
gravius eī accidisset, omnium salūtem in summō discrīmine
futūram. Ulixēs autem respondit sē nēminem invītum sēcum
adductūrum; eī licēre, sī māllēt, in nāvī manēre; sē ipsum sine ullō
praesidiō rem susceptūrum. Hoc cum magnā vōce dīxisset, ē nāvī 20
dēsiluit et nullō sequente sōlus in viam sē dedit.

97. THE COUNTERCHARM

Aliquantum itineris prōgressus ad vīllam magnificam pervēnit,
quam cum oculīs perlūstrāsset, statim intrāre statuit; intellēxit enim 25
hanc esse eandem domum dē quā Eurylochus mentiōnem fēcisset.

- accidō, -ere, accidī:** happen, fall (on)to, 8
addūcō, -ere, -dūxī, -ctum: lead to, bring, 8
aedis, -is f.: temple, *pl.* house
aliquantum, -ī n.: somewhat, 2
anxius, -a, -um: anxious, 3
appōnō, -ere, -posūī, -positum: set before, 3
ars, artis f.: skill, craft, art, 5
aureus, -a, -um: golden, 13
baculum, -ī n.: staff, wand, 4
bibō, -ere, bibī: drink, 4
committō, -mittere, -misi: commit, entrust, 6
complector, -plectī, -plexus sum: embrace, 3
convertō, -ere, -ī, -rsum: turn (around), 6
corripiō, -ere, -ūī, -reptum: snatch (up), 6
dēmōnstrō (1): show, demonstrate, 13
dēsiliō, -tre, -silui, -sultum: jump down
dilūcidē: distinctly, plainly
discrimen, -criminis n.: crisis, peril, 5
domus, -ūs f.: house, home, dwelling, 11
Eurylochus, -ī m.: Eurylochus, 6
gladius, -ī m.: sword, 10
ignarūs, -a, -um: ignorant, not knowing
imperō (1): order, command, 12
intereā: meanwhile, 7
intrō (1): go into, enter, 7
invitus, -a, -um: unwilling, 2
iste, ista, istud: that or those (of yours), 7
lacrima, -ae f.: tear, 10
licet, -ere, -uit: is allowed, permitted, 5
magicus, -a, -um: magic, 5
magnificus, -a, -um: splendid, magnificent, 2
malō, malle, maluī: prefer
maneō, -ere, mānsī, mansūrum: stay, wait, 9
medicamentum, -ī n.: drug, potion
mentiō, -tiōnis f.: mention, 2
- misceō, -ēre, -ūī, mixtum:** mix, mingle
mora, -ae f.: delay, hesitation, hindrance, 14
nārrō (1): narrate, relate, 7
obsecrō (1): beseech, implore, entreat, 5
occāsus, -ūs m.: fall, destruction, 4
oculus, -ī, m.: eye, 7
opprimō, -ere, -pressī: overpower 5
ōstium, -ī n.: mouth, entrance, 3
perlūstrō (1): look over, examine, 2
perturbō (1): trouble, greatly disturb, 2
porcus, -ī m.: pig, swine, 5
praesidium, -ī n.: protection, guard, 3
regredior, -gredi, -gressus sum: step back
respondeō, -ere, -di, -ōnsum: answer, 13
satis: enough, sufficient, 6
scientia, -ae f.: knowledge, wisdom, 6
sedeō, -ēre, sēdī, sessum: sit, 6
sequor, -ī, secūtus sum: follow; attend, 4
servus, -ī, m.: slave, 2
sōl, sōlis m.: sun, 10
sollicitūdō, sollicitūdinis f.: anxiety, worry
sollicitus, -a, -um: troubled, anxious
sōlus, -a, -um: alone, only, lone, sole, 6
somnus, -ī m.: sleep, 14
statuō, -ere, -ūī, -ūtum: establish, build, 3
suscipiō, -ere, -cepī, -ceptum: undertake, 14
tam: so, so much, so very, such, 8
tangō, -ere, tetigī, tāctum: touch, 3
ullus, -a, -um: any, 3
versor (1): be engaged, move about, live, 3
via, -ae, f.: way, road, 4
villa, -ae f.: country-house, villa, 2
vix: with difficulty, with effort, scarcely, 5
vōx, vōcis, f.: voice, 9

- 2 **quod:** *this;* ‘which, obj. of bibissent
gravī somnō: abl. means; i-stem adj.
 7 **quō factō:** *this done;* abl. abs.
 8 **quid in aedibus agerētur:** *what was
done in the house;* ind. question governed
by the adjective ignarus
9 **ad ōstium:** *near the entrance*
11 **Eō:** *there;* adverb
tam perturbātum: *so upset;* predicate
12 **ut...posset:** *that...;* result, impf. subj.
quae vīdisset: *(the things) which he
had seen;* relative of characteristic, the
missing antecedent is obj. of narrāre
13 **sociōs...versārī:** *that...;* pres. dep. inf. in
ind. discourse

- évenit: *it turned out that;* noun result cl.
14 **imperāvit:** *ordered (dat) that...;* governs
a dat. and ind. command (ut + subj.)
16 **nē...sē committeret:** *not to entrust
himself...;* ‘that...not,’ ind. command
sī quid: *if anything more serious;* quid is
indefinite before sī; comparative adj.
17 **futūram (esse)...adductūrum (esse):**
susceptūrum (esse): all fut. infinitives
in successive ind. discourse
19 **eī licēre:** *that it is allowed for him*
sī mället: *if he preferred;* impf. subj. mälō
sē...susceptūrum (esse): fut. inf.
21 **nūllō sequente:** *no one...;* abl. abs.

At cum in eō esset ut līmen intrāret, subitō eī obviam stetit 1
adulēscēns fōrmā pulcherrimā aureum baculum gerēns. Hic Ulixem
iam domum intrantem manū corripuit et, “Quō ruis?” inquit.
“Nōnne scīs hanc esse Circēs domum? Hīc inclūsī sunt amīcī tuī ex
hūmānā speciē in porcōs conversī. Num vīs ipse in eandem 5
calamitātem venīre?” Ulixēs simul ac vōcem audīvit, deum
Mercurium agnōvit; nūllīs tamen precibus ab īstitūtō cōsiliō
dēterrērī potuit. Quod cum Mercurius sēnsisset, herbam quandam
eī dedit, quam contrā carmina multum valēre dicēbat. “Hanc cape,”
inquit, “et ubi Circē tē baculō tetigerit, tū strictō gladiō impetum in 10
eam vidē ut faciās.” Mercurius postquam finem loquendī fēcit,

“mortālis vīsūs mediō sermōne relīquit,
et procul in tenuem ex oculīs ēvānuit auram.”

15

98. THE ENCHANTRESS IS FOILED

Brevī intermissō spatiō Ulixēs ad omnia perīcula subeunda parātus
iānuam pulsāvit, et foribus patefactīs ab ipsā Circē benignē
exceptus est. Omnia eōdem modō atque anteā facta sunt. Cēnam
magnificē īstrūctam vīdit et accumbere iussus est. Mox, ubi famēs 20
cibō depulsa est, Circē pōculum aureum vīnō replētum Ulixī dedit.
Ille etsī suspicātus est venēnum sibi parātum esse, pōculum
exhausit; quō factō Circē postquam caput eius baculō tetigit, ea
verba locūta est quibus sociōs eius anteā in porcōs converterat. Rēs

- accumbō, -ere, accubūt̄:** lie (at dinner), 4
adulēscēns, -entis: young (man), youth(ful), 3
agnōscō, -ere, -nōvī, -nōtum: recognize, 4
amīcūs, -ī m.: friend, 6
anteā: before, earlier, formerly, previously, 7
aura, -ae f.: air, breeze
aureus, -a, -um: golden, 13
baculum, -ī n.: staff, wand, 4
benignus, -a, -um: kind, 4
calamitās, -tātis f.: misfortune, calamity
carmen, carminis n.: song, 2
cēna, -ae f.: dinner, 5
cibus, -ī m.: food, 5
contrā: against (+ acc.), 7
convertō, -ere, -ī, -rsum: turn (around), 6
corripiō, -ere, -uī, -reptum: snatch (up), 6
dēpellō, -ere, -pulī, -pulsum: drive away, 3
dēterreō, -ere, -uī, -territum: frighten off
domus, -ūs f.: house, home, dwelling, 11
etsī: even if, although, though, 13
ēvānescō, -ere, ēvanuī: vanish, pass away
excipiō, ere, cépī, ceptum: take out, receive 9
exhauriō, -ire, -ausī, -austum: drink up
famēs, -is f.: hunger, 3
finis, -is m./f.: end, limit, border, boundary, 12
foris, -is f.: door, entrance
fōrma, -ae, f.: beauty, shape, form, 3
gladius, -ī m.: sword, 10
herba, -ae f.: plant, grass, 6
hūmānus, -a, -um: cultured, refined, 4
iānua, -ae f.: door, 2
impetus, -ūs m.: attack, onset, assault, 9
inclūdō, -ere, -ūst̄, -ūsum: close in, shut in, 7
inquam, inquis, inquit: say, 6
īnstituō, -ere, -uī, -ūtum: establish, set
īnstruō, -ere, -ūxī, -ūctum: equip, draw up, 6
intermittō, -ere: interrupt, break off, 5
- intrō (1):** go into, enter, 7
limen, liminis n.: threshold
loquor, loquī, locūtus sum: speak, address, 9
magnificē: magnificently, splendidly
medius, -a, -um: middle of, 10
Mercurius, -ī m.: Mercury, 8
mortālis, -e: mortal
nōnne: introduces a yes/no question
num: question expecting negative answer, 2
obviam: in the way of, opposite to (+ dat.) 3
oculus, -ī, m.: eye, 7
patefaciō, -ere, -fēcī, -factum: lay open, 2
pōculum, -ī n.: cup, 7
porcus, -ī m.: pig, swine, 5
precēs, -um f. pl.: prayer, entreaty, 3
procūl: from afar, from a distance, 5
pulcher, -chra, -chrum: beautiful, pretty, 2
pulsō (1): strike against, knock, 3
relinquō, -ere, -liquī, -lictum: leave behind, 9
repleō, -ere, -plēvī, -plētum: fill again, fill, 4
ruō, -ere, rui: rush, 2
sciō, -īre, -ivī (ii), -itum: know, understand, 9
sermō, sermōnis m.: conversation, talk, 2
simul: at the same time; at once, together, 10
spatiūm, -ī n.: space, span, extent, 6
stō, -āre, steti, stātum: stand, 8
stringō, -ere, strīnxī, strictum: draw out, 3
subeō, -īre, -ii: undergo, go up (to), 5
suspicō, -āre, -āvī, -ātum: suspect, mistrust, 7
tango, -ere, tetigī, tāctum: touch, 3
tenuis, -e: thin
tū: you, 10
tuus, -a, -um: your, yours, 3
valeō, -ēre, -uī: be strong, fare well, be able, 5
venēnum, -ī n.: poison, 7
verbūm, -ī n.: word, speech, 4
vōx, vōcis, f.: voice, 9

- 1 **in eō esset ut:** was in such (a place) that
eī obviam: facing her, in the way of her
2 **fōrma pulcherrimā:** of..; abl. quality;
superlative adj.
3 **Quō:** where?; ‘to where,’ adv.
4 **Circēs:** Grk. gen. sg.
5 **Num vīs:** Surely you do not wish...?; ‘you
do not know...do you?’ Num anticipates a
negative response, 2s pres. volō
6 **simul ac:** as soon as; ‘the same time as’
7 **ab īnstitūtō cōnsiliō:** from his set plans
8 **quod:** this; ‘which,’ obj. of sēnsisset
9 **quam...valēre:**

- carmina:** songs; i.e. Circe’s spells
cape: sg. imperative capiō
10 **ubi...tētigerit:** when...touches; fut. pf.
11 **vidē ut faciās:** see to it that you make
13 **mortālis:** he left the sights of the mortal in
the middle of the his speech and vanished
from his eyes far off into the thin breeze;
Aeneid 4.277-8
17 **Brevī...spatiō:** abl. abs.
ad...subeunda: for undergoing...; subeō,
19 **ēodem...atque:** in the same way as before
23 **quō factō:** this done; abl. abs.
24 **ea verba:** neuter acc. object. of locūta est

tamen omnīnō aliter ēvēnit atque illa spērāverat. Tanta enim vīs 1
 erat eius herbae quam Ulixī Mercurius dederat ut neque venēnum
 neque verba quicquam efficere possent. Ulixēs autem, ut eī
 praeceptum erat, gladiō strictō impetum in eam fēcit et mortem
 minitābātur. Circē cum artem suam nihil valēre sēnsisset, multīs 5
 cum lacrimīs eum obsecrāre coepit nē sibi vītam adimeret.

99. MEN ONCE MORE

Ulixēs autem ubi sēnsit eam timōre perterritam esse, postulāvit ut 10
 sociōs suōs sine morā in hūmānam speciem redūceret (certior enim
 factus erat ā deō Mercuriō eōs in porcōs conversōs esse); nisi id
 factum esset, sē dēbitās poenās sūmptūrum ostendit. Circē hīs
 rēbus graviter commōta eī ad pedēs sē prōiēcit, et multīs cum 15
 lacrimīs iūre iūrandō cōfirmāvit sē quae ille imperāset omnia
 factūram. Tum porcōs in ātrium immittī iussit. Illī datō signō
 irruērunt, et cum ducem suum agnōvissent, magnō dolōre affectī
 sunt quod nūllō modō eum dē rēbus suīs certiōrem facere poterant. 20
 Circē tamen unguentō quōdam corpora eōrum ūnxit; quō factō sunt
 omnēs statim in hūmānam speciem reductī. Magnō cum gaudiō
 Ulixēs suōs amīcōs agnōvit, et nūntium ad lītus mīsit, quī reliquīs
 Graecīs sociōs receptōs esse dīceret. Illī autem hīs rēbus cognitīs
 statim ad domum Circaeām sē contulērunt; quō cum vēnissent,
 ūniversī laetitiae sē dedērunt.

adimō, -ere, -ēmī: take away, deprive
afficiō, -ere, -fēcī, fectum: influence, treat, 13
agnōscō, -ere, -nōvī, -nōtum: recognize, 4
aliter: otherwise, in another way, 3
ars, artis f.: skill, craft, art, 5
certus, -a, -um: fixed, sure, 11
Circaeus, -a, -um: of Circe
cōfirmō (1): make strong, strengthen, 5
convertō, -ere, -ī, -rsum: turn (around), 6
dēbeō, -ere, -ūī, debitum: owe; ought, 2
dēdō, -ere, dēdidī: surrender, give up, 2
domus, -ūs f.: house, home, dwelling, 11
dux, ducis m/f.: leader, guide, chieftain, 5
efficiō, -ere, -fēcī, -fectum: make, form, 3
ēveniō, -re: turn out, happen, 8
gaudium, -ī n.: gladness, joy, 9
gladius, -ī m.: sword, 10
herba, -ae f.: plant, grass, 6
hūmānus, -a, -um: cultured, refined, 4
immittō, -ere, -misi, -missum: send in, 2
imperō (1): order, command, 12
impetus, -ūs m.: attack, onset, assault, 9
inruō, -ere, -ruī: rush in
iūrō (1): swear, 2
iūs, iūris n.: justice, law, right, 4
lacrima, -ae f.: tear, 10
laetitia, -ae f.: joy, happiness, 3
Mercurius, -ī m.: Mercury, 8
mimitor, -ārī, -ātus sum: threaten

mora, -ae f.: delay, hesitation, hindrance, 14
mors, mortis, f.: death, 9
nihil: nothing, 14
nisi: if not, unless, 2
nūntius, -ī m.: messenger, 12
obsecrō (1): beseech, implore, entreat, 5
omnīnō: altogether, wholly, entirely, 11
ostendō (1): show, display, 6
perterreō, -ere: frighten, terrify, 5
pēs, pedis m.: foot, 8
poena, poenae, f.: punishment, 3
porcus, -ī m.: pig, swine, 5
postulō (1): demand, claim, request, ask, 11
praecipiō, -ere, -cēpī, -ceptum: order, take, 6
prōiciō, -icere, -iēcī, -iectum: throw forth, 4
quisquam, quidquam: anyone, anything, 4
recipiō, -ere, -cēpī, -ceptum: take back, 8
redūcō, -ere, -dūxī, -tum: lead/bring back, 11
signum, -ī n.: sign, signal, 2
spērō (1): hope (for), expect, 5
stringō, -ere, strīnxī, strictum: draw out, 3
sūmō, -ere, sūmpsi, sūmptum: take, 3
ung(u)ō, -ere, ūnxi, ūnctum: oil, anoint
unguentum, -ī m.: ointment, 3
ūniversus, -a, -um: entire, whole
valeō, -ere, -ūī: be strong, fare well, be able, 5
venēnum, -ī n.: poison, 7
verbū, -ī n.: word, speech, 4
vīta, -ae, f.: life, 9

- 1 **aliter...atque:** otherwise...than
ēvenit: it turned out; impersonal
- 2 **eius herbae:** of that plant; with vīs
ut...possent: that...; result clause
- 3 **ut praeceptum erat:** as it had been
 instructed; impersonal passive
- 4 **in eam:** against her
- 5 **nihil valēre:** was not at all prevailing;
 ind. disc., artem, ‘craft,’ is acc. subj.
- 6 **nē...adimeret:** that...; ind. command
 sibi: from her; dat. of compound verb
 carmina: songs; i.e. Circe’s spells
- 10 **certior factus erat:** he had been
 informed...that; ‘made more certain’
- 10 **tetigerit:** if Circe touches; fut. pf.
- 11 **factum esset:** if this had not been done;
 plpf. subj.; id is a demonstrative
- 12 **sē...sumptūrum (esse):** would exact;
 fut. inf. in ind. disc., supply ‘esse’
- 13 **eī:** his; dat. of possession

- 14 **iūre iūrandō:** by sworn oath; ‘by an oath
 to be sworn,’ gerundive; abl. of means
sē...factūram (esse): that she...; omnia is
 obj. and antecedent of quae
- 15 **immittī:** pres. pass. inf. immittō
- 16 **magnō..affectī:** afflicted by great pain
- 17 **nūllō modō:** in no way; abl. of manner
eum...certiōrem facere: inform him;
 ‘to make him more certain’
- 18 **quō factō:** this done; abl. abs.
sunt...reductī: pf. pass. redūcō
- 20 **qui...diceret:** who would say...; relative
 clause of purpose
- 21 **reliquīs Graeciīs:** to...; dat. ind. object
sociōs receptōs esse: that the comrades
 had been taken back; pf. pass. inf. recipiō
- 22 **sē contulērunt:** carried themselves; ‘went’
 quō: there; ‘to where’
- 23 **laetitiæ:** joy; dat. ind. obj.

100. AFLOAT AGAIN

1

Postrīdiē eius diēt Ulixēs ex hāc īnsulā quam celerrimē discēdere in animō habēbat. Circē tamen cum haec cognōvisset, ex ūdiō ad amōrem conversa omnibus precibus eum orāre et obtestārī coepit ut paucōs diēs apud sē morārētur; quā rē tandem impetrātā, tanta beneficia in eum contulit ut facile eī persuāsum sit ut diūtius manēret. Postquam tamen tōtum annum apud Circēn cōnsūmpserat, Ulixēs magnō desideriō patriae suae mōtus est. Sociīs igitur ad sē convocātīs quid in animō habēret ostendit. Ubi tamen ad lītus dēscendit, nāvem suam tempestātibus tam afflictam invēnit ut ad nāvigandum paene inūtilis esset. Hāc rē cognitā omnia quae ad nāvēs reficiendās ūsuī essent comparārī iussit, quā in rē tantam dīlignantiam omnēs adhibēbant ut ante tertium diem opus perfēcerint. At Circē ubi omnia ad profectiōnem parāta esse vīdit, rem aegrē ferēbat et Ulixem vehementer obsecrābat ut eō cōsiliō dēsisteret. Ille tamen, nē annī tempore ā nāvigātiōne exclūderētur, mātūrandum sibi exīstimāvit, et tempestātem idōneam nactus nāvem solvit. Multa quidem perīcula Ulixī subeunda erant antequam in patriam suam pervenīret, quae tamen hōc locō longum est perscrībere.

20

adfligō, -ere, -flixi, -flictum: dash, shatter
adhibeō, -ere, -ui, -itum: apply, hold to, 4
aegrē: with difficulty, wearily, 4
amor, -oris m.: love, desire, pasfansion, 3
ante: before, in front of (acc.); adv. before, 5
antequam: before, 9
apud: among, in the presence of (+ acc.), 9
beneficiūm, -ī n.: benefit, favor; kindness, 8
comparō (1): prepare, collect, 4
cōnsūmō, -ere, -mptī, -mptum: take, spend 9
convertō, -ere, -i, -rsum: turn (around), 6
convocō (1): call together, 3
dēscendō, -ere, -ndī, -scēnum: descend, 4
dēsiderium, -ī n.: desire, longing
dēsistō, -ere, -stītī, -stītum: desist, stop, 5
diligentia, -ae f.: diligence, attentiveness, 5
discēdō, -ere, -cessī, -sum: go away, depart, 4
diū: a long time, long, 13
exclūdō, -ere, -ūsī, -ūsum: shut out, hinder, 2
existimō (1): judge, consider, regard, think, 2
facilis, -e: easy
ferō, ferre, tuli, lātum: carry, endure, 10
idōneus, -a, -um: suitable, appropriate, 12
impetrō (1): obtain, gain one's end
inūtilis, -e: not useful, useless
inveniō, -ire, -vēnī, -vēntum: find, discover 8
longus, -a, -um: long, 4

maneō, -ere, mānsī, mansūrum: stay, wait, 9
mātūrō (1): hasten, ripen, 7
moror, -ārī, -ātus sum: delay, linger, 3
nancīscor, -ī, nactus sum: attain, meet, 7
nāvigātiō, -ōnis f.: sailing, voyage, 2
nāvigō (1): sail, 5
obsecrō (1): beseech, implore, entreat, 5
obtestor, -ārī, -ātus: call to witness, implore
odium, -ī n.: hatred
opus, -eris n.: work, deed, toil, 9
ōrō (1): pray (for), entreat, beseech, 5
ostendō (1): show, display, 6
paene: almost, nearly, 8
patria, -ae f.: fatherland, country, 8
perficiō, -ere, -fēcī, -fectum: accomplish, 3
perscribō, -ere, -psī, -scriptum: write fully, 3
persuādeō, -ere, -suāsī, -suāsum: persuade, 9
postridiē: the day after, the next day, 4
precēs, -um f. pl.: prayer, entreaty, 3
profectiō, -tiōnis f.: departure, start, 3
quidem: indeed, in fact, assuredly, certainly, 8
reficiō -ere -fēcī -fectum: make new, repair, 2
subeō, -ire, -ī: undergo, go up (to), 5
tam: so, so much, so very, such, 8
tertius, -a, -um: third, 2
ūsus, ūsus m.: use, employment, 3
vehementer: strongly, violently, ardently, 11

- 1 **postridiē eius diēt:** *the day after that day;* abl. time when; gen.
quam celerrimē: *as fast as possible*
in animō: *had in mind;* i.e. intended
- 2 **haec:** *these (things);* neuter pl. acc. obj.
- 3 **omnibus precibū:** abl. means, with ḍrāre
- 4 **ut...morārētur:** *that he linger...;* ind. command
paucōs dīs: *for...;* acc. of duration of time
- 5 **apud sē:** *at her house*
quā rē impetrātā: *which matter having been attained;* abl. abs. i.e. Circe got what she had requested above
- 6 **contulit:** pf. conferō, Circe is subject
ut...persuāsum sit: *that she persuaded him;* impersonal pf. pass., translate active
ut...manēret: *that...;* ind. command
diūtium: *longer;* comparative adv.
- 7 **apud Circēn:** *at Circe's house*
patriae suae: *for his country;* objective gen. governed by desideriō
- 8 **sociīs convocātīs:** abl. abs. or dat. i.o.
- 9 **Quid...habēret:** ind. question

- 10 **tam afflīctam:** *so dashed;* PPP
ut...esset: *that...;* result, impf. subj. sum
ad nāvigandum: *for...;* ad + acc., here a gerund expresses purpose
- 11 **ad nāvēs reficiendās:** *for...;* employ a gerund-gerundive flip: translate the gerundive (adj) as a gerund with obj.
- 12 **quae...ūsuī essent:** *which were of use;* dat. purpose; omnia is antecedent
- 13 **ut...perfēcerint:** *that...;* result; unusual pf. subj., translate in the pf. tense
- 14 **ad profectiōnem:** *for setting out*
- 15 **fērebāt:** *endured*
ēō cōsiliō: *from this purpose;* separation
- 16 **nē...exclūderētur:** neg. purpose clause
- 17 **mātūrandūm (esse):** *that it had to be hastened by him;* i.e. 'he had to hasten,' passive periphrastic in secondary seq. with dat. of agent
- 18 **subeunda erant:** *had to be undergone;* passive periphrastic with dat. of agent
- 19 **quae:** *which (dangers);* obj. of prescribere
longum est: *it is long;* nom. predicate

	<u>1st Declension</u>		<u>2nd Declension (m.)</u>		<u>2nd Declension (n.)</u>	
Nom.	cōpia	cōpiae	legātus	legātī	proelium	proelia
Gen.	cōpiae	cōpiārum	legātī	legātōrum	proeliī	proeliōrum
Dat.	cōpiae	cōpiīs	legātō	legātīs	proeliō	proeliīs
Acc.	cōpiam	cōpiās	legātum	legātōs	proelium	proelia
Abl.	cōpiā	cōpiīs	legātō	legātīs	proeliō	proeliīs
	<u>3rd Declension (m/f)</u>		<u>3rd Declension (n.)</u>			
Nom.	mīles	mīlitēs			iter	itinera
Gen.	mīlitis	mīlitum			itineris	itinерum
Dat.	mīlitī	mīlibus			itinerī	itinерibus
Acc.	mīlitem	mīlitēs			iter	itinera
Abl.	mīlite	mīlibus			itinere	itinерibus
	<u>4th Declension (m/f)</u>		<u>4th Declension (n.)</u>			
Nom.	manus	manūs			cornū	cornua
Gen.	manūs	manuum			cornūs	cornuum
Dat.	manuī	manibus			cornū	cornuibus
Acc.	manum	manūs			cornū	cornua
Abl.	manū	manibus			cornū	cornuibus
	<u>5th Declension (m/f)</u>					
Nom.	rēs	rēs				
Gen.	rēi	rērum				
Dat.	rēi	rēbus				
Acc.	rem	rēs				
Abl.	rē	rēbus				
	<u>Selected Pronouns</u>					
Nom.	is	he	ea	she	id	it
Gen.	eius	his	eius	her	eius	its
Dat.	eī	to/for him	eī	to/for her	eī	to/for it
Acc.	eum	him	eam	her	id	it
Abl.	eō	with/from him	eā	with/from her	eō	with/from it
Nom.	eī	they	eae	they	ea	they
Gen.	eōrum	their	eārum	their	eōrum	their
Dat.	eīs	to/for them	eīs	to/for them	eīs	to/for them
Acc.	eōs	them	eās	them	ea	them
Abl.	eīs	with/from them	eīs	with/from them	eīs	with/from them
Nom.	quī	que	quod	quī	que	who, which, that
Gen.	cuius	cuius	cuius	quōrum	quārum	whose, of whom/which
Dat.	cūī	cūī	cūī	quibus	quibus	to whom/which
Acc.	quem	quam	quod	quōs	quās	whom, which, that
Abl.	quō	quā	quō	quibus	quibus	by/with/from whom/which

Nom.	ille	illa	illud	<i>that</i>	hic	haec	hoc	<i>this</i>
Gen.	illīus	illīus	illīus	<i>of that</i>	huius	huius	huius	<i>of this</i>
Dat.	illī	illī	illī	<i>to/for that</i>	huic	huic	huic	<i>to/for this</i>
Acc.	illum	illam	illud	<i>that</i>	hunc	hanc	hoc	<i>this</i>
Abl.	illō	illā	illō	<i>with/from that</i>	hōc	hāc	hōc	<i>b/w/f this</i>
Nom.	illī	illae	illa	<i>those</i>	hī	hae	haec	<i>these</i>
Gen.	illōrum	illārum	illōrum	<i>of those</i>	hōrum	hārum	hōrum	<i>of these</i>
Dat.	illīs	illīs	illīs	<i>to those</i>	hīs	hīs	hīs	<i>to these</i>
Acc.	illōs	illās	illa	<i>those</i>	hōs	hās	haec	<i>these</i>
Abl.	illīs	illīs	illīs	<i>with/from those</i>	hīs	hīs	hīs	<i>with/from these</i>

	reflexive pronoun	possessive reflexive adjective					
Nom.	---	suus	sua	suum	suī	suae	sua
Gen.	suī	suī	suae	suī	suōrum	suārum	suōrum
Dat.	sibi	suō	suae	suō	suīs	suīs	suīs
Acc.	sē	suum	suam	suum	suōs	suās	sua
Abl.	sē	suō	suā	suō	suīs	suīs	suīs

Adjectives and Adverbs

Decl.	Positive	Comparative	Superlative
1 st /2 nd	altus, -a, -um <i>high (deep)</i>	altior, altius <i>higher (deeper)</i>	altissimus, -a, -um <i>highest, very high (deepest)</i>
3 rd	fortis, forte <i>brave</i>	fortior, fortius <i>braver, more brave</i>	fortissimus, -a, -um <i>bravest, most brave, very brave</i>
1 st /2 nd	altē <i>deeply</i>	altius <i>more deeply</i>	altissimē <i>very deeply</i>
3 rd	fortiter <i>bravely</i>	fortius <i>more bravely</i>	fortissimē <i>very bravely</i>

Irregular Adjectives and Adverbs

Positive	Comparative	Superlative
bonus, -a, -um <i>good</i>	melior, melius <i>better</i>	optimus, -a, -um <i>best</i>
magnus, -a, -um <i>great</i>	maior, maius <i>greater</i>	maximus, -a, -um <i>greatest</i>
parvus, -a, -um <i>small</i>	minor, minus <i>smaller</i>	minimus, -a, -um <i>smallest</i>
multus, -a, -um <i>much</i>	---, plus <i>more</i>	plurimus, -a, -um <i>most</i>

amō, amāre, amāvī, amātum: to love

	active	translation	passive	translation
Indicative				
Pres.	amō amās amat	amāmus amātis amant	amor amāris amātur	I am loved
Impf.	amābam amābās amābat	amābāmus amābātis amābant	amābar amābāris amābātūr	I was being loved
Fut.	amābō amābis amābit	amābimus amābitis amābunt	amābor amāberis amābitur	I will be loved
Perf.	amāvī amāvistī amāvit	amāvimus amāvistis amāvērunt	amāta sum amāta es amāta est	I have been loved was loved
Plpf.	amāveram amāverās amāverat	amāverāmus amāverātis amāverant	amāta eram amāta erās amāta erat	I had been loved
Fut. Pf	amāverō amāveris amāverit	amāverimus amāveritis amāverint	amāta ero amāta eris amāta erit	I will have been loved
Subjunctive				
Pres.	amem amēs amet	amēmus amētis ament	amer amēris ametur	same as indicative
Impf.	amārem amārēs amāret	amārēmus amārētis amārent	amārer amārēris amāretur	amārēmur amārēminī amārentur
Perf.	amāverim amāverīs amāverit	amāverīmus amāverītis amāverint	amāta sim amāta sīs amāta sit	amātae sīmus amātae sītis amātae sint
Plpf.	amāvissēm amāvissēs amāvissēt	amāvissēmus amāvissētis amāvissent	amāta essem amāta essēs amāta esset	amātae essēmus amātae essētis amātae essent
Imperative				
	amā	amāte	love!	
Participle				
Pres.	amāns (amantis)	loving		
Perf.			amātus, -a, -um	having been loved
Fut.	amātūrus, -a, -um	going to love	amandus, -a, -um	going to be loved
Infinitive				
Pres.	amāre	to love	amārī	to be love
Perf.	amāvisse	to have loved	amātūm esse	to have been loved
Fut.	amātūrum esse	to be going to love		

videō, vidēre, vīdī, visum: to see

	active		translation	passive	translation
Indicative					
Pres.	videō vidēs videt	vidēmus vidētis vident	<i>I see</i>	videor vidēris vidētur	<i>I am seen</i>
Impf.	vidēbam vidēbās vidēbat	vidēbāmus vidēbātis vidēbant	<i>I was seeing</i>	vidēbar vidēbāris vidēbātūr	<i>I was being seen</i>
Fut.	vidēbō vidēbis vidēbit	vidēbimus vidēbitis vidēbunt	<i>I will see</i>	vidēbor vidēberis vidēbūtūr	<i>I will be seen</i>
Perf.	vīdī vīdistī vīdit	vīdimus vīdistis vīderunt	<i>I have seen</i>	vīsa sum vīsa es vīsa est	<i>I have been seen</i> <i>was seen</i>
Plpf.	vīderam vīderās vīderat	vīderāmus vīderātis vīderant	<i>I had seen</i>	vīsa eram vīsa erās vīsa erat	<i>I had been seen</i>
Fut.pf.	vīderō vīderis vīderit	vīderimus vīderitis vīderint	<i>I will have seen</i>	vīsa erō vīsa eris vīsa erit	<i>I will have been seen</i>
Subjunctive					
Pres.	videām videās videat	videāmus videātis videant	same as indicative	videār videārīs videātūr	same as indicative
Impf.	vidērem vidērēs vidēret	vidērēmus vidērētis vidērent		vidērer vidērēris vidērētūr	
Perf.	vīderim vīderīs vīderit	vīderīmus vīderītis vīderint		vīsa sim vīsa sīs vīsa sit	vīsa sīmus vīsa sītis vīsa sint
Plpf.	vīdissem vīdissēs vīdisset	vīdissēmus vīdissētis vīdissent		vīsa essem vīsa essēs vīsa esset	vīsa essēmus vīsa essētis vīsa essent
Imperative					
	vidē	vidēte	<i>see!</i>		
Participle					
Pres.	vidēns (vidētis)		<i>seeing</i>		
Perf.	vīsūrus, -a, -um			vīsus, -a, -um	<i>having been seen</i>
Fut.			<i>going to see</i>	videndus, -a, -um	<i>going to be seen</i>
Infinitive					
Pres.	vidēre		<i>to see</i>	vidērī	<i>to be seen</i>
Perf.	vīdisse		<i>to have seen</i>	vīsum esse	<i>to have been seen</i>
Fut.	vīsūrum esse		<i>to be going to see</i>		

dūcō, dūcere, dūxī, ductum: to lead

	active	translation	passive	translation
Indicative				
Pres.	dūcō	dūcimus <i>I lead</i>	dūcor	dūcimur <i>I am led</i>
	dūcīs	dūcītis	dūceris	dūcīminī
	dūcīt	dūcīunt	dūcītūr	dūcīntūr
Impf.	dūcēbam	dūcēbāmus <i>I was leading</i>	dūcēbar	dūcēbāmūr <i>I was being led</i>
	dūcēbās	dūcēbātis	dūcēbāris	dūcēbāmīnī
	dūcēbāt	dūcēbānt	dūcēbātūr	dūcēbāntūr
Fut.	dūcam	dūcēmus <i>I will lead</i>	dūcar	dūcēmūr <i>I will be led</i>
	dūcēs	dūcētis	dūcēris	dūcēmīnī
	dūcēt	dūcēnt	dūcētūr	dūcēntūr
Perf.	dūxī	dūxīmus <i>I have led</i>	ducta sum	ductae sumus <i>I have been led</i>
	dūxīstī	dūxīstis	ducta es	ductae estis
	dūxīt	dūxīrunt	ducta est	ductae sunt
Plpf.	dūxeram	dūxerāmus <i>I had led</i>	ducta erām	ductae erāmūs <i>I had been led</i>
	dūxerās	dūxerātis	ducta erās	ductae erātis
	dūxerat	dūxerant	ducta erat	ductae erant
Fut. Pf	dūxerō	dūxerīmus <i>I will have led</i>	ducta erō	ductae erīmūs <i>I will have been led</i>
	dūxerīs	dūxerītis	ducta erīs	ductae erītis
	dūxerit	dūxerint	ducta erīt	ductae erūnt
Subjunctive				
Pres.	dūcam	dūcāmus same as dūcās dūcātis indicative	dūcar	dūcāmūr same as dūcāt dūcāminī indicative
	dūcat	dūcant	dūcatur	dūcantūr
Impf.	dūcerem	dūcerēmus	dūcerer	dūcerēmūr
	dūcerēs	dūcerētis	dūcerēris	dūcerēmīnī
	dūceret	dūcerent	dūceretur	dūcerentūr
Perf.	dūxerīm	dūxerīmus	ducta sīm	ductae sīmūs
	dūxerīs	dūxerītis	ducta sīs	ductae sītis
	dūxerit	dūxerint	ducta sīt	ductae sint
Plpf.	dūxissem	dūxissēmus	ducta essem	ductae essēmūs
	dūxissēs	dūxissētis	ducta essēs	ductae essētis
	dūxisset	dūxissent	ducta esset	ductae essent
Imperative				
	dūc	ducite <i>lead!</i>		
Participle				
Pres.	ducēns (dūcentis)	<i>leading</i>		
Perf.			ductus, -a, -um	<i>having been led</i>
Fut.	ductūrus, -a, -um	<i>going to lead</i>	ducendus, -a, -um	<i>going to be led</i>
Infinitive				
Pres.	dūcere	<i>to lead</i>	dūcī	<i>to be lead</i>
Perf.	dūxisse	<i>to have led</i>	ductum esse	<i>to have been led</i>
Fut.	ductūrum esse	<i>to be going to lead</i>		

capiō, capere, cēpī, captum: to take

	active	translation	passive	translation		
Indicative						
Pres.	capiō	capimus capis capit	I take caperis capiunt	capior capiuntur	capimur capiminī capuntur	I am taken
Impf.	capiēbam	capiēbāmus	I was taking	capiēbar	capiēbāmur	I was being taken
	capiēbās	capiēbātis		capiēbāris	capiēbāminī	
	capiēbat	capiēbant		capiēbātur	capiēbāntur	
Fut.	capiam	capiēmus	I will take	capiar	capiēmur	I will be taken
	capiēs	capiētis		capiēris	capiēminī	
	capiet	capient		capietur	capientur	
Perf.	cēpī	cēpimus	I have taken	capta sum	captae sumus	I have been taken
	cēpistī	cēpistis		capta es	captae estis	was taken
	cēpit	cēpērunt		capta est	captae sunt	
Plpf.	cēperam	cēperāmus	I had taken	capta eram	captae erāmus	I had been taken
	cēperās	cēperātis		capta erās	captae erātis	
	cēperat	cēperant		capta erat	captae erant	
Fut. Pf	cēperō	cēperimus	I will have taken	capta erō	captae erimus	I will have been taken
	cēperis	cēperitis		capta eris	captae eritis	
	cēperit	cēperint		capta erit	captae erunt	
Subjunctive						
Pres.	capam	capāmus	same as indicative	capar	capāmur	same as indicative
	capās	capātis		capāris	capāminī	
	capat	capant		capatur	capantur	
Impf.	caperem	caperēmus		caperer	caperēmur	
	caperēs	caperētis		caperēris	caperēminī	
	caperet	caperent		caperetur	caperentur	
Perf.	cēperim	cēperīmus		capta sim	captae sīmus	
	cēperīs	cēperītis		capta sīs	captae sītis	
	cēperit	cēperint		capta sit	captae sint	
Plpf.	cēpissem	cēpissemus		capta essem	captae essēmus	
	cēpissēs	cēpissētis		capta essēs	captae essētis	
	cēpisset	cēpissent		capta esset	captae essent	
Imperative						
	cape	capite	take!			
Participle						
Pres.	capiēns (capiēntis)	taking				
Perf.						
Fut.	captūrus, -a, -um	going to take		captus, -a, -um	having been taken	
				capiēndus, -a, -um	going to be taken	
Infinitive						
Pres.	capere	to take		captī	to be take	
Perf.	cēpisse	to have taken		captum esse	to have been taken	
Fut.	captūrum esse	to be going to take				

audiō, audīre, audīvī, audītūm: to hear

	active	translation	passive	translation
Indicative				
Pres.	audīō audīs audit	audiōmus <i>I hear</i>	audīor audīris audiunt	audiōmur audiōminī audiuntur
Impf.	audiēbam audiēbās audiēbat	audiēbāmus <i>I was hearing</i>	audiēbar audiēbāris audiēbātur	audiēbāmur audiēbāminī audiēbāntur
Fut.	audiām audiēs audiēt	audiēmus <i>I will hear</i>	audiār audiēris audiētūr	audiēmur audiēminī audiēntur
Perf.	audiōvī audiōvistī audiōvīt	audiōvīmus <i>I have heard</i>	audiōta sum audiōta es audiōta est	audiōtae sumus audiōtae estis audiōtae sunt
Plpf.	audiōverām audiōverās audiōverat	audiōverāmus <i>I had heard</i>	audiōta eram audiōta erās audiōta erat	audiōtae erāmus audiōtae erātis audiōtae erant
Fut.pf	audiōverō audiōveris audiōverit	audiōverīmus <i>I will have heard</i>	audiōta erō audiōta eris audiōta erit	audiōtae erimus audiōtae eritis audiōtae erunt
Subjunctive				
Pres.	audiām audiās audiāt	audiāmus same as indicative	audiār audiāris audiātūr	audiāmur audiāminī audiāntur
Impf.	audiōrem audiōrēs audiōrēt	audiōrēmus	audiōrer audiōrēris audiōrētūr	audiōrēmur audiōrēminī audiōrēntur
Perf.	audiōverīm audiōverīs audiōverit	audiōverīmus	audiōta sim audiōta sīs audiōta sit	audiōtae sīmus audiōtae sītis audiōtae sint
Plpf.	audiōvissēm audiōvissēs audiōvissēt	audiōvissēmus	audiōta essem audiōta essēs audiōta esset	audiōtae essēmus audiōtae essētis audiōtae essent
Imperative				
	audi	audiētē	hear!	
Participle				
Pres.	audiēns (audiēntis)	hearing		
Perf.			audiōtūs, -a, -um	having been heard
Fut.	audiōtūrus, -a, -um	going to hear	audiēndūs, -a, -um	going to be heard
Infinitive				
Pres.	audiōre	to hear	audiōrī	to be heard
Perf.	audiōvissē	to have heard	audiōtūm esse	to have been heard
Fut.	audiōtūrum esse	to be going to hear		

sum, esse, fuī, futūrum: to be				possum, posse, potuī, -- : to be able, can			
			translation				translation
Indicative							
Pres.	sum	sumus	<i>I am</i>	possum	possumus	<i>I am able, can</i>	
	es	estis		potes	potestis		
	est	sunt		potest	possunt		
Impf.	eram	erāmus	<i>I was</i>	poteram	poterāmus	<i>I was able, could</i>	
	erās	erātis		poterās	poterātis		
	erat	erant		poterat	poterant		
Fut.	erō	erimus	<i>I will be</i>	poterō	poterimus	<i>I will be able</i>	
	eris	eritis		poteris	poteritis		
	erit	erunt		poterit	poterunt		
Perf.	fuī	fuimus	<i>I have been,</i>	potuī	potuimus	<i>I have been able,</i>	
	fuistī	fuistis	<i>I was</i>	potuistī	potuistis	<i>I was able, could</i>	
	fuit	fuērunt		potuit	potuērunt		
Plpf.	fueram	fuerāmus	<i>I had been</i>	potueram	potuerāmus	<i>I had been able</i>	
	fuerās	fuerātis		potuerās	potuerātis		
	fuerat	fuerant		potuerat	potuerant		
Fut. Pf.	fuerō	fuerimus	<i>I will have been</i>	potuerō	potuerimus	<i>I will have been able</i>	
	fueris	fueritis	<i>been</i>	potueris	potueritis		
	fuerit	fuerint		potuerit	potuerint		
Subjunctive							
Pres.	sim	sīmus	same as	possim	possīmus	same as	
	sīs	sītis	indicative	possīs	possītis		
	sit	sint		possit	possint		
Impf.	essem	essēmus		possem	possēmus		
	essēs	essētis		possēs	possētis		
	esset	essent		posset	possent		
Perf.	fuerim	fuerīmus		potuerim	potuerīmus		
	fuerīs	fuerītis		potuerīs	potuerītis		
	fuerit	fuerint		potuerit	potuerint		
Plpf.	fuissem	fuissēmus		potuissem	potuissēmus		
	fuissēs	fuissētis		potuissēs	potuissētis		
	fuisset	fuissent		potuisset	potuissent		
Imperative							
	xxx			xxx			
Infinitive							
Pres.	esse		<i>to be</i>	posse		<i>to be able</i>	
Perf.	fuisse		<i>to have been</i>	potuisse		<i>to have been heard</i>	
Fut.	futūrum esse*		<i>to be going to be</i>	----			

* *fore* is a common indeclinable alternative for *futūrum esse*.

sequor, sequī, secūtus-a-um sum: to follow

Indicative

Pres.	sequor	sequimur	<i>I follow</i>
	sequeris	sequiminī	
	sequitur	sequuntur	
Impf.	sequēbar	sequēbāmur	<i>I was following</i>
	sequēbāris	sequēbāminī	
	sequēbātur	sequēbantur	
Fut.	sequar	sequēmūr	<i>I will follow</i>
	sequēris	sequēminī	
	sequētur	sequentur	
Perf.	secūta sum	secūtae sumus	<i>I have followed</i>
	secūta es	secūtae estis	
	secūta est	secūtae sunt	
Plpf.	secūta eram	secūtae erāmus	<i>I had followed</i>
	secūta erās	secūtae erātis	
	secūta erat	secūtae erant	
Fut.. pf.	secūta erō	secūtae erimus	<i>I will have followed</i>
	secūta eris	secūtae eritis	
	secūta erit	secūtae erunt	

Subjunctive

Pres.	sequar	sequāmūr	same as indicative
	sequāris	sequāminī	
	sequātur	sequantur	
Impf.	sequerer	sequerēmūr	
	sequerēris	sequerēminī	
	sequerētur	sequerentur	
Perf.	secūta sim	secūtae sīmus	
	secūta sīs	secūtae sītis	
	secūta sit	secūtae sint	
Plpf.	secūta essem	secūtae essēmus	
	secūta essēs	secūtae essētis	
	secūta esset	secūtae essent	

Imperative

sequere	sequitor	<i>follow!</i>
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Participle

Pres.	sequēns (gen. sequentis)	<i>following</i>
Perf.	secūtus, -a, -um	<i>having followed</i>
Fut.	secūtūrus, -a, -um	<i>going to follow</i>

sequendus,-a -um *going to be followed*

Infinitive

Pres.	sequī	<i>to follow</i>
Perf.	secūtum esse	<i>to have followed</i>
Fut.	secūtūrum esse	<i>to be going to follow</i>

Alphabetized Core Vocabulary List (Words 15 or More Times)

This is an alphabetized list of the running core vocabulary found at the beginning of this commentary. To use this book properly, readers should review and memorize the running core vocabulary as they read the stories. If they encounter a word in the text that is not found in the facing vocabulary, it is most likely in the running vocabulary and the list below.

The number of occurrences of each word was tabulated by the author.

- ā, ab, abs:** from, away from; by, 72
- accipiō, -ere, accēpī, acceptum:** receive, get, accept, 26
- ad:** to, toward; near; for, 188
- animus, -ī m.:** mind, spirit; courage, pride, 18
- annus, -ī m.:** year, 18
- Argonautae, -ārum m.:** Argonauts, 18
- at:** but; mind you, 27
- atque:** and; and also, and even, 21
- audiō, -īre, audīvī, auditum:** hear, listen to, 22
- autem:** however, but; moreover, 81
- auxilium, -ī n.:** help, aid, assistance, 19
- bōs, bovis m./f. (dat./abl. bōbus):** cow, ox, bull, 18
- brevis, -e:** short, brief, 15
- capiō, capere, cēpī, captum:** take, capture, seize, 14
- caput, capititis, n.:** head; life, 20
- causa, -ae f.:** reason, cause; case, 31
- Circē, -ēs f.:** Circe, 15
- coepī, coepisse, coeptum:** begin, 16
- cognōscō, -ere, -nōvī, -nitum:** learn, *pf.* know, 22
- cōferō, -ferre, -contulī, collātum:** bring together, gather, 18
- cōnficiō, -ere:** complete finish, accomplish; exhaust, 16
- coniciō, -ere, -iēcī, -iectum:** throw, hurl; throw together, 13
- cōnsilium, -īi n.:** plan, advice; council, assembly, 23
- cōstituō, -ere, -ūi, -ūtum:** decide, establish, resolve, 36
- corpus, corporis, n.:** body, 19
- cum:** with (abl.); when, since, although, 196
- dē:** from, down from; about, concerning, 29
- deus, -ī m.:** god, divinity, deity, 19
- dīcō, -ere, dīxī, dictum:** say, speak, tell, call, name, 17
- diēs, -ēi m./f.:** day, time, 46
- dīmittō, -ere, -mīstī, -missum:** send away, dismiss, 8
- dō, dare, dedī, datum:** give; grant, allow, 42
- dolor, -ōris m.:** pain, grief, 17
- dum:** while, as long as, until, 35
- ē, ex:** from, out from, out of, 108
- ēgredior, -ī, ēgressus sum:** go out, disembark, 18

- enim:** for, indeed, 77
et: and; also, even, 287
etiam: also, even,; besides, 17
Eurystheus, -ī m.: Eurystheus, 23
exspectō (1): wait for, await, look out for, 15
- faciō, -ere, fēcī, factum:** make, do, 89
filia, -iae f.: daughter, 20
flūmen, -inis n.: river, 15
- gerō, -ere, gessī, gestum:** wage; carry on, wear, 18
gravis, -e: heavy, serious, severe, 16
- habeō, -ere, habuī, -itum:** have, hold; consider, 34
habitō (1): inhabit, live, 18
Hērculēs, -is m.: Hercules 121
hic, haec, hoc: this, that, these, 222
homō, -inis m./f.: person, people, human, 21
- iam:** now, already, 29
Iāsōn, -onis m.: Jason, 45
ibi: there, 21
idem, eadem, idem: the same, 15
igitur: therefore, then, accordingly, 71
ille, illa, illud: that, those, 84
in: in (abl.) , into (acc.), 272
ingēns (ingentis): huge, immense, 21
īnsula, -ae f.: island, 20
intellegō, -ere, -lēxī, -lēctum: understand, realize, 24
interficiō, -ere, -fēcī, -fectum: kill, 15
ipse, ipsa, ipsum: -self; the very, 50
is, ea, id: he, she, it; this, that, 230
ita: so, thus, in this way, 25
iter, itineris n.: journey; route, way, 19
iubeō, -ere, iussī, iussum: order, 17
- labor, -ōris m.:** labor, hardship, task, 22
lītus, lītoris n.: shore, beach, 19
locus, -ī m. (pl. lōca): place, region, 51
- māgnōpere:** greatly, 15
magnus, -a, -um: great, large; important, 79
manus, -ūs f.: hand, 16
mare, maris n.: sea, 15
Mēdēa, -ae f.: Medea, 27
mittō, -ere, -mīsī, missum: send, let go, 18
modus, -ī m.: way, manner; *adv.* **modo**, only 38
mōnstrum, -ī n.: monster, 26
mox: soon, 19

- multus, -a, -um:** much, many, 36
- nāvis, -is, f.:** ship, boat, 63
- nē:** so that...not, lest, 22
- neque:** and not; **neque...neque:** neither...nor, 27
- nōn:** not, 40
- nūllus, -a, -um:** no, not any, 24
- omnis, omne:** every, all, 96
- parō (1):** prepare, 21
- pars, partis, f.:** part, share, 23
- paucī, -ae, -a:** few, 22
- paulus, -a, -um:** little, small, 16
- per:** through, over, 23
- perīculum, -ī n.:** danger, risk, 31
- Perseus, -ī m.:** Perseus, 26
- perveniō, -ire, -vēnī, -ventum:** come through, arrive, 19
- Polyphēmus, -ī m.:** Polyphemus, 19
- possum, posse, potuī:** be able, can, 46
- post:** after, behind (acc.); afterward, next, 32
- postquam:** after, when, 58
- prīmus, -a, -um:** first, 16
- proficiscor, -ī, profectus sum:** set out, depart, 19
- prōgredior, -ī, prōgressus sum:** advance, 17
- puer, puerī, m.:** boy, 17
- quaerō, -ere, quaeſīvī, quaesītum:** seek, ask, search for, 21
- quī, quae, quod (quis? quid?):** who, which, that; **quod:** because, 307
- quīdam, quaedam, quoddam:** a certain, 50
- redeō, -ire, redī:** go back, return, 19
- referō, -ferre, rettulī, relātum:** report, bring back, 18
- regiō, -ōnis f.:** region, district, 18
- rēgnūm, -ī n.:** royal power, kingship; kingdom, 19
- reliquus, -a, um:** remaining, left, 15
- rēs, reī, f.:** thing, matter, affair, business, 83
- rēx, rēgis m.:** king; *adj.* ruling, royal, 44
- salūs, -ūtis f.:** safety, security, health, 15
- saxum, -ī n.:** rock, 15
- sē:** himself, herself, itself, themselves, 115
- sed:** but, 31
- sentiō, sentīre, sēnsī, sēnsum:** feel, perceive, 16
- sī:** if, 20
- sine:** without, 19
- socius, -ī m.:** comrade, companion; ally, 33
- solvō, -ere, solvī, solūtum:** loosen, release; set sail, 20
- speciēs, -ērī f.:** sight, look, appearance, aspect, 15

- spēlunca, -ae f.**: cave, 30
statim: immediately, 28
subitō: suddenly, 19
sum, esse, fuī, futūrum: be, 422
summus, -a, -um: highest, greatest, top of, 29
suus, -a, -um: his, her, its, their (own), 84
tamen: nevertheless, however, 99
tandem: finally, at last, 28
tantus, -a, -um: so great, so much, so large, 55
tempestās, -tatis f.: weather; storm, 17
tempus, -poris n.: time, 31
terra, -ae f.: land, earth, ground, 22
timor, -ōris m.: fear, 15
trādō, -dere, -didī, -ditum: give over, hand over or down, 20
tum: then, at that time, 73
ubi: where; when, 56
Ulixēs, -is m.: Ulysses, 43
ūnus, -a, -um: one, 14
urbs, urbīs, f.: city, 19
ut: so that, in order that (subj.); as, just as (ind.), 112
veniō, -īre, vēnī, ventum: come, go, 72
videō, -ēre, vīdī, vīsum: see, 50
vīnum, -ī n.: wine, 16
vir, virī m.: man, male, 23
vīs, (vīs), f.: force, power, violence; *pl.* **vīrēs**, strength, 23
volō, velle, voluī: will, wish, be willing, 22